

IV- Inhibiting factors of social-Cultural factors change in Palcisth that makes less 1- Cultural lag: Non-material culture Jakes time to accept inith technological innovations and subsequent social charge due to moral dilemmas.

Cultural lag act as the trespeting force. force. Example: 7Use of camera

-7 Polio Vaccine

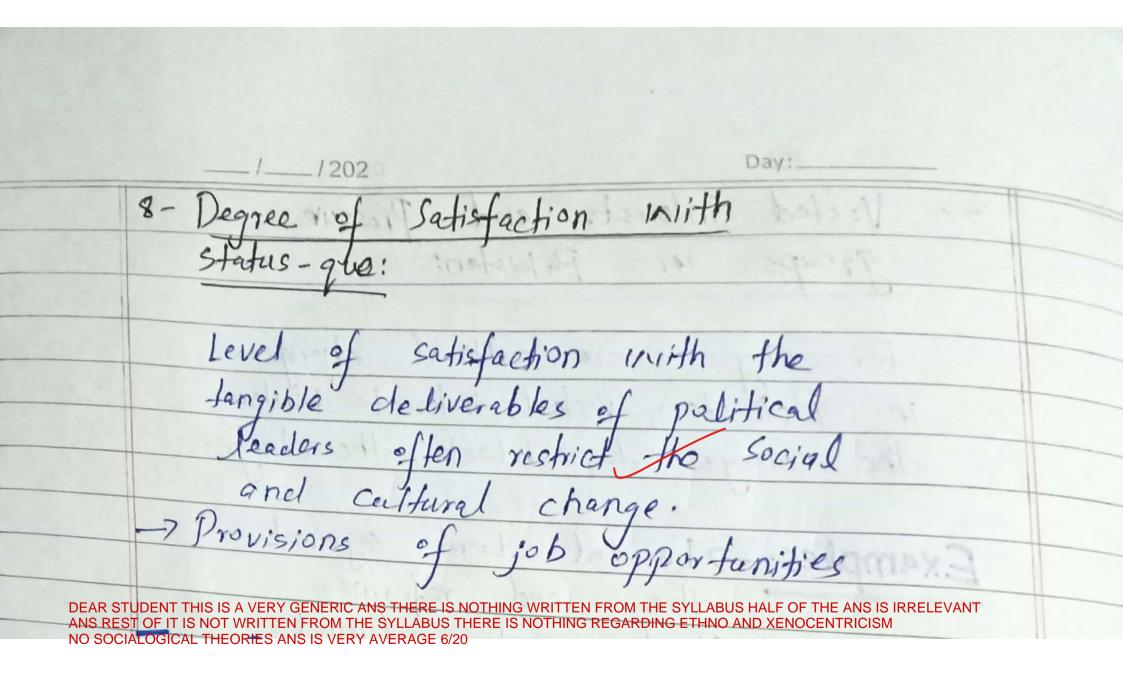
-7 Use of Load Speaker 2- Social inertia: Deeply entrenched traditions and customs are adament to charge due to long existing practice over the years. Examples: -7 Tribal Culture of

FATA.

Mostly, they take pride of

male dominency. -> New Freedom of choosing partner,
Profession and job for Women.

2 11 1 Interests and Pressure	
3- Vested interests and Pressure groups in Paleistan:	
For any socia-cultural change,	
Devilar vected mitteest	
the iniays to block the change.	
Examples: -> Fuedal Lord against	
the land reforms. Traders of informal economy are averse to documentation	
7 Traders of informal	
economy are averse to documentation	
Of the economy.	
4: Isolation of society. The periphery	
of FATA and backward areas	
of Balochistan, Sinch and Gilgit	-
Paultistan eften inhibite change.	-
	+
5- Idealogical Conflict:	+
in Paleistan paints a picture of diverse seets unihich offen disincentivises	+
in relaistan paints a picture of	+
diverse seets unmich offen districtions	
any charge.	
6- Psychological Peasons:	
Naturally,	
human's psychology often resist	
human's psychology often resist the change.	
	7
7- Ratio of Older person:	
Prules II of I like	
Palcistan, older people donot like	





Conflict Perspective Theory I- Introduction:

Copoup of people

or individual struggle for their

due share of the Jimited

resourse that exist or desired

by human. It is a struggle

against unfair distribution of

resources. The struggle against

unequal porportion of resources

effen Jeaels to conflict and

confrontation. Thus it Jeads

to conflict and Joeds to

gadical charges in institut radical charges in institution and societies - power transition. II- Characteristics of Conflict Perspective: 1) Society is in a perpetual state There is a in power always manipulate the rights and increase their own merelih. In this raw, less-privilleged class suffers about at the expense of elite class

2- Understanding Pointer: According to Karl Marx, power is a control over three things, (i) Material resources (ii) Palities (iii) Social institutions 3- HOIN do elites maintain the pointer?

Karl Marx argued

that elites do maintain their

pointer through two state
apparatus.

i) Idealogical State Apparatus:

In which state tries to

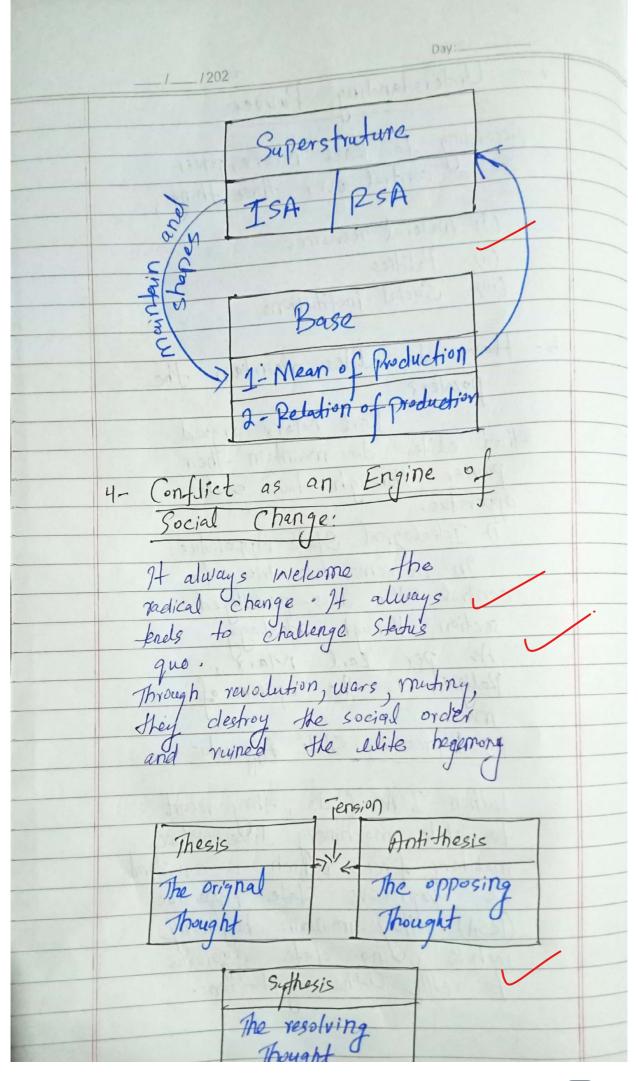
contral the Jess-privilleged

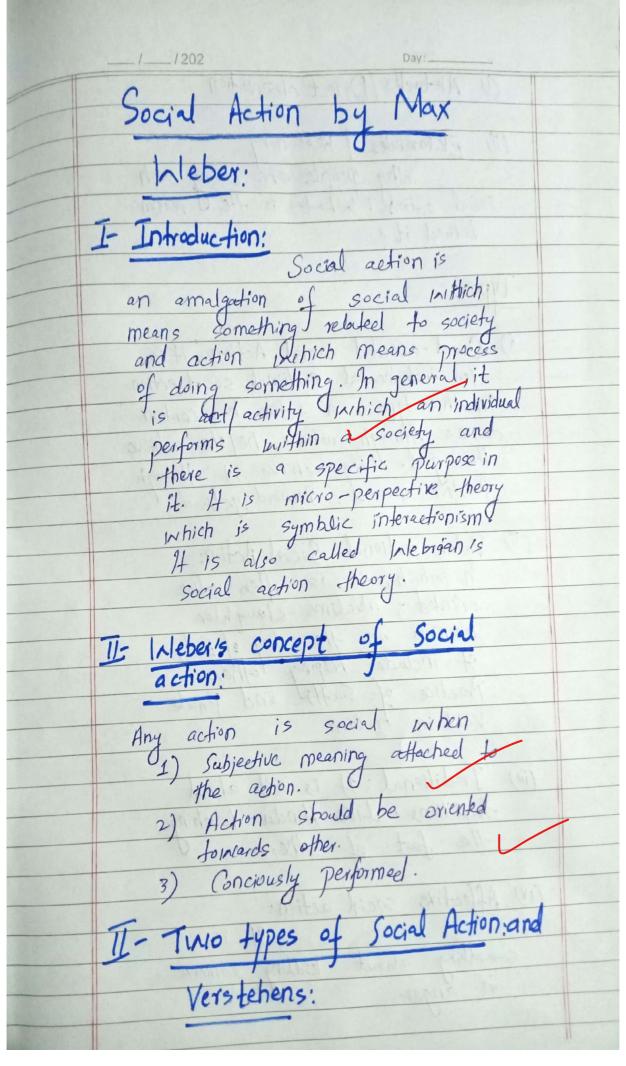
section through idealogy.

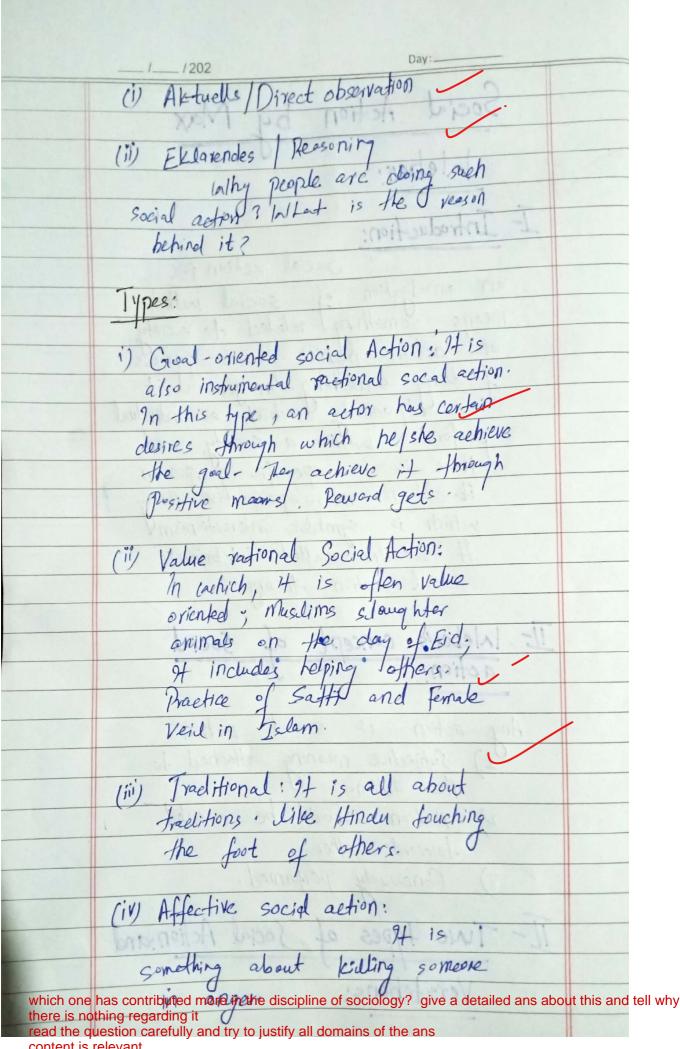
As per Karl Marx,

Peligion is the opium of

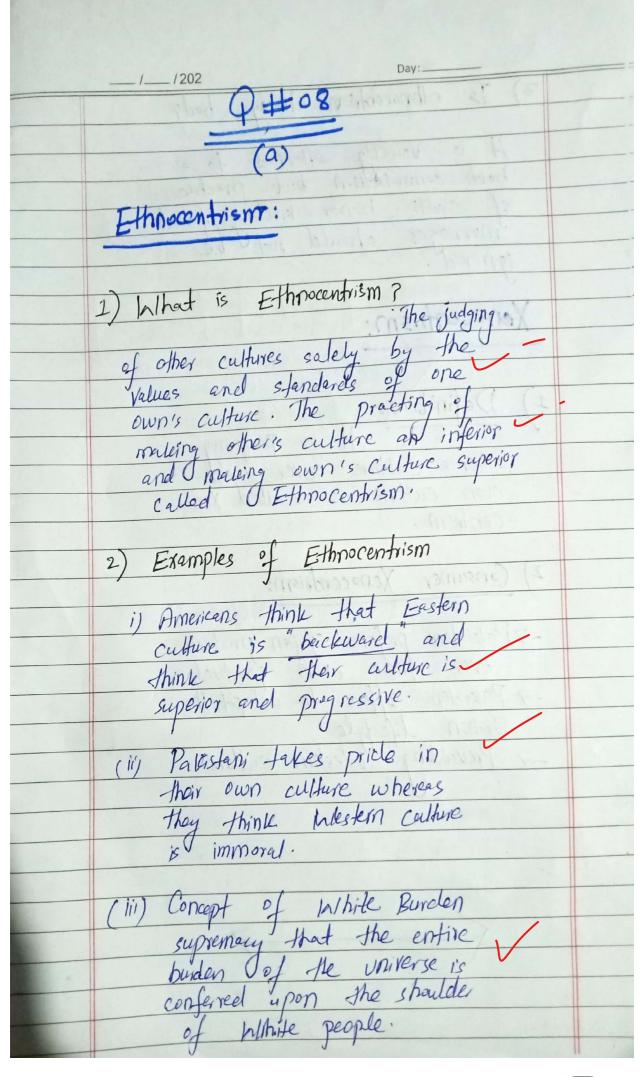
mass. pomler? (ii) Repressive State Apparatus Inthen IsA fails, they resort to state machinery like palice, military forces which is considered as pepressive state Apparatus (RSA). They maintain hegemony while using state apparatus to settle other agitations.

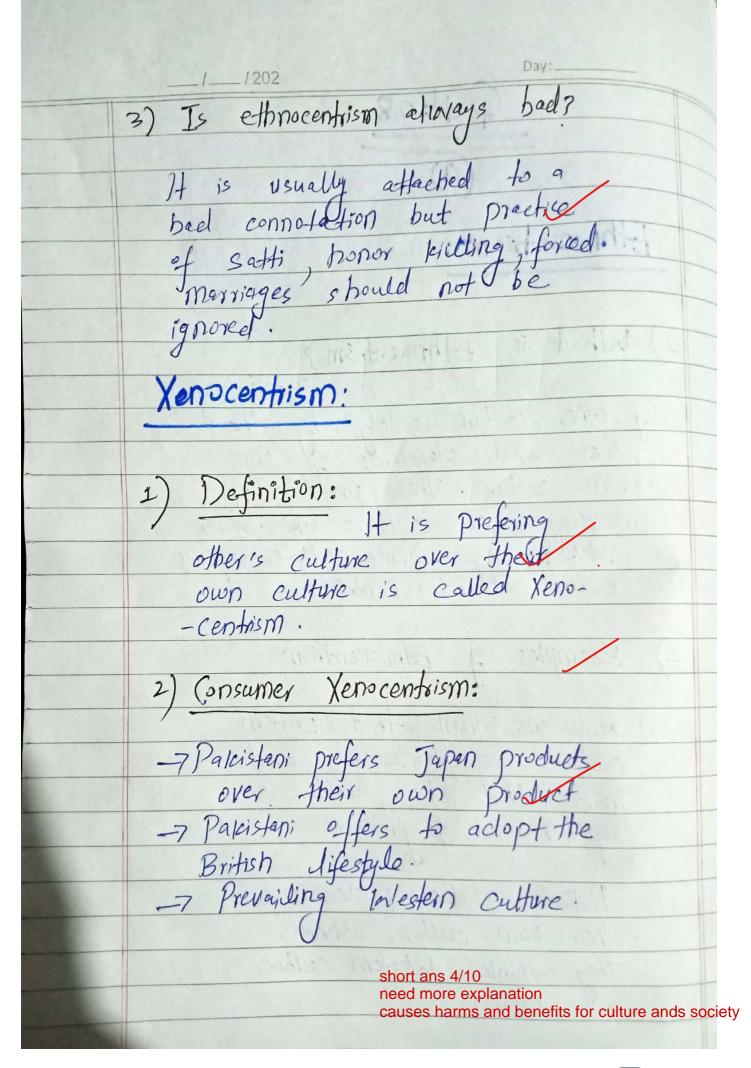


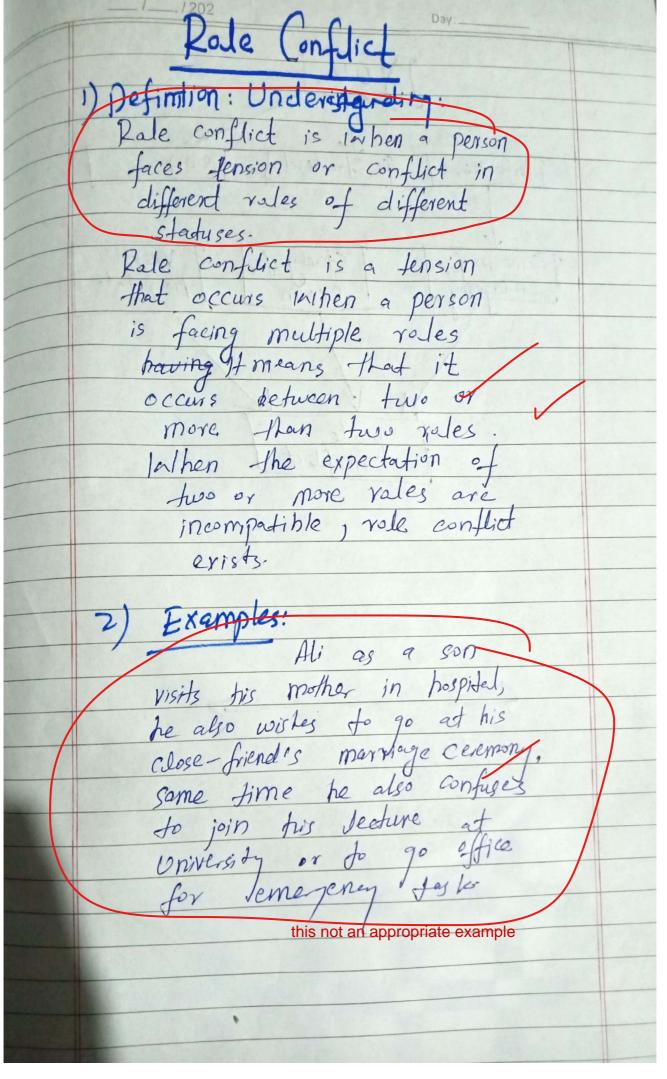


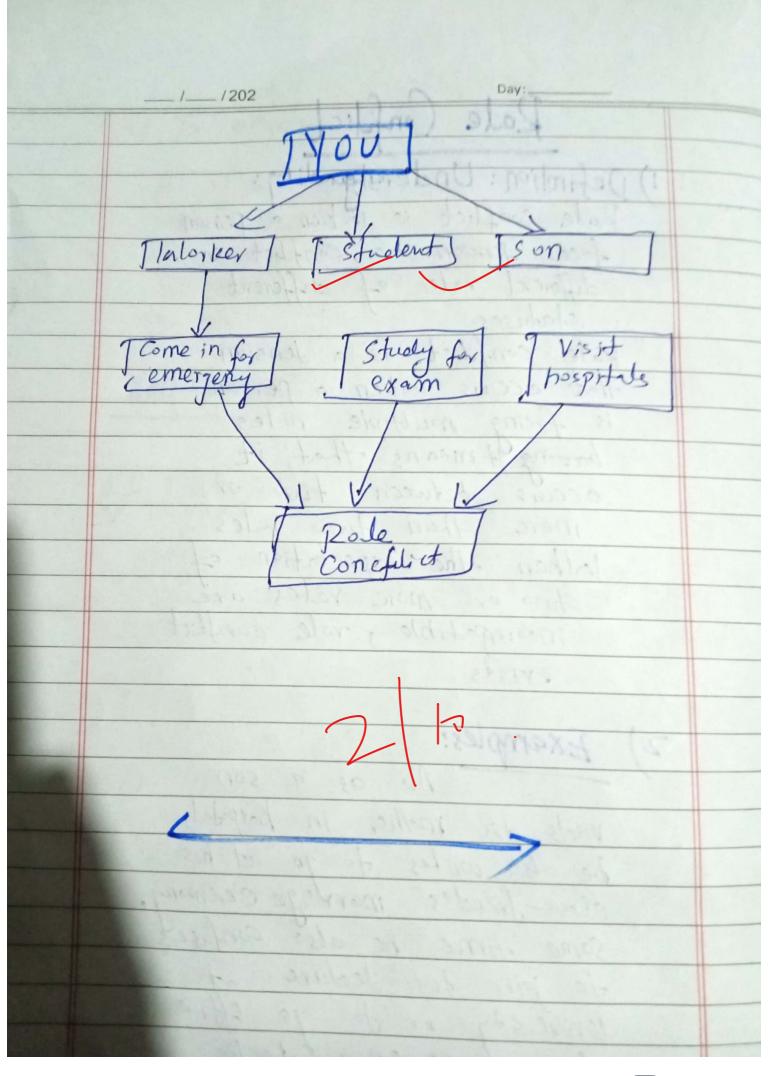


CS CamScanner





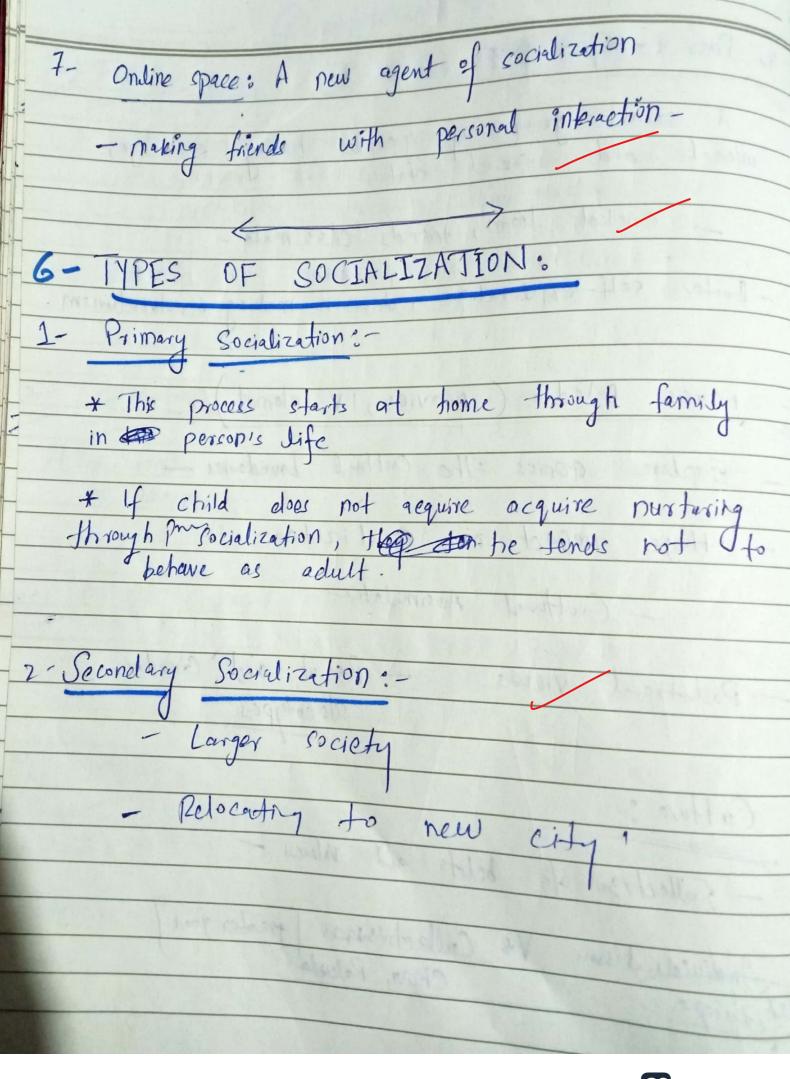






Question # 02 Social Institutions 1- Family: -Determine child's language, religion, class
Childein rely on their parents for basic
necessities, nurturing and guidance Example of Grender Socialization are these personal one liner notes or a proper 20 marks ans>> where is the intro? Education 5 It is First avenue for outside interaction At Learns of ideas of knowledge, order, dicipline Example: Racial integration in USA Merging of School for black and Religion ? Moral value, belief, meaning of Example: sociology of religion Profestants V Catholics Capitalism Economic

Peer Groups . A social group of people having same age, intenst and social status-- cricket team, friends classmate -- Foster self-exploration, decision making, adventurism Mass Media (Movies, TV, internet) - Explore grosss the cultural boundaries. - Huge impact on socialization - Cultural Assimilatives - Pacial and Grender - Political Views sterestypes - Culture: - Callection of belifs and values -Individualism V* Collectivismon greater good
A, Europe China, Pakistan UsA, Europe



Resocialization; Ressocialization is the bounny of new norms and values that occurs when life circumstance changes of namatically. Example: loss of Spouse, Children leaving home retirement, going to prison-- Developmental Socialization. This type of socialization involves a learn process wherein the focus is on developin gogal skills. Example: - A shy student, debating society.

Functionalist 7. Critical Perpectives - Social, Analysis -Economic functions Perposonality Development 2 Individuals Behavioral and Emotional Contral Preparing people to perform social Development Economic support Mechanism, Conflict Perpective and social inequal Education, Religion, Family poorly written incoherent and ans is very casually written 5/20