#### Mock-8 Current Affairs

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### Q2). India-Middle East-Europe Economic Comidor (IMEE-EC)

Also known as 'spices comidor', India-Middle East-Europe Economic Comidor, was an idea presented by languagem of Sauchi Arabia and endorsed by United States (US) and it's allies.

originate from India, moring through Middle East (MF) and finally enter into Europe. A traditional sea-rade will be followed from India to MF whereas bullet train path will be followed from Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (ILSA), Iraq, Syna, Jordan Israel and further into Eastern Europe.

KSA will be the major investor in this comidor and will build ME part. European partners will establish the Europe segment and India with US and G7 will build Indian part.

Belt and Road Initiative (13R1)

Initiative (BRI) is a project by China. It was announced in 2013. It is the largest infrastructure project of 21st century, comprising of 6 corridors. It bean a cost of more than 1.3 trillion US dollars. It has multiple geo-economic, political and strategic captives.

# Project of 6 comidors

China, Russia, Europe China, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Tholley, Europe

China, Central Asia, Iran

China, India, Bangladesh, Myannar

China, ASEAN

## Potential of Spices Comider

Spices Comidor, although a strong potential still not a reality, bears for the regions for economic prespenity involved in this comidor. India, world's largest population in the world (statista, 2023), offers the biggest market for trade. The project is very ambitions as it has the potential to link countries like vietnam, Thailand, Myanmar and Bangladesh in future. For instance, Bangladesh has six railway exit points to India, and all could be whitzed for sending goods to Europe via prundra port. Since Spices Comidor involves différent countries from different countries, it has the potential to integrate different cultural products between Asia, middle East and Europe.

Potential of BRI

especially for China along with other countries of the linked with.

@ Shorter Access to the market

China in very lengthy: East thina Sea - South China Sea - Bay of Bengal - Brabian Sea - Pensian Crult and beyond. This is a stong soute. It tules 49 days for a China Ship to go from China sea to England. Also, 36 days for oil vessel to reach China from Saudi Arabia.

On the other hand, it will take between 7-11 days on China-Europe comidor (BRI project). Distance will be reduced by 22,000 km. Similarly, it will take maximum of 11 days to reach KSA and ME using CPEC (BRI project).

Alternative Trade Route System

alternative Track route system, not only for China but for the rest of the world. China's dependency on it's old lengthy south will decrease other asian countries will be able to trade between themselves such as ASEAN and contral asian countries as well as ME and Sauchi Arabia. Developing another route system will also decrease US hegemony in the world trade and will foster China's geo-political and economic role.

3 from Geo-Economia to Geo-Blikes

influencing political decision making after WNII, as US did by relocating it's inclustries, establishing International monetony backer like IMF, WB etc.

China, through BRI in also becoming largest by being largest imposter and exporter.

Hence, China in becoming geo politically very strong through it's projects in BRI; increasing it's geo-political penetration in ME.

(9) Infrastructure Development

BRI is that it can transform and improve the infrasture development of the developing countries included in BRI. One of the examples include Palaistan, where majority of road as well as post infrastructure has improved due to BRI's pirotel project: CPEC.

Future of Spices Comidor

Saudi Asabia, Germany Japan and US are the countries having economic potential to make this project practical.

One of the major challenge for spices comiclor is investment. Occasion arises who will bring the investment? Saudi Arabia, a trillion dollar economy, how already made

investments in other big projects like Neom city.

On the other hand, salient features are not clear whereas BRI is already active on ground.

Since IMEE-EC is a multi-habitanal project, roles must be defined clearly and must be agreed upon by the respective countries. In order for spices comidor to fluorish, big questions like who will be biggest investors? what will be the time frame for projects to be completed?, should be answered and objectives should be clearly lavid.

middle-East Conundrum

One of the biggest throat to

IMEE-EC comidor is 'peace and stability in ME'.

The on-going Israeli aenocicle in Gaza casts
a danc shadow over that the future of spices comidor. For a back project to

Minime and fluorish, peace and stability is the main component for that region. As long as

Israeli aggression on Palestinians does not stop and end, possibility for IMEE-EC trade comidor to fluorish is very rare.

#### Fuhre of BR

in the contemporary world unlike spices counder. Features of different projects in BR

already well-defined and massive work how for instance, China has already invested more sector through BRI project: (PEC.

The geographical scale has expanded to more than the countries including in Africa, mE, South Asia and Latin America. By 2016, China was lesgest exporter to Africa.

BRI will keep expanding but will need to adapt in response to international oriticism. The future will lively mean increasing competition between China's BRI and western connective Strategies. But for Beijing, the ultimate objective is to promote it's interest increase it's increase it's economic power and challenge or undermine economic power and challenge or undermine US and west's hegemony geopolishally and US and west's hegemony geopolishally and