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Question no 3

- 1- Awey (d) ✓
- 2- Brille (d) ✗
- 3- Castigate (c) ✗
- 4- Decepit (b) ✗
- 5- Composure (d) ✓
- 6- Deify (d) ✓
- 7- Concurrence (a) ✓
- 8- Accomplice (b) ✓
- 9- Wanton (d) ✗
10. Vicissitude (c) ✓

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Question no 2

Question 1:

ANSWER: Sportsmanship can be conceptualized in the passage as an enduring and relatively stable characteristics or disposition such that individuals differ in the way they are generally expected to behave in sports situation. It encompasses the virtues such as fairness, self-control, courage, and persistence.

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Question no 2:

ANSWER:

The four elements of sportsmanship mentioned in the passage are "Often shown being good form", the will to win, equity and fairness. A balance between all of them must be found because these elements may also cause conflict, as a person may desire to win more than play in equity and fairness and thus resulting in a clash within the aspects of sportsmanship.

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Question no 3:

ANSWER:

A person may desire to win more than play in equity and fairness by the act of cheating or breaking the rules to gain an unfair advantage.

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Question no 4:

ANSWER:

"Sore loser" behaviours include blaming others for the loss, not accepting responsibility for personal actions that contributed to the defeat, reacting

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the loss in an immature or improper fashion, making excuses for the defeat and citing unfavourable conditions or other petty issues as reasons for the defeat. On the other hand "bad winner" acts in a shallow fashion after his or her victory, such as by gloating about his or her win, rubbing the win in the faces of the opponents and lowering the opponent's self esteem. These behaviours impact the perception of sportsmanship by considering a bad sportsman and could lead to demoralizing effect.

Question no 1

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Drawbacks of Media

Media plays an important role in informing society and also in creation of a mass public. One key factor is the spread of misinformation that leads to difficulty in right and wrong information. The media's role in enclosing issues can shape it oversimplify matters in public opinion that leads to confusion. One aspect is the information overload. This aspect leads to reduction in

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critical thinking. Another one is its role in shaping societal norms which create conflicting messages. In some cases media may emphasize quarlesome content for viewership can lead to a scattered society. This is when media operate without oversight and prefer personal interests over societal well-being and this can lead to a societal chaos.

Words in passage approx = 334

Words in precis = 114 words