

MOCK TEST
9 JUL 2024

Batch 51

= SABAHAT JAVID

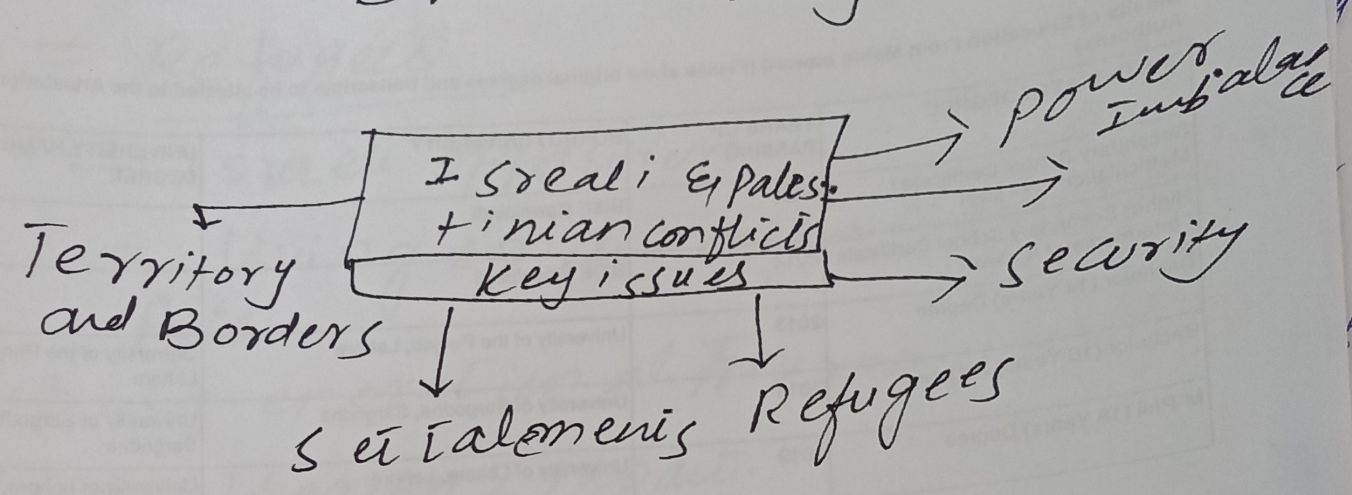
Essay writing

Topic = Israeli - Palestinian conflict

David vs Goliath

~~Is~~

Brainstorming



1 = Introduction

1.1 General Statement

1.2 Thesis Statement

The Israeli - Palestinian conflict is one of the most protracted and contentious disputes in modern history. Comparing it to the biblical story of David and Goliath, where David, the underdog, defeats the giant Goliath, can be a way to highlight perceived imbalance in power and resources.

2 Territory and Borders

2.1 = West Bank

2.2 Gaza Strip

East Jerusalem

3 Statements

3.1 international law perspectives

3.1.2 Israeli perspectives

4 = Refugees

4.1 = Israeli opposition

4.2 = living conditions and UN RWA "Role"

4.3 = Generational Trauma and

Humanitarian Impact.

5 = Security

5.1 = Threats from Military Groups

5.2 = Military Defense

5.3 = Border Security

5.4 = Counterterrorism operations

6 Power Imbalance

6.1 = Israeli Military Superiority

6.2 = Palestinian less sophisticated
military capabilities

6.3 = Economic Disparities

International Support

The Israeli-Palestinian conflict is often framed as a struggle between David and Goliath encompassing complex issues rooted in history, political and human rights. This analogy captures the apparent power imbalance between Israel and the Palestinians highlighting Israeli military and economic might in contrast to the Palestinians struggle for sovereignty and basic rights.

The roots of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict traced back to the early 20th century with rise of Jewish and Arab nationalist movements. The 1947 UN Partition Plan proposed separate Jewish and Arab state accepted by Jews but rejected by Arabs. In 1948 the creation of Israel led to the first Arab-Israeli and the displacement of 750,000 Palestinians known as Nakba. The 1967 Six Day War resulted in Israel capturing the West Bank

Gaza Strip and East Jerusalem of further
complicating the conflict over land
and national identity.

Israeli settlements in West Bank are
considered illegal under international
law though Israel disputes. These settle-
ments disrupt the territorial ^{contiguity} needed
for viable Palestinian state.

Issue of Palestinian refugees and their
right of return in another deeply contentious
aspect of conflict. Approximately 750,000
Palestinians were displaced during the 1948
war and their descendants now in numbers
in millions. Palestinians demand
the right to return to their ancestral homes,
based United Nations Assembly Resolution
194. However, Israel opposes this argument
that allowing million of Palestinian to
return would undermine the Jewish
characteristics of state and pose
a significant security challenges.

Security is a paramount concern of
both Israelis and Palestinians.

Israel faces the threats from milit

groups such as Hamas and HeZbollah
The occupation imposes significant economic hardship, limited access to jobs, education, health care and trade.

The David and Goliath analogy captures the power imbalance between Israel and Palestinians - Israel's military superiority, economic strength and substantial international support, particularly from the United States, contrast sharply with the Palestinians' limited resources and fragmented leadership.

CONCLUSION

The Israeli-Palestinian conflict is a multifaceted and deeply rooted dispute involving history, identity and competing national aspirations.

The power imbalance between Israel and the Palestinians complicates the efforts to achieve a just and lasting peace.

Recommendations

- (a) Two state solution
- (b) One state solution

(c) Comprehensive peace agreement