

# Title: Impact of Poverty on Education

## Outline

### 1. Introduction

### 2. How poverty impacts education?

- (a) Poverty causes out of school children and impacts education.
- (b) Ability to get higher education undermines with poverty, and thus targets education.
- (c) The focus shifts towards materialistic things with poverty, and thereby education gets hit.
- (d) Poverty provokes people's vulnerabilities and moves them away from education.

(e) Illicit activities enhance with poverty and thereby, leave behind education.

(f) Poverty inculcates anarchy and thus causes colossal damages to education.

(g) Gender preferences occur in education with poverty and hurt education for all.

3. What are the underlying causes of poverty, due to which education gets target? (A Case Study of Pakistan)

(a) Population explosion has caused deleterious effects for creating poverty.

(b) Political instability has ensured uncertainties in markets and thus contributed in poverty.

(c) Terrorism has blocked (Foreign Direct Investment) by creating security situation and added fuel to fire towards poverty.

(d) Widespread unemployment has triggered poverty.

(e) Economic turmoil has caused stagflation and advanced poverty.

4. What are the plausible measures to ensure education, while curbing poverty?

(a) Introduction of state owned policy for population control is paramount for reducing poverty.

(b) Political stability with strong democracy is essential against poverty.

(c) Gradication of terrorism to attract Foreign Direct Investment is compulsory for poverty reduction.

(d) Creation of employment opportunities by giving incentives to industries is necessary to counter poverty.

(e) Counter stagflation with economic revival has become need of hour against poverty.

5. Conclusion

In historical epochs, education has enjoyed tremendous position towards progress and prosperity of human-kind. From Agriculture to Industrial Revolution, and now the Fourth Industrial Revolution i.e. Technological Revolution, amongst all education has occupied pivotal space. This very need of human constantly remains under influence, because of multifaceted challenges, and among them poverty stands at the top. Because of poverty, children remain out of school, it undermines people's ability to get higher education, shifts the focus towards materialistic things and provokes people's vulnerabilities. It also enhances illicit activities, inculcates anarchy and creates gender disparity in education. All these factors collectively contribute towards shifting attention <sup>away</sup> from education towards mentioned attributes of poverty. This curse has caused unprecedented damages to many nations around the globe. Pakistan, being a developing country is also facing challenges towards the goal of education, due to poverty. Which has occurred due

population explosion, political instability, as well as security concerns for FDI.

This poverty phenomenon has exacerbated with unemployment and economic turmoil.

Notwithstanding, there are plausible measures available for Pakistan to ensure education, while curbing poverty. Which includes state-owned population control policy, political

stability as well as eradication of terrorism to attract FDI. All such measures require robust implementation with strict accountability and progress report. However, if Pakistan

continues along the same line, the very essential need of populace remains under target of poverty.

In the coming paragraphs, we will delve into the deleterious impacts of poverty on education, for analyzing the extent of poverty for education.

First and foremost, poverty causes out of school children and impacts education. As people are striving to meet both ends, for which they are compelled to draw out their children from school to increase the earning of household for

meeting the required expenses. In Pakistan, there are 22.8 million children are out of school and among them 16 million children between the age of 5-16 are did not get the opportunity to enroll in school because of poverty, as per World Bank annual report. Thus, poverty has exacerbated the phenomenon of out-of-school children.

Along the same lines, ability to get higher education undermines with poverty, and thus targets education. In Pakistan, most of the people are living in rural areas, where higher education facilities are not available, due to which they are compelled to move towards urban center. But poverty stricken segment, if somehow manage upto high school education, remains unable to get to higher education because of poverty. Hence, poverty is playing a pivotal role in hindring people's ability to get their higher education.

In the similar manner, the focus shifts towards materialistic things with poverty, and thereby education gets hits. Pakistan, being a developing country has been facing severe economic

crises since East and West P. Pakistan Partition. Since then people are under maze of economic turmoil due to multiple challenges. For meeting both ends, people then shifted their attentions towards material things and leave the goal of education. This mindset still prevails in the country, due to which materialistic lusts prevail and to curb poverty and pushes the goal of education against the wall. So, encouragement of materialism with poverty has casted havoc upon education.