

Precis:

International Law and Sovereignty of States

Different laws have been made to govern behaviour of people and the conduct of state. These laws hold different jurisdictions. International law work without outside influence and have authority to put sanctions on states. But states are not subordinate to law and hold similar powers like law. This situation raises questions about legality and credibility of International law. Few claims that it lacks effectiveness because it is impossible for a state and law to hold same power. These queries solved by theory of consent which explained that state exercise sovereignty within the jurisdiction of law. Furthermore world court discourages the misuse of power by state. So, International law is quite rigid and hold

wide area of jurisdiction. Still many questions its legality but no one had fully explained its true working.

words in the Passage: 380

words in précis: 130

Q NO: 2

Correct any Five of the following.

a) Hundreds of students gathered to attend the conference by Hassan Ali Ghandal

b) I am one of those persons who cannot describes what I feel.

c) of novel and poetry the latter is more important

d) The professor and orator is dead

e) you need not rebuke him.

Q NO: 3

Re-write the following sentences. ---

---- prepositions.

i. He went to the desert

ii. The bird flew over my head

iii. while walking on the bank of

river, Wordsworth saw a large number of daffodils

iv. The doctor gave me a prescription for my cough.

v. In the examination you have to answer all the questions within an hour.

(Part-b)

Punctuation:

One day a friend visited Hodja and said Hodja, "I want to borrow your donkey." "I'm sorry," replied Hodja, "but I've already lent it to someone else." As soon as he said this, the donkey brayed. But Hodja, I can hear the donkey! It's in the stable! Shutting the door in his friend's face, Hodja told him with dignity, "A man who believes the word of a donkey above my word doesn't deserve to be lent anything!"

Q No: 4

Idioms

1. Big Fish:

The police caught the big fish ^{who was} behind illicit drug dealing.

2. To give the devil his due:

Although Jamil is disliked for his self-centered personality, but to give the devil his due he always helps the needy.

3. At the top of the tree:

Jamil is at the top of tree now, as he ^{become the} CEO of the company.

4. To burn one's bridges:

Nasima has burned her bridges by ~~coming~~ abandoning american nationality and came back to her homeland.

5. Q No: 5

Translation into english:

Every nation went through good and bad days. But there is a need of self dignity and conscience.

There was a tough time for Japan after ^{second} world war. The ruinous atomic bombs had already devastated the two cities. But Japanese were more concerned about humiliation of the king. The humiliated behaviour of General MacArthur towards the king, ignited the feelings of revenge in Japanese. Even if they failed to defeat America by weapons, they defeated it in every field with their skills. At last, within few decades this nation become successful again and achieved their ^{deprived} status back. This story holds a great lesson for Pakistan.

QNo: 6

~~QNo~~ Comprehension

QNo: 1. After reading this - - - - -

- - - - - means

Answer 1: One can infer from the details given in the passage that

"ad hominem" refers to arguments. These arguments presented in response to prove statement against fellow argumentator.

Q No: 2 How did Lincoln succeed in convincing the jury?

Answer: According to the information given in the passage, the Lincoln convinced the jury by generalized and fine use of ad hominem. He simply directed jury's attention to superficial knowledge of trial lawyer by pointing the shirt of him. In that way he convinced jury.

Q No: 3 How was Lincoln tactic "non-malicious"?

Answer: The tactics of Lincoln were non-malicious. He used overly simple tactic by pointing out the little mistake of trial lawyer, which was a simple conduct of common sense. According to details one can infer that shrewdness and malicious tactics

may hold legal points. But a simple logical argument could change the whole story.

Q No: 5 Meanings of following words

a) Fallacy

Pretentious act, false

b) Gleam

A spark, light

c) Plaintiff

d) Cripple

Disabled, Paralyzed,

e) vicious

Repeating, complex, never ending