ARIFA Batch 335

DATE 28732 -Myopic and generic introduction -Weak argumentation, lacks substance -Weak argumentation, lacing structure -dangling and misplaced structure -number your headings -ensure that you are answering each part of the asked question 03: System of checks & balances The system of Checks and Balances is crucial aspect 0 the trichotomy 0[10 powers which refers to the division ol government powers in to three branches . the leaislative executive and judicial branches, The goal 0 this system is to prevent any branch becoming top one from powerful and to ensure that each operates within its designated branch constitutional Imits Checks and Balances allow each branch to monitor and the actions of other limit branches thereby maintaining a system accountability and preventing power . abuse of Here's explanation of how Checks an work with the example and Balances Government US (Congress) Legislative Branch: US constitution lays out the legislature greatest in the debail it also gives legisla ture greatest the number df checks on the other branches.

	DATE:	-
	-> checks on the executive all	
	The framers of the constitution were	
	concerned about the President	
	becoming a lyronnical figure	
	like King George III, Hence	
_	constitution gives legislative addlot	
	of powers over the executive.	
	in powers which refers wellact	10.00
7	The House of Representatives consist	
	Impeach the President	1
7	The senate constremore president	
Part	from office but only with 2/rd	
	majorityet primeral ment densid son	
7	The senate can also check the	
	President's appointment of Judges	
	and officials by rejecting them	
	This is known as ADVICE AND	
_	CONSENTED Sector to anthonorthy	
7	Either branch of Congress can	
	investigate executive activities and	- 11
-	officers. Develop	
2	of president vetoes a law, congre	
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	with a the two- thirds vole in both	-
	Houses can override the veto	
7	congress can also refuse to pass	
	lows that the exective wants.	
-7	They can Civilia to appropriate line	
	fonds stop for executive programs. 20	
1	the meter detail it also gives	

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	> checks oversiziber Judiciarys 222200 a
/	gress can impeach and remove
	Judges as it can do with the
2	president
,	senate can reject judicial nominees
	which is a check on Tudges before
	they even get there.
7	congress can change the federal
-	court system by adding or
	taking away courts like it.
	says it in Articles Ille
2	of can also change the jurisdiction
	of federals courts of universal
2	Congress can pass news that
	override Supreme Court decisions
	as long as the indepision wide it
	basionione à third prings bitution. alordo e
2	rongress can propose amendments
	to the Constitution as it did with the 13th 14th, 15th Amendments
	overwling the Dred Scott Decision
	overvling the Orca side
1	by declarge the prevention we
	Executive or branch of the legislature of legislature of the
20.000	> checks over legislature
2	President con veto congress' laws.
7	President can call congress into
	a special session but he can't make them pass new laws. make them pass new laws.
7	to break ties with Senate,

	> checks overaisibilijudiciarya danda t	
7	The president nominates	
	supreme court judges, it can	╢
	change the way courts work.	\parallel
7	He also nominates Federal	╢
	court judges and this shapes	\parallel
	the entire court system.	╟
A	The president can pardon	╟
	people convicted by the courts	6
	which cancels out their judgement	-
2	can refuse to carry out court	-
	decisione	
	The executive branch is however	16
	weaker than othe degislation	
	200 kinshailand Contractor	
	Judiciary Branch: and and and	
	-> checks over legislative & executive	
1	Being the weakest branch, t	
	also has fewest checks in the	
	other two branches and	· · ·
7	The judiciary checks the legislature	
	by declaring its lows own constitutional	1
2	Chief Justice al impresider over alanda e	
	împeachment trials.	1.
2	The judiciary cheeks the	-
	exective branch by declaring	
	executive actions unconstitutional.	
	Vici Vicuteos di que que so alla secolar	-

	31.20	
	A famous example of this MO	
	check is thereof Maranal	
		<u>.</u>
	Joingstown sheet and Tube: Company	
	VS.	
	ece steel selzure case held that the	
	ster seizure case held that the	
	president did not have the althority	
-	to seize private properly without	
	specifically being granted	1
	acthoriby by Congress. "	
-	and a second s	
7	The court also issues warrants over	
4	federal crime cases and presides	1.
	over impeachment trials in the	
	Senate.	
7	Courts have the porer to invalidable	
	laws and executive actions.	
	Contraction of the second second	
2	Tamping and the 42 th of the property of the	
-	and the second se	
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	and the second	-
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	the second second and the second second	
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	JORBIAN POLICY	
		1. 19
	History: dell' bro hand and hand	
	Initially, Patistan's national interest focused	
	on security establishment and economic	
	survival. At the time of cold	
	war in south Asia and US's	
	search for allies all perfectly fit	
	together. America's assistance	
	established a balance of power	
	in the region securing	
	Pakistan's servivabel	K
	Us connection strengthened the	
1	elite based ording establishment	2
	particularly the army Therefore,	
	army became a predominant	3
	player in the country's politics	-
	The ormy's services, geopolitical	
	location, and it's islamisation	
24	made it an altractive partner	
	for different yeasons, to china	11
	the US and KSA, who become	
	its principal benefactors.	
	Pak-china friendship is a succe	11
	of the country's foreign relations	
	Pakistan has stood up well	
1	to India's hegemony and	
53	its nuclear capability for which	
	both the civilian and militar	
10	leaderships are to be credited.	

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	st has not only been good	
	for the contry's securty but	
	also for peace in the region.	
	Pakistan has also enjoyed a	
	high profile in multi lateral	
	diplomacy and has had excellent	
	relations with Muslim World_	
	Presenti	
	Now the policy has increasingly been	
	made less out of concern of failed	
	national interest and more by	
1.199	the leadership's own prioritres	
	and pursuit of political power.	
MARKET ST	The vise of extremist outfits	
	born out of Patistan's	
	strategic ambitions and	
N	Washington's will conceived wars,	
	have come to threaten our	
	internal stability and economic	
	future. Instability thrives a when	
	a state is two weak and	
	ambivalent to act,	1.19
	The ruling establishment ?s	
	response to the deepening	
	onsis a feu years ago mas	1000 A 1
	to make a rhetorical switch	
	to geo-economics - economic	
	policies pursued on the basis of	
	global economic and geopolitical	
	Considerations	

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Geo-economics largely remains	G
slogan as Pakistan fails to	, .
make necessary shifts. The	21 14
underlying structural economic	c .
weaknesses pour governance an	d
lack of political stability do	
not malee Pakistan a an	ach
partner or an altractive	
market for foreign investors.	Pres
The second s	and -
Future:	niae:
There are several middle and asp	iring
powers melli aligning and networ	kina
through miniformus, adhoc group	mgs
and shifting coalitions at U	he
global and regional levels	ih
or without getting involved	1
in the US-china Rivalry	1
ot is already apparent h	1000
country's - bra borgaining pow	in
individually or as groups T	This
can create a whole new	na s
set of opportunities for wider	aT
circle of small and middle	31
powers.	41.1
To enhance economic benefils	
combies are -strengthening	24
loosening traditional ties	11.2

	1
DATE ://	
Dependency Syddrome ribb 110	
China	
The dependency syndrome,	
anti-Americanism and a	
warped view of "independent"	thing of the
forcign policy has led to the	
perception that with china at	Provention -
its back, Paleistan does not	
need 1 tol portorolized o therefices all	
To develop relations with china	
To develop relations with china	
and US pakistan's diplomacy	
heeds to be flexible. Thes with	
China maybe toder indispensible but with America, lies are	
pecussary.	
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A Page (RT (G))	7.70
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DATE : ___/___ 04, The relationship between strong political system and a strong economy is complex. However, a strong enotion political system can create an environmen for economic prosperiby Necessity of a strong political system for a strong economy 1. Rule of law and stability A strong political system establishes and enforces the ne of law, providing a slable environment for economic activities. Buchesses and investors thrive in an environment where property rights are protected, contracts are enforced and three 13 a predictable legal frameworls. 2.000000al Policy Consistency and Predictability Political stability contributes to consistent economic pulieres. Frequent changes in government or policy incertainty can create an unstable business invironment making it difficult for humesses to plan for the long-turn

DATE : ___/___/____ Infrastructure and Public Services A robust political system is essential for planning and implementing onliced in fractive the projects and public services. Efficient infrastructure, education and healthcare systems, which are often overseen by the government are crucial for economic development. Corruption and Germanice. 4. A strong political system can help combat comption for fostering trust and transparency Low levels of comption contribula to a fair business invironment and ensure that resources are allocated efficiently.