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Subject: English (PRECIS AND COMPOSITION)  
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• Q No: 2

Make a précis of following passage and suggest a suitable title.

Title: International Law and its Challenges.

Précis:

International law is a framework which guides the behavior of states. It lacks the support of society and authoritarian figure, which makes it difficult to implement its decisions. A major concern with effective legal system is that its presence, limits the sovereignty of states. The "Theory of Consent" have been proposed to address this challenge. It states that <sup>binding nature of decisions</sup> it depends upon approval by states. The international legal system is criticised for its inability to maintain world peace. Some people are of the viewpoint, that the statesman should give a chance to legal experts to formulate a comprehensive document for guiding state behavior. It is a challenging task to balance the power of both international law and sovereignty of states.

Total Number of words: 124.

• Q. 3.

Read the following passage carefully and answer questions that follow.

• Questions:

1. "Ad hominem"

• Answer no 1:

After reading this passage, I have understood that 'ad hominem' means that if a person <sup>do</sup> ~~can~~ not have the valid points for argument with another person, then he tries to <sup>the intention is</sup> ~~insults~~ the another person, so that the argument can not be continued and the opponent is criticized for this purpose.

• Answer no 2:

The passage narrates the story of Lincoln how he had used the ad hominem to convince the jury. He tried to abuse his opponent lawyer by telling the jury that ~~his~~ his opponent lawyer had <sup>basic knowledge of</sup> superficial knowledge because he didn't know how to wear a shirt correctly. The use of this tactic, helped him in gaining jury's support.

• Answer no 3:

Lincoln had used the tactic of ad hominem against the opposition lawyer, by criticizing him for not wearing the correct side of shirt on front. The tactic which he had used was non malicious, because he did not caused any harm to his opponent. Rather he intelligently made use of a simple situation of his opponent and won the case.

• Answer no 4:

Lincoln had taken a huge risk by using ad hominem against an experienced trial lawyer. He criticized the opponent lawyer for his clothes, which was completely irrational. If I were an opposing lawyer, I might have countered his move by requesting to the court that since it is a legal battle, so <sup>discussion</sup> ~~decisions~~ should be based on facts and matters related to case. The I would have highlighted the matter that opponent lawyer should refrain from personal remarks.

• Q5 : meanings: c: plaintiff: who is appealing

a fallacy; misconception, b. gleam: light e. vicious: cruel.

Q NO: 4

Correct any FIVE of following: d. cripple: dry

f. The professor and orator are dead.  
The professor and orator is dead.

g. I have never and never will abuse anyone.

I have never abused anyone and never will do it.

d. The reading of poetry gives greater delight than reading prose.

The reading of poetry gives greater delight than prose.

e. Sir Huzafa left for mianwali on Friday night last, arriving there on Monday.  
Last/ Friday/ sir Huzafa left for mianwali, arriving there on Monday.  
Sir Huzafa last Friday for mianwali, arriving there on Monday.

c. Of novel and poetry the last is more important.

Poetry is more important than novel.

• Q No: 5

Punctuate the following passage.

One day a friend visited Hodja and said, "Hodja, I want to borrow your donkey."

"I'm sorry," replied Hodja, "but I've already lend it to someone else."

As soon as he said this, the donkey brayed. But Hodja, I can hear the donkey! It's in the stable. Shutting the door in his friend's face, Hodja told him with dignity, "a man who believes the word of a donkey above my word, doesn't deserve to be lent anything."

## Q5B. Prepositions:

1. The doctor gave me a prescription **for** my cough.

2. Throw this pen **into** the dustbin.

4. He went **to** the desert.

6. I don't approve **of** your language, young man.

5. While walking **across** the bank of a river, Wordsworth saw a large number of daffodils.

## Q6 Use idioms in sentences.

### • For good:

His grandfather prayed for him that whatever happens to him happens for good.

### • To give the devil his due:

The people who are on bad paths have to give the devil his due.

### • To burn one's bridges:

I moved to a new city by burning the bridges, so that I don't have any option left to look into past.

- To have one's pound of flesh:  
After years of hard work, Shazia finally got one's pound of flesh.

- At the top of the tree:  
Those who are at the top of the tree are not aware of problems who are below them.

### Q7. Translation:

~~Every nation~~  
Rise and fall is tale of every nation. But it needs national loss and sense of responsibility. After second world war, Japan was in a state of severe crisis. The destructions from Atomic bomb had led to ~~deserting~~ of two cities, deserted its two cities. But the insult of their king was bigger enigma for them. The insulting attitude of General MacArthur towards their king had ignited a spark of revenge in them. They couldn't defeat America in battle field, but they tried to defeat it in every possible field. Within few decades, the Japanese succeeded in achieving their lost glory. This tale has a big lesson for Pakistan.