

Q NO2

Explore the multifaceted scope of Criminology, including its role in crime prevention, criminal justice policy maker and rehabilitation of offenders.

Criminology:

The term criminology was coined in 1885 by Italian law professor Raffaele Garofalo as "Crimologia". Later, French anthropologist used the term "criminology".

It is a scientific approach to studying criminal behaviour.

Criminology is defined as the, "Body of knowledge regarding crime as a social phenomenon". It includes within its scope the processes of making laws, of breaking laws, and of reacting towards the breaking laws.

Scope of Criminology:

Criminology is a complex and multifaceted field of study that seeks to unravel the mysteries of crime, understand the individuals who commit criminal acts, examine the mechanisms of the criminal justice system. It is an inter-disciplinary field that draws

From psychology, sociology, laws, economics, biology and other sciences to explore the causes, patterns, and consequences of criminal activities. Criminologists aim to understand why individuals engage in lawful acts, whether driven by social, economic, psychological or environmental factors. They also investigate the functioning of the criminal justice system, including police, courts, and corrections, seeking to improve its effectiveness and fairness. Additionally, criminology delves into various subfields into feminist criminology, bio-criminology, criminalistics, addressing specialized aspects of crime, punishment, and biological underpinnings of criminal conduct.

↳ Role in Crime Prevention:

One of the primary role of criminology is to develop effective strategies for crime prevention, and control. Criminologists are actively involved in developing, implementing and assessing crime prevention strategies such as, rehabilitation programs, community programs, community policy and measures.

reduce recidivism. By understanding the nature and scope of criminology, legal professionals and policy makers can develop effectiveness strategies for crime prevention and control while fostering fairness and efficiency within the legal system.

↳ Role in Criminal Justice Policymaking.

Criminology has a significant role in criminal justice policy making. It provides a theoretical framework for understanding the causes of crime and the effectiveness of various criminal justice interventions. Criminologists can help policy makers by providing evidence-based research on the effectiveness of different criminal justice policies and programs. However, the role of criminology in policymaking is not without its challenges. Political considerations and impediments can hinder the advancement of translational criminology and evidence-based criminal justice policy. Criminologists must adapt to these challenges and establish a more prominent role

for translational criminology

↳ Role in Rehabilitation of Offenders:-

The rehabilitation of offenders is one of the key areas of focus in criminology. Rehabilitation programs aim to help offenders reintegrate into society by addressing the underlying causes of their criminal behaviour and providing them with the skills and support they need to lead productive lives. Research has shown that rehabilitation programs can be effective in reducing recidivism rates, particularly when they target the criminogenic needs of offenders, such as anti-social attitudes, self-control, problem-solving skills and substance abuse.

conclusions

Criminology plays a vital role in the rehabilitation of offenders by providing evidence-based insights into the causes of criminal behaviour and the most effective methods of preventing and controlling crime. By focusing on the criminogenic needs of offenders, rehabilitation programs can help reduce recidivism rates and promote public safety.

Q NO 8

Write a notes on the following.

a)

Green Collar Crime — Causes, Potential and remedial measures.

Green COLLAR CRIME:

A green collar crime is a crime that is committed against the environment to gain profit. These crimes are not forbidden by law but we still consider them wrong and worthy of punishment.

• CAUSES OF GREEN COLLAR CRIMES

Green collar crime often cause problems for human populations also because they often depend on ecosystem that are being harmed by these crimes. Deforestation is considered a green-collar crime and is a huge problem for our planet and the future of the people living here.

• Green collar crime — Potential:

These crimes can harm the environment, public health, and natural resources.

Some examples of green collar crimes include illegal waste disposal, poaching, illegal logging and polluting activities.

The punishments given for these crimes vary depending on the severity of

The crime and the country's law.

These crimes have a significant impact on the environment and the people who depend on it. For instance, deforestation and illegal logging can threaten the survival of wild life and entire ecosystems.

• Remedial measures:

These crimes can have a significant impact on the environment and human health. Remedial measures for green collar crime include:

- Governments can strengthen environmental laws to ensure that they are more effective in preventing and punishing green collar crime.
- Educating the public about the impact of green collar crime can help to reduce the incidence of these crimes.
- Companies can be encouraged to take responsibility for their environmental impact by implementing sustainable practices and reducing their carbon footprint.

These are some of the remedial measures that can be taken to address green collar crime.

b) Public Private Partnership as modern model to curb crime.

Public - Private Partnership:-

Public - Private Partnership is a modern model that has been used to curb crime in many countries. Public Private Partnerships are collaborations between the government and private entities to achieve a common goal. In the context of crime, Public Private Partnership can be used to improve public safety, reduce crime rates, and enhance the criminal justice system. Public Private Partnership can be used to improve the efficiency of law enforcement agencies by providing them with the necessary resources and expertise to combat crime. Public Private Partnerships can also be used to improve the quality of life for citizens by providing them with a safer environment to live in.

According to a report, Public-Private Partnerships have been successful in forging partnerships between law enforcement and financial institutions to identify

and disrupt financial crime. The report highlights the need for a greater diversity of voices around the table, including smaller, regional, and domestic banks, as well as organizations that champion privacy and data protection -

Public Private Partnerships are a modern model that can be used to curb crime - They have been successful in many countries and can be used to improve public safety, reduce crime rates, and enhance the criminal justice system -

QNO 6.

What are the significant societal impacts of gender-based crimes, and how can criminology inform strategies to mitigate and address these consequences?

GENDER-BASED CRIMES:

Gender-Based Crimes are the crimes committed against persons whether male or female, because of their sex or socially constructed gender roles. These crimes affect women and girls of all socio-economic backgrounds and requires a community based, multi-pronged approach to decrease violence against women and girls.

IMPACT OF GENDER BASED CRIMES ON SOCIETY:

Gender based crimes has serious impacts on society and its victims - these impacts includes.

- undermining the health, dignity, security and autonomy of its victims.
- serious short and long term physical, mental, sexual and reproductive health problems for women.

- Affecting children's health and well-being
- Dropping attendance to minimum level at school and colleges.
- Negative effects on children psychology.
- Stigmatisation of girls and boys in their communities when they are suspected of experiencing sexual violence.

Consequences:

Criminology can help inform strategies to mitigate and address the consequences of criminal behaviour - criminologists study the causes of criminal behaviour and how control systems influence the sustainability of criminal behaviour. They propose new theories and test existing ones to understand the root causes of criminal behaviour.

The following are some ways in which criminology can inform strategies to mitigate and address the consequences of criminal behaviour.

→ Rational Choice Theory:

It is a framework that helps explain the behaviour of

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individuals and groups in various situations - It assumes that people act rationally, meaning that they choose the option that best satisfies their preferences, given the available information and constraints.

→ Sampson suggests that reducing residential mobility through programs enabling people to buy their own homes, sponsoring youth activities to increase interactions between youth and adults, and promoting volunteerism and community organizations can help reduce crime rates.

Thus, some criminologists have actively campaigned against capital punishment and have advocated in favor of various legal reforms.