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NOA MOCK. (English Precise & Composition)

Question no 2.

The legitimacy of International law.

Just like individuals follow rules of domestic laws, states have their own rules of international laws. But ~~by~~ sharing names, does not mean they are the same. They don't have social agreement or centralized body to enforce its authority. Unlike individuals, states are not directly governed by international law. Even some legal experts question the legitimacy of international law because it lacks enforceable sanctions. There's an inherent clash between ^{state sovereignty} and a binding international system; states either hold absolute sovereignty neglecting legal rules or acknowledge legal rules undermining their sovereignty. Theory of consent solves this conflict. It suggests when states agree to international law, it becomes binding. This agreement asserts

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state sovereignty. Due to uncertain nature of international law, some doubt its effectiveness. Others think that it could bring peace if lawyers could make it comprehensive. But neither view fully captures essence of international law. (150 words).

Question 7 - Translate:

Rise and fall is story of every nation. But a sense of national pride is important for it. Japan was in an extreme trial after world war II. The destruction of atomic bomb has already destroyed two cities. But a king's disrespect was a bigger tragedy for Japanese. General Mack Arthur's insulting behavior, which he had adopted with King, made Japanese revengeful. Japan started to succeed America in every other sector, other than battlefield. Nonetheless, this nation regained its glory in few decades. This story holds great lesson for Pakistan.

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Question (5) - Punctuate.

One day, a friend visited Hoodja and said,

"Hoodja, I want to ~~be~~ borrow your donkey."

"I'm sorry", replied Hoodja, "but I've

already lent it to someone else." As soon as

he said this, the donkey brayed. "But Hoodja,

I can hear the donkey! He's in the stable!"

Shutting the door in his friend's face, Hoodja

told him with dignity, "A man who believes

the word of a donkey above my word doesn't

deserve to be lent anything!"

B. Prepositions.

i. The doctor gave me a prescription for my cough.

ii. Throw this pen into the dustbin.

iii. Nowadays, Majid studies the whole day.

iv. While ~~was~~ walking on the bank of river, Wordsworth

saw a large number of daffodils.

v. In the examination you have to answer all the questions within an hour.

vi. The bird flew over my head.

vii. I don't approve of your language, young man.

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Question - 6.

1. Big Fish.

He had to encounter ~~many~~ big fishes when he was uncovering the story of corruption.

2. To eat the humble pie.

He decided to eat the humble pie and did not tell about plagiarised work of his coworker.

3. For good.

~~He forgave~~ After years of moving around, she finally settled in countryside for good.

4. To give the devil his due.

After years of humbly asking for his property, he decided to go to court to give the devil his due.

5. At the top of free.

After getting selected in a blockbuster tree, he ~~was~~ felt at the top of the tree.

Question - 4 Connect the following.

(a) Hundreds of students gathered to attend the conference of Hesson Ali Gondal.

(b) I am one of those persons who cannot

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describe what they feel.

(d) ~~The~~ Reading poetry gives greater delight than reading prose.

(e) Sir Husain left for Mianwali last Friday, and arrived there on Monday.

(g) I have never abused anyone and never will.

(c) Of novel and poetry, the latter is more important.

Question-3.

1. Ad hominem means to win an argument or case by personally targeting the opponent.

If one can't challenge an argument, he attacks the person indirectly to undermine him.

2. Lincoln succeed in convincing the jury

by resorting to ad hominem. He diverted

the jury focus on wrongly buttoned shirt

of opponent and asserted if one can't wear

shirt properly, how can he correctly

interpret the law. That's how Lincoln won

the case.

Q3.

Lincoln's tactic ^{was} ~~is~~ non malicious because it did not cause any harm or injury to the person. Also, it didn't matter whether tactic was malicious or not because opponent lost the case in both ways, which questioned his credibility.

Q4.

Resorting to ad hominem was a risk for Lincoln because the jury could have responded differently calling it an irrelevant remark. If one was in situation, one would try to divert jury's attention towards irrelevancy of argument.

Q-5.

gleam. - A sense of happiness.

cripple. refers to ailing or paralyzed white house.

vicious. - extremely harmful.

fallacy. - refers to tradition or technique.

plaintiff. The person against whom you're pursuing the case.