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## Section I

### Question 3

#### SOCIAL LEARNING THEORY

Social learning theory suggests that individuals learn behaviour by observing and imitating those around them.

This theory was given by Albert Bandura

#### The Bobo Doll experiment

Social learning theory is the result of the 'Bobo Doll experiment'.

Psychologist Albert Bandura showed children, adults that were violently thrashing a bobo doll. This was a controlled experiment.

After watching the adults, the children were then taken to a room with a bobo doll.

They would then imitate the behaviour of adults and similarly aggressive towards the Bobo doll.

good

#### Process of Social Learning

Albert Bandura suggested that learning occurs in four steps:

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1. Attention ✓
2. Retention ✓
3. Reproduction ✓
4. Motivation.

### attention :

observing and paying attention to the behavior and act of those around them. ✓

### retention :

Ability of storing the memory of this act in the mind. Playing it over and over again in their thoughts as well as being able to retrieve it when needed. ✓

### reproduction :

Once given the opportunity, the action is then reproduced and imitated. Behaviour that is learnt is performed. ✓

### motivation :

After the behaviour is performed. The learning of such behavior is deemed successful and permanent depending on the consequences of the action. Reinforcement and Punishment play an important role in this regard.

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of the behavior is reinforced, it is repeated and learned. However, if the consequence of behavior is punishment, the action is withdrawn.

### Social learning theory and Crime

Social learning theory explains that criminal behavior is learnt by observing crime and criminals. Association and exposure to criminals is how criminal behavior is acquired. Reinforcement and punishment are an important aspect in this regard.

Bandura's four steps of learning describe how criminal behavior is acquired by exposure to criminals.

#### → observation and attention

Individuals that associate with criminals, pay attention to their behavior. They witness criminal acts and also communicate about them. They learn from the consequences of actions.

#### → retention of criminal behaviour

When an individual is constantly associating with criminals, their behavior and actions are retained.

### → Imitation of crime

Once crime is observed, individuals are inclined to imitate and reproduce the behavior.

### → reinforcement and punishment

If the criminal behavior is reinforced by financial gain, respect, status and no consequences, individuals are more likely to repeat and act criminally. However, when criminal behavior is punished and has consequences, individuals are deterred from repeating the action.

### Criminals as Role Models

Individuals acquire criminal behavior when they look up to the criminal. Especially when they are of high status and influential. This motivates the individual to be just like them.

### Social Learning Theory in the Rehabilitation of Juvenile Delinquents

Juvenile delinquents are minors who act in criminal behavior.

Juvenile Delinquents are treated with for more compassion as to

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break the pattern of delinquency.

As children in their development phase, they are more prone to learning behavior.

Hence, juvenile delinquents are not set on trial in different courts so & not to be exposed to criminals.

They are not handcuffed and their identity is kept private.

They are also kept separately from adult criminals and are kept in juvenile centers.

ans is satisfactory but 4 page ans is too short

write minimum 7 pages

give a formal conclusion at the end too

rest is ok

explanation is fine 8/20

## SECTION - II

### Question 4:

#### CRIME CONTROL INSTITUTIONS

Crime control institutions play a crucial role in maintaining public order and preventing criminal activities.

The goal of such institutions is to create a peaceful society.

The number & kinds of such institutions vary from state to state but they play the same role, i.e., deter criminal behaviour.

#### Law enforcement agencies

Law enforcement agencies include the police. In Pakistan, it includes the federal investigation authority, police, ~~and~~ the army etc.

In the United States, it involves the state police, Federal Bureau of Investigation. And the Central Bureau of Investigation in India.

#### Roles of Law Enforcement Agency

- To maintain Law & order
- To collect evidence
- Conduct interviews and take witness statements

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- Make reports, FIR.
- To investigate the case.
- Maintain confidentiality.
- Respond swiftly to incidents.
- Request for warrants and make arrests.
- apprehend criminals.
- issue penalties for breaking traffic violations.
- To deter criminal behavior.
- Patrol neighborhoods and prevent street crimes.

## Judiciary

Judiciary is a legal institution involving the court. It enforces the law, adjudicates the criminals and corrects criminal conduct.

Roles include:

- To prevent occurrence of crime.
- Punish the criminal with appropriate sentences and penalties.
- To compensate the victims.
- To rehabilitate the criminal.
- to create deterrence from committing crime.
- To hear trials and appeals in a swift and timely manner.

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## Corrections

Correctional institutions include the system of jails, prisons and rehabilitation centers.

Roles of such institutions:

→ To incarcerate the criminals and isolate dangerous and high profile criminals from the society

→ To create special deterrence from committing crime

→ Rehabilitate offenders to reintegrate them into society.

→ To carry out sentences by the criminal court

→ Rehabilitation centers include providing training programs and social support to low profile criminals.

This also includes parole centers.

→ To ensure that criminals are taken to the court when needed.

While crime control institutions are essential, it is subject to ongoing improvement and evaluation. Collaboration and effective of such institutions guarantee the harmony of society.

make headings and give one line explanation to enhance the length of ans

ans is too short make heading to enhance the length discuss interpol europol nab fia ib isi etc too in detail 7/20



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## SECTION - III

### Question 6:

#### GENDER - BASED CRIMES

Gender-based crimes are crimes committed towards a person because of their gender. The subject of such crimes are both male and females but the majority of victims are females. It is deeply rooted in gender inequality and is still, to this day, one of the most notable violations against human rights.

Here are a list of gender-based crimes.

- Domestic Violence ✓
- Human Trafficking ✓
- Harassment and Blackmailing ✓
- Forced Marriage ✓
- Forced Genital Mutilation ✓
- Honor Killings ✓
- Acid Attacks ✓
- Cyber Violence ✓

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## Societal Impacts

- Gender inequality increases
- Rape and sexual abuse result in unwanted pregnancies, spreading of sexually transmitted diseases and infections
- Causes trauma in victims
- Unable to properly function in day to day life
- Violation of Human Rights
- Impacts human growth and development
- Increases the cases of suicide.
- Harms image of the state
- Women most likely to stay in their homes to avoid violence

## Role of Criminology

- Criminology can help research the causes behind the occurrence of gender based violence
- Criminologists study the mindset of criminals that engage in gender based violence
- Criminologists set up appropriate punishments for specific

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crimes.

→ Criminologists help in counselling and rehab of the victims and introduce compensation strategies.

→ Criminological findings inform public awareness campaigns and educational programs including policy changes.

In summary, criminology plays an important role in understanding gender based violence and its impacts. They develop appropriate strategies to mitigate such crimes.

too short

similar issue content is relevant and correct but the ans is not composed well

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## SECTION IV

## Question 8:

## (a) GREEN-COLLAR CRIME

Green-collar crimes are crimes committed against the environment and wildlife. The ultimate goal of such crimes is financial gain.

~~causes~~ Such crimes include:

- deforestation
- poaching of wildlife
- arson
- irresponsible waste management; contribution to air, water and land pollution.

## causes:

- financial gain; illegal timber industry cause massive deforestation
- ivory ornaments  
illegal poachers and hunters kill elephants for their  
in order to sell it
- crocodile leather  
crocodiles and alligators are

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killed for ~~their~~ skin\* for the retail industry to make leather products.

→ beauty industry

The beauty industry kills massive amounts of mink to make ~~make~~ up brushes, eye lash extensions etc.

→ personal ~~interests~~

some people destroy wildlife and nature for the sole reason of doing so. They do it as a hobby and for fun. Hunters have been notorious for killing wild animals and take ~~take~~ pictures of it as an achievement. Some even do it with their children to teach them how to hunt.

→ irresponsibility of industries

some industries like commercial, healthcare mishandle the ~~management~~ of waste products. They do not have proper disposal systems.

And sometimes let their waste

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run into water ~~res~~ bodies inflicting  
harm to water animals.

## measures

protect endangered species by  
creating sanctuaries → how?

strict rules and regulations  
against illegal hunters → how?

⇒ crackdown on illegal timber  
industries. → how?

creation of environment protection  
agencies and to keep a  
check on all industries.

proper waste management  
systems

this ans is also incomplete

lack remedial measure with concrete examples  
5/10

overall ans are fine but lack material content  
need more heading dont give one liner points  
one liner points are accepted in 10 marks note  
rest is ok