

Topic: Elections are the only solution to multi-prolonged problems in Pakistan

Essay Outline

1. Introduction

Thesis statement: Elections determine the future of a country by solving many problems but not necessarily in all cases. Historically, in Pakistan elections have negligible effects on growth and development. Hence, elections are not the only solution to the multiprolonged problems in Pakistan.

2. Decoding role of Elections - Electing Political representative

3. Elections are not the only solution to multi-prolonged problems in Pakistan (Thesis)

- Political representatives have been unable to address poverty
- Debt-circular has been on the rise due to elected leaders
- Democracy has been failed to mitigate corruption
- Elections would less likely impacts separatist movements
- Elected leadership would not

It's not about what they have not been able to do. what role does election play in it?

These points do not directly relate to the elections nor how they are not the only solution means you have to pair them with some other options available.

raise ~~soft image~~ ^{why?} of Pakistan

4. Elections are the Only solution to the multi-prolonged problems in Pakistan (Antithesis)

a. Millions of Pakistanis are being catered in their basic needs through Benazir Income Support

Again, these were established in the past, what does that have to do with elections?

b. IMF loans helped developing countries to become regional power

How does that relate to elections?

c. Accountability and transparency have uplift Germany from war-ridden to effective democratic state.

Pakistan is not Germany, the topic is specific to Pakistan

How do these relate to the argument that elections will solve the problems

d. Territorial integrity had been challenged during authoritarian regime in Pakistan (1971)

How is territorial integrity an issue of discussion regarding current elections

e. Under elected Bjp governments in India ~~soft image~~ has increased

No relation to topic

5. Not Elections but Proactive Policies of State are solution to the pro-longed issues in Pakistan

a. Negligible monthly amount makes Pakistanis better not take them out of poverty

b. Foreign loans are not cure but disease to economy in long-term

c. Democracy lacks true essence

These bear no direct relation to elections

in Pakistan

d. East Pakistan has been putted
due to lack of provisions
promised by democracy

e. Soft image of authoritarianism
regimes has also developed
in the world

6. Conclusion:

2024 year will be the game-changer - an Indian media has gambled. This year would undergo elections in key players states of the geopolitical world. USA, India, Russia and many more, but the question is whether these elections would bring any positive change in Pakistan? Although, elections determine the future of a country by solving problems, but not necessarily in all cases. Historically, in Pakistan elections have negligible effects on growth and development. Therefore, elections are not the only solution to the multi-prolonged problems in Pakistan. This can be seen from the history of the country where no political representatives have been able to address socio-economic evils. Nonetheless, many of the social welfare programs have been designed to mitigate poverty and crimes, yet they only played role of adding fifth wheel in the vehicle. Thus, elections are not the only solutions to the multi-prolonged problems in Pakistan due to a weak governance.

First establish that Pakistan is one of these states, and that the elections you are referring to are Pakistani elections

expression and sentence structure

Its not about growth and development, it has more to do with the ongoing problems

Very narrow approach, no overview or breakdown of the topic

Elections play a central role in determining who will rule the country for a specific period of time. Elections are the process of casting vote in favour of any political candidate who the voter wants to be ruled by. In democratic model of governance, people often vote for the person - who ^{expression} ~~promises~~ will bring certain slogans of reforms such as provision of justice and safety and security. Under the process of casting votes, people have right to choose their political representative. Free and fair elections is one of the basic ingredients of democracy. Hence every election is determined by the people who show up (Larry J. Sabato). ^{What is the purpose of reference here?}

When it comes to the question of elections in Pakistan, political representatives, elected by the people have been unable ^{Directly address the topic?} to resolve socio-economic problems ^{Link to the topic?} in the country. Although, the efforts were made by forefathers to make Pakistan a democratic state

which means elections were crucial to be held, yet the country has failed to address poverty like ills. 95 million people in Pakistan lives below the poverty line (World Bank, report, 2023). This shows gloomy picture of Pakistan despite continuous elections of 2008, 2013, 2018 etc. Thus, elections are not the only solution to the ills of destitute in Pakistan.

Discuss why elections have failed. Preferably discuss why current multi pronged issues won't be addressed by elections

What measures should be incorporated with elections to solve this particular issue.

Directly address the topic:

Moreover, elections cannot address the economic crisis and debt burden of Pakistan.

Moreover, Pakistan is the third largest borrower of IMF which shows that external debt has been on the rise despite elected leadership. The external debt has multiplied since the democratic charter signed in 2008 between PPP and PML N - two biggest political parties in the country. In 2006 External Debt was 9.25% which rose raised to 17.78% in 2008 (www.macrotrends.pk). This can be ascertained from ongoing deal signed in 2018 with IMF during elected government of PTI aimed at \$6 billion to maintain current account deficit. Hence, Elected representatives resulted from election are not the only solution

Why?
How?

Irrelevant

DATE: ___/___/___

to economic stagnation in Pakistan.

Besides, constitutionally Pakistan is a democratic state, however, democratic governance has been failed to mitigate corruption. The poison of corruption has been persistent in the country from the top leadership to the clerical level posts corrupt practices of nepotism, and *Ribha* have been common. This shows that despite pre-requisite of transparency democracy in Pakistan has not reaped its fruits. For instance, Pakistan ranks 140 out of 180 countries (Transparency International, CPI, 2023). This indicates that elections or elected governments are not the only solution to multi-prolonged issue of maladministration in the country.

Furthermore, elections do not impacts separatists ^{ethnic issues} movements in Pakistan. Social unity has been on risk in the country due to unequal treatment of all provinces by elected rulers. Since the formation of provinces in 1970 Baluchistan has been deprived of its due

Paragraph

How? Why?

What more is required
Also your tone does not
match the topic.
The topic is indefinite,
while you are writing in
perfect.

rights. This can be seen from ^{Why} December-March of Balochs towards Islamabad 2023. These movements show weak fabric of society which has not been addressed by elected representatives. Thus, elections are not the only solution to the prolonged issue of separatism in Pakistan.

Last but not the least, elections could ^{can} not serve the purpose of foreign policy aims at raising soft image of Pakistan. The reason behind it is rigged elections in the country. International watchdogs ^{Name the international watchdogs} have already announced that upcoming elections would ^{sentence structure} must be fair in Pakistan otherwise the results are unacceptable. In this state of affairs where certain parties are denied to participate, ^{No validation} changes of soft image are negligible. This shows that elections are not the only solution to the persistent negative image of Pakistan on international arena.

In contrast, some geopolitical analyst argue that elections are the only solution to the socio-economic ills in Pakistan. In Pakistan, to them, millions of people are being starved in their basic needs by the programs designed by elected representatives. The second largest political party - PPP's slogan Roti-Kapra-Makaan (Food, cloth, and shelter). Resultantly, under Benazir Income Support program people are given monthly amounts of 12000. This shows that electeds are thriving to mitigate poverty in Pakistan.

That does not mean that the election can solve all problems. It was one case of state/ representatives taking an initiative for public while Pakistan has had numerous public representatives elected

There is no argument in the paragraph. You do not discuss why or why not will elections work.

Wrong use of word

Moreover, international loans help states to grow economically. In the time of need IMF is the only door to knock out to resolve economic issues. Their loans inject much liquidity in the exchequer of the country's growth. For example, in 1980s, India went Structural Adjustment program of IMF which assisted technically India. As a result of it, today India is the 5th largest economy in

the world. Thus, ~~elections~~ ~~only~~ ~~are~~ ~~eligible~~ ~~paths~~ ~~the~~ ~~way~~ ~~for~~ ~~India~~ ~~to~~ ~~grow~~ ~~and~~ ~~become~~ ~~second~~ ~~regional~~ ~~power~~.

Furthermore, accountability and transparency are two pre-requisite ~~of~~ ~~elected~~ ~~leadership~~ ~~or~~ ~~elections~~. They help to transform country tremendously socio-economically. In democratic states institutions of accountability if strong uplift them miraculously. For instance, strong accountability of German Chancellor enable them to work for the state prosperity. This has transformed the country from war-ridden state to socio-economically stable. It has become possible through elections. Hence, elections are the only solution to the problems of any state.

Besides, in Pakistan territorial integrity has been challenged during unelected government in 1971. The reason behind separation of East Pakistan was pro-longed military rule and absence of elected-representative. This caused independence of

One, the topic is limited to Pakistan
Two, What does it matter what kind of government it is as long as You are getting money from outside
three, Pakistan has been to IMF 23 times, has had multiple elected government, why does it still face economic instability?

socio-economic factors are already discussed

Reference?
That is a big claim to make

Eastern wing of Pakistan. Therefore, it can be said that elections are the only solution to protect territorial integrity of Pakistan against more separatist movements. No relation to elections

Last but not the least many of developing countries have been able to raise their soft image under elected representations. Elected leaders send good gesture to other countries, because political calm is pre-requisite to invite FDI etc. For example, India recently attracted many foreign delegation towards the beauty of Srinagar by hosting G20 summit there. This has contributed positively in the soft image of that India which shows election are the only solution to prolonged issues in Pakistan.

On the other hand, despite having arranged elections in last two decades, Pakistani scenario portrays negative image which shows elections are

not the only solutions to the multi-protonged issues in the country. The amount of money given under BBSX makes Pakistani masses dependent on governmental wazifa. This does not take them out of poverty but rather makes them better. In spite of elected leaders' programs, the problem of poverty persist in Pakistan. This shows that elections are not the only solution to ~~miti~~ eradicate poverty in Pakistan.

Moreover, foreign loans are not cure to the economic issues but disease in long term. The neo-liberal policies of IMF lacks wider plans such as reducing income inequalities and poverty reduction (Stalzed Theory of Economy). Although Pakistan went ~~2nd~~ **times** at the IMF clock, however, the current account deficit persists which made currency devalued 40% since 2020. This indicates

that IMF loans are not helpful in long-term. Hence, the relationship between elected leadership and IMF loans closely linked together however, does not help in addressing multi-prolonged issue of rising rising debt in Pakistan.

Besides, democracy in Pakistan lacks true essence. The country has poor law and order, judicial system is weak, and elections are often manipulated by feudal lords. For instance, the institution of accountability is not robust in Pakistan like that of Germany. Despite constitutional provision of Article 19, citizens do not have access to information in Pakistan. This shows that elections are not the only solution to strengthening democracy in Pakistan.

Likewise, East Pakistan had been parted from Pakistan

due to lack of basic provision to the Bengali population. Although democracy demands equal and fair treatment of people by promoting slogan of - government of the people, however, deprivation felt by East Pakistanis resulted in partition. This shows that not authoritarian government, but lack of basic provisions resulted in separatism. Hence, elections are not the only solution to the issues faced by Pakistan.

Last but not the least, soft image of a country depends on the visionary leadership not elected leadership. A leader with vision and charisma is able to formulate effective policies which leads to rising soft image of a country. For instance, China is an authoritarian state, the leader is not elected, yet it has been successfully raised its soft image in the world. This shows that elections are not the only solution

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to the negative image of Pakistan on global level.

To encapsulate this essay, it would be pertinent to state that not elections but effective leadership—selected or elected is the solution to the multi-pronged issues in Pakistan. History witnessed many elections in Pakistan, however, the country is being faced with multi ^{socio-economic} issues ranging from poverty to corruption. Although, many measures have been taken by elected governments to address these issues, but they all lack vision and resulted in negative image of the country. Therefore, it can be concluded that elections are not the only solution to the multi-pronged issues in Pakistan.

The stance would be that elections are not the only solution to multi-pronged problems of Pakistan. As there are diverse problems they require a multi-faceted approach.

sentence structure

	Category	Total marks	Obtained marks
Content	Qualitative analysis	10	0
	Quantitative analysis	10	0
	Validity & Reliability	10	0
	Relevance	10	0
Language	Sentence structure	5	1
	Vocabulary	5	1
	Clarity	5	1
	Command of language	5	1
	Expression	5	1
Structure	Outline	5	1
	Introduction	5	1
	Body paragraphs	5	1
	Conclusion	5	0
Coherence	Cohesion	5	1
	Coherence	10	0
Total			9