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Q2.

Introduction

Criminology means the study of accusation. It is an interdisciplinary, integrated study of the causes, prediction and control of crime and other harmful behaviors constituting a breach of societal norms at a local, national or at an international level.

Criminology discusses the nature and causes of crime and it helps to develop theories to counter crime at its cause.

It understands the causes at an individual level, societal level and at the cultural level. This enables the legislation to enact laws which counter the root causes of crime by catering with issues at the grass root level. Criminology theorists collect data and analyze it to develop efficient theories.

Scope and Significance of Criminology

Role of reformation through the Criminal laws and Criminal Justice system

Criminology is an applied discipline, it produces findings which influence the legislators, judges, lawyers, prosecutors, probation officers and prison officials. It enables them to better understand crime and criminal behavior through the root causes, to create treatments and punishments which are equitable to crime and help to create improvement in the society.

Development of theories to counter crime at its root cause

Criminology utilizes its researchers to develop theories for empirical testing. When the theories are

considered valid and reliable, then the criminal justice system utilizes the theories to reduce crime.

For example,

Labelling theory, states that if a person is labelled for their crime or deviance it becomes a part of their identity. That's why, juvenile justice system tries to change the environment for the children so that they can be rehabilitated back to society.

Multidisciplinary nature of criminology

The multidisciplinary nature of criminology helps to grasp awareness about the causes of criminal behavior and best remedies to reduce crime.

This helps to understand the root causes of crime through multiple dimensions.

Enhancement of understanding of criminals, type of crime and its prevalence

When research of criminology is backed by data, it helps to understand the criminals, what type of crime they commit and the frequency of crime in a particular area.

For example,

Street crime increased in Rawalpindi, through the research of criminologists, the Dolphin Police was created which could counter crime in narrow streets due to easy mobility on their motor vehicles.

Role of Criminology in the Prevention of Crime

Punitive and Reformative Treatment of Criminals

Many measures are taken to

reduce crime in the society. The punitive treatment works on punishment, retribution etc.

It plays role to maintain law and order in society through deterrence.

Whereas, the reformative treatment focuses on making the criminal a better person of the society and reform the behavior of the criminal.

Types of Punitive treatment and their role in society.

Punitive treatment is based on the principle that punishment can alter the behavior of people.

For example,

Death penalty, is used to create deterrence, by increasing the cons in the eyes of the criminals of the Hedonistic calculus.

Types of reformative treatment

It focuses on rehabilitating the

criminal back into society through probation, parole, training and therapy.

It tries to conform the behavior of an offender with laws, norms and regulations through training.

Criminal Justice System Policy Making

Effective methods of offender rehabilitation

The criminal justice system makes policies of rehabilitating criminals to reduce crime.

Community oriented policing

The concept of community oriented policy was made to improve relations with the public for better social control.

Rehabilitation of offenders

Probation

It is a legal procedure through

which the offender gets the chance to remain in the community under the surveillance of probation officers. This is to rehabilitate the offender back to society.

Parole

The prisoner is released on condition that he/she would not commit crime in the future.

Confinement

The criminals are held in court but are given good treatment, security and are kept away from dangerous criminals so that they don't learn. It is to reduce effect on criminals on offender based on learning theory.

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Criminology utilizes the data on causes, nature and types of crime based on data to make laws to prevent crime in the society.

Section II

Q4. Introduction

There are three crime control institutions which are responsible for maintaining Law and order in a country and also prevent crimes from occurring. These are the police, courts and correctional institutions. The police is the organ of the system which enforces and implements laws. The courts are the legislation institutes which form and devise laws based on research to create deterrence in the society and also to reduce crime in the country. The correctional institutes work on the principle to rehabilitate the criminals back to society through proper training and policies. The police, courts and correctional institutes prevent all harmful behaviors.

Role of Police in maintaining Law and order and preventing criminal activities

Enforce laws ✓

The police is responsible for implementing laws to prevent crime and to maintain stability in the country.

Investigate crimes ✓

The police investigates the crime and finds evidence to bring the criminal in front of the law.

Maintain public order ✓

The police maintains public order by capturing criminals and by assisting people during situations of nuisance.

For example,

Police captures

Kidnappers to reduce kidnapping issues in an area.

For example,

Police captures drug mafia to reduce drug supply through dealers

Protect rights of individuals

Police is the enforcing hand of the law which helps to sustain the rights of individuals

For example,

if the property rights of people are infringed due to illegal occupation, police is responsible to return the property to its rightful owner.

Apprehend offenders

The people who conduct offenses are taken into custody by police through arrest policy.

Role of courts in maintaining public order and prevention of criminal activities

Settlement of disputes in the courts

The courts resolve issues between two parties, by listening to the arguments unbiasedly and then given decision in favour of the one whose point has been proved and backed by evidence.

For example

In a dispute over property, the court will check that which party has the ownership by viewing the original property documents

Application of laws at hand

It works on the principle of speedy trials to solve cases swiftly so that issues are resolved

and law and order is maintained in a society.

Court gives the punishment to the accused

After proper verification the person who is accused of the crime is punished in accordance to the laws.

Classification of Courts and their importance to improve the Jurisdiction in vast areas

A country has a classification of courts, so that it is easy to divide the issues based on areas and decrease the load on courts.

The main three types of court include: session court, high court and supreme court.

All these courts work at their particular level and they are binding in nature on the decisions taken.

Correctional institutions and their role in maintaining public order and preventing criminal activities

Rehabilitation and reformation of offenders

The correctional institutions rehabilitate and reform offenders through proper training and surveillance.

Protect the community from crime in longer run

The correctional institutions protect the community from crime in a longer run, by countering the root causes of crime.

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Humane custody

The offenders are treated in a humanly manner in custody, they are provided with security.

and kept away from negative influence

Parole

• Offenders are released back in society and given condition to obey strict behavioral rules under the supervision of a parole officer

Probation

The offender is allowed to remain the community under the supervision of probation officer

Confinement

Criminals are confined in jails under security and facilities

Conclusion

There is a vital role of courts, police and correctional institutes in maintaining law and order, through laws, rehabilitation and implementation.

Section III

Q6. Introduction

Gender-based crime are very common in the world, these occur due to the cultural and religious beliefs depicted as conservative. The beliefs have contextual meaning but they are rigidly elaborated and the effects are highly transferrable in societies. Pakistan was a part of India, we have similar culture, norms, traditions. After the partition, many cultures, traditions have been diffused into the culture of Pakistan society, through cultural diffusion. This has led to the increase in gender based crime. Pakistan lies in the ten worst offenders according to the Global Gender Gap report. This can be solved by reforming the legal system by introducing policies for the better treatment of genders.

Societal Impacts of Gender Based Crime

Impact on Victims

Due to the physical and psychological trauma's experienced by victims, they can be lead to long-term emotional scars.

Victims can suffer from depression, anxiety and post-traumatic stress disorder.

They could also develop trust deficit, low self esteem and lose their confidence.

Social Norms and Stereotypes

The gender based crime can perpetuate harmful gender stereotypes in the society. This could reinforce unequal power dynamics in the society.

It could contribute to the normalization of violence against women, perpetuating a culture of silence.

Economic Consequences for the long run

Already, 7/10 women are financially excluded in Pakistan due to no bank account. After gender based crimes, women can withdraw from workplaces, educational institutes due to safety concerns.

This could hinder the economic empowerment of women, impacting overall societal development

Quaid-e-Azam said:

“No nation can rise to the height of glory unless your women are side by side with you.”

Women are almost 53% of population of Pakistan and their contribution to GDP is very high.

Social Cohesion and Trust

The trust for institutions could be eroded due to their inability to address gender-based crimes inadequately.

Strategies of Criminology that could address these consequences in the society ✓

Legal reforms

The laws can be strengthened and enforced swiftly to counter gender-based violence.

This ensures that the legal proceedings provide a deterrent effect.

Community policing ✓

Establishing community policing initiatives can help to build trust between the law

enforcements and the community. This could encourage the reporting of crime and could also increase the collaboration between police and citizens.

Education and Awareness regarding gender issues

Educational programs can be implemented to challenge the gender stereotypes and also promote gender equality.

Awareness related to the legal consequences of gender based crimes can also work as deterrence.

Data Collection and research to understand root causes of crime

Criminological research should be conducted to understand the root causes and the patterns of gender based crime.

Data-driven approaches should be used to develop targeted interventions and policies.

Institutional Accountability

Institutions accountability should be held for addressing gender-based crimes through transparency.

A culture of zero tolerance should be promoted within law enforcement and judicial systems.

International Collaboration

Collaboration with international organizations and experts can help to acquire best practices and utilization of least resources to achieve efficient results.

Global initiatives can be leveraged to combat gender based violence in the society.

This can be proved beneficial for society in many ways.

Media Advocacy

The media should be utilized to promote responsible reporting on gender based crime.

Training of police with respect to investigative methodology

The police should be trained in investigative methodology which applies to domestic and sexual violence. Furthermore, effective and respectful interviewing procedures for the victims and witnesses of such crimes ~~such~~ should be applied.

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Conclusion

Gender based crimes have many after effects on the development of a nation and its prosperity. This can be overtaken by measures which could help to strengthen gender development and reduce stereotypes.

Section - IV

Q8.
a)

Green Collar Crime

It is a crime committed **against env and wildlife** the environment to gain profit

For example,

deforestation and illegal logging, both of which harm trees and the surrounding environment, including the wildlife. The illegal logging and cutting down of trees in Central Africa are threatening the survival of gorilla's.

Causes of Green Collar Crime

Profit Motive

The desire of financial gain can drive individuals and corporations to engage in environmentally

harmful practices

Lack of enforcement ✓

Weak and ineffective regulatory frameworks and enforcement mechanisms can create a culture of impunity ✓

Globalization

Global economic activities can lead to the outsourcing of production to areas with less environmental regulations ✓

Complexity of Environmental laws

The complexity of environmental regulations may create loopholes and make it difficult for authorities to monitor and enforce compliance.

Lack of Awareness ✓

Insufficient public awareness on

environmental issues may contribute to lack of pressure on businesses and authorities. ✓

Potential effects

Ecosystem damage

Destruction of habitats, deforestation and pollution can harm biodiversity and disrupt ecosystems. ✓

Public Health risks

illegal disposal of hazardous waste and pollution can pose significant risk to human health.

Resource Depletion

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Overexploitation of natural resources without adherence to sustainable practices can lead to resource depletion.

Climate change impact

Activities contributing to greenhouse

gas emissions can exacerbate climate change.

Remedies ✓

Strengthening regulation

Enact and enforce stringent environmental laws to deter illegal activities

Whistleblower protection ✓

Legal protection should be provided for whistleblowers to encourage reporting of environmental crimes in a society.

Community Involvement

Involve local communities in environmental monitoring and protection efforts. ✓

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b) **Public Private Partnership
as a model to curb
Crime.**

It is a government service or private business venture which is funded and operated through a partnership of government and one or more private sector companies.

It involves a contract between a public sector authority and a private party, in which the private party provides a public service or project and assumes substantial financial, technical and operational risk in the project.

How Public Private Partnership can be used in Crime Protection

Data sharing

Private and public entities can

Share relevant data and information about crime trends, patterns and emerging threats. This can enhance the overall situational awareness and helps in designing targeted crime prevention strategies in a society.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Private companies can contribute to crime prevention through community engagement initiatives.

This can include

- funding local programs
- supporting education
- providing resources

Skill Development

Private sector expertise can be tapped for training law and enforcement personnel in specialized areas such as cybersecurity, fraud detection or any other form of emerging crimes.

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