LN02. Explain the contribution of Aristotle regarding state and governance. Examine its relevancy in the present time 1-INTRODUCTION: Aristotle is one of The influential Thinker in the history of western Philosophy. He is an ancient Greek Philosophers- His works have been Prvotal in developing meta physics, ethics, Politics, biology and aesthetics. But His famous work are of natural Philosophy, logic and rhetoric. which were studied later, by many Philosophers - He way a Student of plato Aristotle Saide "man is a social and Political animal" inportant vole Acetalla alaural various anatomy also desearch method. and Scientific Reasoning invented Economice-CONTRIBUTION OF ARISTOTLE REGARDING STATE:

DATE: ____ Aristotle views the state as natural-According to him, the state is a necessary condition for all humans- Like Plato, he doesn't differentiate between State and Society, consider it to be a good life. His view accordingly. that "State is necessary condition of a good life." It is important to understand why he Perceived the state as natural for humans. According to him, These is no difference between an animal or a human being, other than the fact That a human being has the desire and a sense of living good life- Any human being Cannot survive in isolation and thus a man and a woman establish a household. A village is formed when a family Expand itself, and when many such villages are Formed, a Stale comes into existance - As and when a stale is formed and society. is organized, human beings can meet Their needs. Contribution regarding Governance: Aristolle believed that there were Six general ways in which societies under political could be organized vale He reffered to The first three

-----as true forms of government - while the second were "defective and Perverted forms of The first. There The Three kinds of "good" governmats are monarchy, aristocracy and polity while the Three kinds of Gadh governments are tyranny, Oligarchy. and democracy. According to Aristotles Power and virtue cannot coexist - He also provided the cycle of change of government. Over Time-Good government, Then, requires understanding Of what makes a good human: On Aristotle's understanding, a good human is defined by excelling at whatever activity is unique to humans- The Unique human activity will Presumably beits purpose. Thus, to understand what makes a good human, one must understand the Pur pose of homans-for Aristolle, The activity unique to homans = the exercise of reason, These fore, reasoning well is what makes a good. homan. ITS Relevence in the Present time: Aristotle's work on politics and governance is still relevant today. it provider a Frame work foi

DATE / Order standing The nature of The State and its role in S. 6. dely- He believed That the state should be Joverned by The sule of law and that The laws Should be based on reason and justice - Aristotle's ideas on governance and the tole of the State have influenced Political Thought throughout history and continue to be relevant today. In plesent Time, His idea's on governance and The role of the state are still relevant. The Plinciples of demolvacy, rule of law, and citizen participation in governance are all based on e Anstotle's ideas - The modern ~ Stall is still organized in a 2 way that promotes. the common good and the welfare St its 5 citizens- However, there are also areas where his ideas Some are not relevant in the present time. He beleived that women 34 and glaves were inferior to men and that They should not be allowed to participale in the governme St The state - However, some his ideas are no longer acceptable in modern society.

62 NO-4 Explain the Religio-political Philosophy of Shah Waliullah-How it influenced the nationalism in Sub-continent? Introduction + Shah. Waliellen was an Indian muslim political and Theologian philosopher-and reformer and also a great Then Islamic Thinker-He was no doubt the greatest Islamic Scholar of India and one of the celebrated Thinkers & The muslim history - He developed The Theory of Islamic politics and a transparent idea of The welface State. He presented the state. Position and ranks. He awakened musling and gave the concepts of jihad which the muslim had already 1-02 gotton-He divided the government. designation in different types. RELIGIO - POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY :-Shah wali Ullah was an Island scholar who lived during a period of Political instability in India, with the decline of mughal empire and

The emergence of seguinal Powers. His Political Thought was deeply. rooted in Islamic Principles and adress the Challenges Faced by muslims under changing political circun stances. His religio - Political Thought was based on the perso- Sslamic Theory of kingship and his Objective was to re-establish the Islamic cultural hegemony in the sub-continent-Shah Wallullah's religio-Political Philosophy emphasized the importance of mustim unity across all cultural and ethnic boundries. The concept of Tawhid or the oneness of God, was central to Shah waliellah's seligious and philosophical musings - He held that itis responsibility of muglime to Promote socio justice and equality for all people because They are all created equal. in God's eyes. His political and social views. which stressed inportance of good governance The and Social welface, reflected his commitment to equa and Justice -

He believed that in order to implement This reform, it was necessary to reevaluate long established norms in religious and cultural practice. His political and Social ideas reflected his emphasis on education and the need for mosting to acquire knowledge in order To reform themselves and their Society, Shap wali ullah's religious and philosophical ideas and his social and political ideas were intertwined - His commitment to the transformalive Power of education and reform united his religious and political views. According to him, veligious ideas were universal. and eternal, but Their application vould meet different circumstances. Håss Socio - political Thought emphasized The importance of muslim unity across all cultural and Eline boundaries - His idea's had a Significant. impact on the development Muslim nationalism in the Aus Indian Subcontinend. INfluences in Sub-continent 8

Shah wali ullah religio - Political Philosophy was centered around The idea of religions reform and the harmonization of Islamic ideals with the changing Social and economic conditions of India -Mis idea had a significant inpact on the development St Muslim pationalism in the indian Sub-continent and continue to influence Islamice thought in the region to This day. His Socio Political philosophy was chatacterized by a sprong commitment to Islam and genuine concern for The welfare of muslim focieties - His ideas are still influential today, and his emphasis on education, Unity and good governance is still relevant in the modern nuglim world - His reformist idens and teachings were carried. forward by hos successors and lett a per par structure influence on the muslims ethos of The Sub-continent, However, it is inportant to note that shah Wali ullan's. Philosophy was not directly linked to The fise it

DATE : ____/ nationalism in the Sub-continent SECTION-B QUESTION #6. How far 18th amendment has altered the structure of existing federation in pakistan? critically evaluate? Introduction & The 18th Amendment of The constitution of Pakistan was passed by the national Assembly of Pakistan, removing The power of president of Pakistan to dissolve The Palliament. The establishment of the national commission for human Rights and the council of common Enterest have helped to plande greater accountability and Fransparency in The government and have helped to protect The lights of citizens. It changed almost a Third of The constitution and significantly altered the Framewort of The begeneework. of the governat It was bound to attract wast amounts of Positive and negative attention and it dod, Mowever.

DATE it was a step in the right direction, a way from dictatorship and towards a democratic Pakistan-STRUCTURE OF FEDERATION IN PAKISTAN AFTER 18TH AMENDMENTE-The 18Th Amendment strengthened. the fedral structure of pakostan-It transferred The subjects of co. concurrent legislative list to The provinces and restored parlimentary democracy as envisioned in The 1973 constitution. Prior to The 18 in amendment, the fedral Structure had a strong bias towards The center - The 18Th Amendment a bolished the concorrent. legislatile list in 2010, and debiased the Federal structure to The Provinces. and mandaled The formation St local governments. The report of the 18th constitutional Amendment in Pakistan (1) The basis of a new vision offederalism. (i) Provincial Progress and perspectives - The former does a macrolevel analysis of The implement-ation of The Amendment with a focus On the role of the federal government and inter- governmental challenges. experienced by federalism.

The latter presents the message From the provincess regarding the Progress on implementation of reforms, Challenges of local governance and service delivery and role of covil Society. In a federal structure, states are like juristic personalities. Processing properties and functioning through instrumentalities created Through The constitution - But Prior to The 18th Amendment, The Fedral Structure en visaged by the 1973's constitution had a Strong bial towards the center! However, The 18th Amendment finally abolished the con current legis lative list in 20100 Its ain was to main tain the balance & federation-However, Such a fine and noble Statiment is not so far heeded in the Politics of Pakistan- The Power was developed from center to The provinces but provinces failed to deligate it father to local government. 5, The 18th Amendement War an extraordinary constitutional development, and breathed new life into our federation.