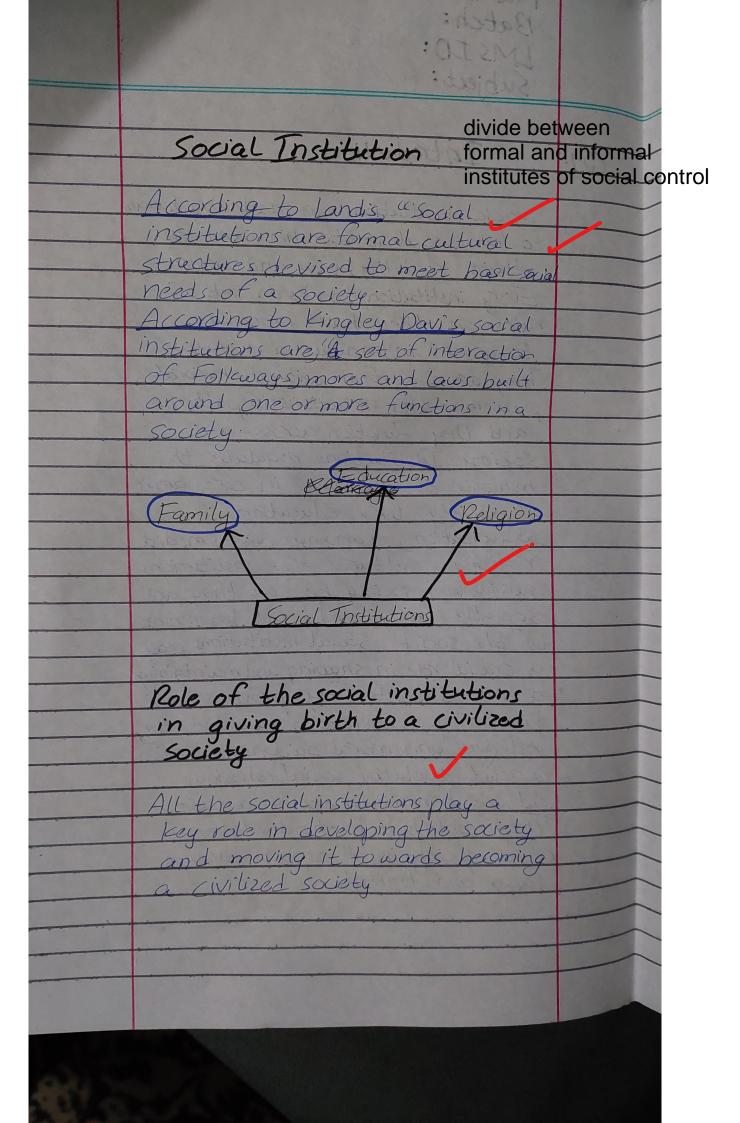
Name: M. Ashar Batch: 344 LMS ID: 30168 Subject: Sociology Q1. Introduction Social institutions are made by human to form social relationships and to attain stability) law and order Every institution works on set of rules and they have procedures to govern individuals and groups They are a system with behavioral patterns and relationship patterns and they function across a Society Institutions regulate the behavior of individuals in core areas of society tike education socialization, economy, law, media, religion, culture etc. Institutions this intro is survive in a society because they are too long socially accepted by all the member of the society Social institutions play a crucial role in shaping and maintaining a civilized society. They prove economic prosperity, socialization, law and order religious and moral quidance reducation conflict resolution, social cohesion, culture transmission etc in a society They contribute to the development of a society in all aspects through laws and limitations



	Social institutions play a vital role	
	Preservation of Human race	
	Transmission of culture	- 0
0	Satisfaction of Basic needs	
2	Social Solidarity	
0	Social welfare and development	•
0	Provision of recreational activities	
	Mental and physical security	
	Pol CT il	
	Role of Family as a social	,
	institution in moving the society towards being civilized	
and the same	HOWAIDS HEIRIGE CHICAGE	***
	Family is the first center from	
	where a child learns about values,	
	norms, traditions etc. Family	
	strengthens, nurtures and moulds	The Hotel to 200
	individuals with good values and.	
	strong ethics.	
	THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF	
	Family as primary unit of	
	socializing children	and the same
	No society is possible without adquate	
	socialization of its young Parents,	
	siblings and relatives help the	
-	children to socialize.	1.0
-		
- programme	the second secon	

Family as a major source of practical and emotional support

Family supports all its members
by proving them food, clothes, sheter
and other essential things needed
to sustain. Also, family provides love
and support in times of emotional
distress

Family helps to regulate sexual reproduction in the boundary of norms

Family teaches about the norms
and they help to regulate sexual
reproduction. This ensures that infants
have adequate emotional and practial
care when they are born.

Family provides its members with a social identity

Some children have advantage throughout their life due to their social identity as being part of a family. Some have disadvantage due to obstacles faced by being born in a particular social doss, race which is in bottom of social hierarchy.

Role of Education as a social institution in moving the society towards being civilized

Education is very important in a society as it helps to accumulate I anowledge and standard of conduct It inculcates values, norms and social skills which enable an individual to develop his personality and sustain the social system.

Role of Education in Socialization in a society

People have no knowledge about
the culture of a society. They learn
about how a society functions
through education society creates
educational institutes such as school
and college which perform a specific
function. The knowledge helps them
to fit in particular jobs and develop
social relations

Development of Porsonality

Emily Durkheim said "Education's objective is to awaken and develop

in the child those physical mental and moral states which are required to sustain in a society. A learner learns about attitudes and values by studying outstanding people.

Social control

Education contributes to regulation of social conduct and enforces conformity through its norms.

Social integration

Education imparts values leading to development of relations with others through cooperation, obedience and fairplay.

Role of Religion as a social institution in moving the society towards being civilized

Religion plays a major role in transforming a society and developing it to become a civilized society. It helps to understand the meaning and purpose of life

Socialization through religious beliefs

Religious beliefs and values are very personal for many people. Religion involves pattern of beliefs and behavior that help the society to meet its basic needs through socializing.

ans is fine but write social theories social strain etc rest is fine 10/20

Conclusion

Social institutions such as education, family and religion help to develop bonding in a society. They inculcate norms and values that ensure the development of a society. They also regulate the behavior of people and provide them with moral guidance to sustain under the conformities of a society. The systems patterns and laws are excepted by all the members of a society and ensure social control. This enables economic prosperity, socialization, law and order, social cohesion etc.

Q3. Introduction

Karl Marx and Max Weber have
contributed a lot to the discipline
of sociology. Karl Marsc. enlightened
us through theory of surplus;
(abor theory and conflict theory:
Max Weber enlightened us through
the theory of bureaucracy. Both
of them made significant contributions
and offered a unique perspective
on the dynamics of social change
and development

Karl Marxs Perspective

Theory of Surplus surplus value

This theory is a cornerstone of his
economic thought According to Karl
Marse, capitalism fundamentally
exploits the working class by
extracting the surplus value from their
labor. He also argued that the
value of goods and services is
determined by the amount of
socially necessary labor time required
to produce them:

Labor theory sodow so

In the labor theory, Karl Marx states that the value of a commodity is derived from the amount of socially necessary labour time invested in its production. He believed that labor was the source of all value in a capitalist society. He was in favour of the proletariat class.

Conflict theory

The conflict theory of Karl Marx

1s associated with the conflict

theory. It says that a society

is characterized by the closs

struggle. According to him; the

baurgeoisie explaits the proletariaty

leading to the conflict between

the classes He predicted that

his class struggle would

eventually lead to a revolutionary

overthrow of capitalism. He was

pursuing this struggle to

safeguard the rights of the

proletariat in the society

Max weber's Perspective

Theory of Bureaucracy

Max Weber is renowned for his
theory of bureaucray, which focuses
on the organization and the
functioning of formal structures
in society Weber identified
bureaucracy as a rational and
efficient form of organization
choracterized by hierarchy,
specialized roles rules and impersonal
relationships. He also discussed
the concept of the "ideal type"
to analy ze and compare social
phenomena

Contributions to Society. by Karl Marx

Highlighted the position of the proletariat in the society due to the exploitation of the capitalist class

Marx showed how the capitalists were exploiting the labour morket

The capitalist class includes the bourgeoise, proletariat, landlords, petty bourgeoisie and middle class, Lumpenproletariat, peasantry and farmers etc. The bourgeisie are owners of the capital and they purchase and exploit labour power and use the surplus value from the employment of its labour power to accumulate and expand its capital. The proletariat ere owners of labour power, they have no resources and have the ability to work with their hands bodies and minds Ctitisized the concept of dividing class between haves and hovenots He highlighted how the upper Capitalist class accumulated the Surplus values from the lower Class to accumulate more capital. This further divided the society in haves and have nots

Surplus value gives birth to alienation

He further highlighted that most of the people are capable and talented but the boss is not concerned of their talent he just wants output. This leads people at the mercy of poor environmental conditions

Development of polarization in a society

Due to the division in class and alienation, polarization rises in a society. The poor leep on becoming more poorer and rich keep on getting richer.

This type of exploitation paralyse the society. A sense of deprivation starts to develop among the members of the society.

Surplus value gives birth to wars and arm conflicts

The additional amount of profit

earned by the upper class is utilized on wars. This gives birth to chaos and anorchy in the society. Contributions to society by Max Weber Max weber Proposed Civil Services reforms priorities which could help the society to develop The major reforms included. Reducing the Politicization of Bureaucracy He wanted to reduce the involvement of politics in the bureaucracy. He wanted the organ of bureaucray to be totally free in terms of operating Recuiting, training and retaining, "The Best and Brightest." He wanted the most talented

people to be retained by the bureaucracy system to enhance the efficiency

Enhanced efficiency and transparency

I-le wanted to create openness in the system through the policy of transparency. This would improve grip on accountability and influence the efficiency of work in the organization

Conclusion

Max weber and Karl Marx

Contributed a lot to Sociology.

Karl max highlighted the

issues of unequal distribution

of wealth and oppurtunity. He

also discussed about their primary

causes and after effects.

Max weber worked on one of

the main institutions in a society.

He wanted to resolve all issues

by incorporating reforms that

would shape the society for the

ans is well composed and satisfactory 10/20

Q4. Introduction Social change refers to the change in behavior patterns, cultural values and norms over a period of time. It means that the social order of the society changes Cultural change deals with the changes made in cultural elements. The elements can be material and non-material. It also refers to change in ideology beliefs Lifestyles systems ets. in a society. Cultural change is very broad where as social change is only a part of cultural change cultural change includes the changes in ideology and social change deal with change in social relationship among people. The causes of social change in the world include technological and economic changes, modernization, Urbanization, ideology, bureaucratization, conflict, power, diffusion, acculturation etc. The factors that affect change are natural, geographic, cultural, biological, demographic etc. your intros are too long make it half and write headings

Difference between social change and cultural Cultural change Social change it is only part it is broad of cultural change and dynamic · it refers to it includes change in social change in ideology, relationship administration among people It gives new o it is all about direction to improvements made to up lift certain social change life stylc It can be · it is a material chonge social change and non-material in terms of relations change Cultural change vs social change in a society Social change is apart of cultural

change. In terms of size of impact Cultural change is a broad and vast concept, whereas the social change just deals with specific changes in the relationships with people In terms of impact Cultural change includes the change in ideology, beliefs, Systems, administration, social groups etc. whereas the social change only deals with the changes in the social aspects. Objective of change Cultural change occurs to give direction to a social change For example, if a culture starts to focus on materialism then the concept of class differences appears

Social change only talks about the ways to improve the social standards for social security and economic prosperity

Factors that impede the Pakistani society to be adaptive to change

Natural factors

Natural hazards such as the floods of 2022, the earthquakes of 2022, the attack of locusts due to climate changs. The impact of locusts in the productivity of food threatens the food security and economic position of people which drives them towards social change in Palkistan

Demographic factors

The increase of population in Palcistan has resulted in unemployments poverty, disease and several other problems. This forces people

to accept social change to improve their conditions. The movement of people to cities and their social mobility towards developed countries showcases their hope for betterment in their lifestyle Cultural factors The marriage of people at the age of 18 is highly reduced in Pakistan. This is because our cultural suggests that economic security is the no 1 priority to satisfy the needs of a family people get married when they are highly settled in their life. Technological factors The arrival of AI in Pakistan is very advantageous for the youth to learn about new things easily through the assistance of. AT applications For example: ChatGPT has

increased the efficiency of work in Pakistan. Expensive price of facts in the Pakistan markets are drivers of adaptation to new electric vehicles After the constant rise in the prices of fuel, people have started to shift towards local transport and electric vehicles 1-or example cors in Pakistan, some electrical charging stations have been developed in main cities like Tslamabad etc For example Increase in services of electric bikes in Pakistan like Such economic indicators lead people towards the adaptation of efficient and cheap technology.

Increase in Urbanization and social mobility change in Pakistan

The trend has changed in Pakistam.

More and more people are moving towards cities in search of a good lifestyle which uplifts their conditions. This is due to the lack of facilities in the rural areas, which lead to health concerns, educational concerns etc.

12/20 good ans

Conclusion

Social change is a port of cultural change and it drives people towards change to improve their social relationships by catering with social issues. The factors: that impede people in Palcistan to move towards change include: urbanization, more appurtunities in the developed countries, increase in population, cultural factors, technological factors etc.

Q8. Ethnocentrism and Xenocentrism Ethnocentrism It is characterized on the attitude that one's own group is superior Causes of Ethnocentrism When people from other culture's do things which annoy and offend a culture, this develops a feeling of difference leading to ethnocentrism noisono This makes people culturally sensititive of accepting other cultures. Definition August Comte defines it as: CL Social solidarity as a defense against enemy groups. >) Examples. There are many examples of

ethnocentrism for example, Hitler believed that Tews and people belonging to other Communities were inferior to his ethnicity and didnot deserve to Positive effects of ethnocentrism Ethnocentric groups seem to survive hetter than tolerant groups It reinforces nationalism and patriotism It encourages social solidarity in society. It justifies sacrifice and sarctifies martyrdom Negative effects of ethnocentrism It creates tights boundaries among various groups Projudice is created

Process of social relations gets slower Hatred takes place in society It discourages cultural change National development is hampered

Xenocentrism It is the opposite of ethnocentrism, it increases and focuses on the preference for the foreign. A feeling of inferiority for own products is developed Causes of Xenocentrism Educational institutes donot perform their duty well and inject the superiority of foreign culture in the minds of the children. Media promotes foreign culture and shows its superior elements Examples of Xenocentrism For escample Americans believe that Europeans produce superior vehicles For examples European artists try to copy ancient greek work in art For example, major countries believe that cheese in France is superior.

	Effects of Xenocentrism
0	Devaluation of own culture in the minds of people
0	the minds of people
6	Onflicts among civilizations Preference of foreign products
	increase
0	Changes in material elements
	Of culture Destruction of Pamily system due
	to loss of pride
	to loss of pride Loss of National language
	A figurily passes on ideal th
b.	Role Conflict
	It occurs when there are incompatible
	demands placed upon a person relating to their job or position.
	Type male
	Example
	For example,
	People in high income
	countries take many responsibilities
	together demanded by various statuses and voles.
	S FIELDS CO. C. T.
	For example,
The state of the s	E SILDROVE DE OCIENTO
The second secon	For example, Engineers are asked to
	make documents of research.

Work and family conflict The fertility rate is declining in many developed countries. Some studies suggest it due to more occupation of jobs by women and preference of higher studies Transfer of wealth within a family A family passes on wealth to its children this instills inequality foundations in a society: This can be a source of conflict inertly in a family as well within its own members all ans are satisfactory 12/20\