(UNV - Affair Test final. Date: Q8) Political stability is a prevequisite for well-functioning, flowrishing socioecommic outlook of a country Sadty, 0 our country has been long been 0 suffering from political instability. As a 0 result, Pakistan is engulied in severe 9 socio-economic crisis. Some of the way in which political instability can deteriovate the socio-economic outlook of a Pakistan are as under: How has Political gnstability in Pakist an led to socio-economic crisis an led to socio-economic crisis Inconsistent and short-term economic Policies: For an economic policy to work, it is important that it remains constants over a long period of time However, the political instability of in Pakistan Select

Date: and the early removal of goverments has led to inconsistent economic policies being formed. Every time a new government is voted in, it changes the economic policy is voted in, it changes the economic porneg to align it with their economic objectives. How-to align it with their economic objectives. How-ever, when the goverment is vernoved prematurely ever, when the goverment is vernoved prematurely the new goverment, that assumes office, changes the new goverment, that assumes office, changes the economic policy to meet their objectives. In the economic policy to meet their objectives on the economic policy to meet their objectives of this way Pakistan has been suffering due to in consistent and short-term economic policies that to align it with their economic objectives. Howlead to socio-economic (visis. a) grivestor's lose trust: Political stability is necessary for economic development. Hence, the political instability in Pakiston has deterved they many investors Evom investing in the country. Investors need a conducive business environment, hence when they don't find a country's political landscape to be stable, the investors

Dale: \_\_\_\_ lose trust in investing in that political country. Not only does it discourage new investors from investing, but the existing investors also start to pull 111 out their money and invest & some where else. This can further deteriorate socioeconomic conditions of a country. 3) Devaluation of National Currency Poor economic policies coupled with lack of foreign investment are recipe for economic disaster. Poor economic output strains a country's currency, devaluing it. This devaluation worsens worsens socio-economic conditions of a country. 4) High gnflation: Political Instability also leads to high inflation. Poor economic policies Select

Date: \_ and devaluation of currency has a vipple effect that vaises the priles of commodities This is also evident from the case of Pakistan as according to the Economic Survey Pakistan (22-23) the consumer price index stood at a staggering 29.2, indicating high inflation levels. 5) Economic (visis lowers living standards: The economic crisis induced by political instability can directly impact the citizens. People start spending less on their daily requivements which lowers and give essentials. As a result the living standards of a country strat begin to drop. Reinforcing etnis thought, UN Human Z Development Report & vanks Pakistan 162/192 countries on Human Development Index. This shows now political instability can be lead to socio-economic lvisis. Select

Date: \_\_\_

6) Poor gnsfrastructural Development:

Political instability can lead to a lack of instvastructural development-Many public institutions such as hospitals, educational institutions, roads remain underdeveloped which can cause social problems. Alif Ailaan reports veinforce highlights that 4890 of Pakistan's schools lack the basic instrastructure like walls, toilets, chairs etc.

7) Increased Unemployment:

Political instability can lad to the closure of many businesses and industries. This can lead to sever socio unemployment adding to the country's socio-economic problems. International labour organisation [2023] indicates that over 5 million Pakistanis Select

Dale: \_\_\_\_ vemain unemployed. Policies to alleviate the crisis D Free And Fair Election conducting free & fair elections can go a long way in inducing political stability. 2 2 2 2 2 2 X 2 2 2 2 & Elections are the basic fundemental aspect of any democratic country, and hence by giving people the vight to choose their desired representatives, the socio-economic conditions can be improved. 2) Roduce Polarization: Pakistan is also grappling with polarized sentiments. People have developed 444 polarized views because of oversimplification of complex issues. Hence political leaders should work on reducing Select

Data: such extreme view points inorder to form a more cohesive and cordicel environment. 3) Long-term Economic Policies: All major political parties of the country should join heads and devise a long-term consistent economic charter for the country. It should also be ensured that is charter is followed by the goverments who assume power. This will ensure that there are no fluctuations in the economic policies of the country. 4) Decrease the intervention of non-Democratic actors. One of the biggest reasons for political instability is the

Date constant intervention of non-domocratic institutions. Hence it should be ensured that such intervention is stopped in politics so that the democratic landscape of the country can evolve conclusion TO sum up, Pakistans, political history is marked by series of coups, & dess dissolution of parliament, and assasinations that have kept the country from evolving. · These issues have also had a profound Superct on the socio-economic conditions of the country. However, by forming policies that aim to strengthen the democr-• any, this problem can be surmounted. " Our objective should be Q7) peace within and peace with out Select

Date: We want to live pearefully and with our immediate neighbors and with the world at large" - Jinnah The founding father of Pakistan Muhamm ad Ali Jinnal set the basic principle of Pakistan's foreign Policy while addressing the first constituent assembly of Pallistan. -However, as time elapsed the newly independent country: Pallistan, Found it self engulain intracate and complex geo political challenges that eventually led to the its departure from Jinnah's vision. In the present times, Pakistan finds it self in the midst of three hostile neighbours. Furthmore, the slowed progress in CPEC underscoves the annoyance of entry Pakistan's ally: China. How that can these tensions and exasperation of close allies a failure of Foreign Policy of Pakistan? elect

Dale: \_ Failures and Hurdles in the Foreign Policy of Pakistan 1) Growing Tensions with India: India has long been hostile touards Pakistan. These tensions started the day both the countries obtained their independence and are still perpetuating hitherto. Kashmir Issue has been a major cause for these tensions. Kashmir is a disputed tervitory claimed by both the countries. Both the countries have fought serveral several wars during their short history. In present times, India remains one of the biggest threat to pakistan and is supporting many terrorist groups in Pakistan. This was also uncovered in 2020, when Pakistan's Intelligence agencies discove vereale discovered the vast network of arms and finance supply by India Select

Date: . to these terrorist organizations. All this ivverutable proof was compiled into q dossier and sent to UN, but no certion was taken about it. Hence, this security threats emanating from India still looms at large, which is and the failure to highlight India's violation of Pallistan's sovereignty and it support to terrorism in Pakistan remains at failure of the Foreign Policy of Pakistan. 2) Afghanistan (Visis: Pakistan - Afghanistan hostility dates back to 1947, when Afghanistan vefused to accept the durand line ( Pakistan-Afghanistan border and prevented Pakislam tried to prevent Pakistan Evan becoming a member of UN. Since then Pakistan-Afghanistan ties have seen many fluctuations. Pakit Select

Date an's support in assisting the vesistance against Soviet Invasion of Afghanistan thawed the ice between both the countries. However, with the withdrawle of America Evon Afghanistan and Fad Tehveek-e-Taliban Afghanistan in Power, both the countries are seeing an those increase in tensions - Pakistan has expressed its apprehensions to TTA about now Afghan soil is being used to conduct terrorism in Pakistan, but little & was done to # address Pakistan's concerns. As a result, In retalliation, Pakistan announced the reputviation of Afghan vefuces, which further heightened the · tensions. Hence failure to vesolve the issue diplomatically and vesorting to such extreme means is another tailure of Pakistan's Foveryn Policy.



Data: 3) Increasing Tensions with gran: Pakistan and Svan have long enjoyed condial ties, # but recently in recent times there has been an increase in tensions between both the countries. On 18 sanvary, gran carried out missle strikes in Pakistan allegedly aiming Jaish al-Ad, a terrorist group · located in Pakistan. The foreign offile of gran made a statement that it vespected Pakistan's sovereignty but no compromise will be made on granis security. This elicited a befitting response Evom Pakistan. # Oh 18th January, Pakistan launched a series of covidmated and specifically targeted military strikes in gran's southeastern sistan and Balochistan Province. The pt' attack was called (Mary Bar Sarmachar).

Date: \_\_\_\_ However, both the countries have expressed the dif desire to alleviate the tensions. gran, having historically having cordial relations with Pakistan, to vesorting to such extreme measures to address its concers highlight the failure of Parkistan's Foverign Policy. 4) (PEC being slowed down: The slowed process of CPEC highlights yet another Eailure of Pakistan's Eavery Policy. This slow in process can be attributable to Pakistan falling short in addressing ching's concerns. The vise in Terrovism in Pallistan has lost many chinese engineers / workers their lives - chinese citizens seem to be the aim of tenovist groups operating in Packiston. This is also evident from a suicide attack on a bus carrying nive chinese Select

Date: \_\_\_\_ engineers who were working on a hydropower project. Failure to address these chinese concerns and the slowed progress of CPEL is another failure of 27 Pakiston's Foreign Policy-Recommendations for Pakistan D Expose gudia on Global Platforms. Pakistan should expose India's support for terrorist insurgencies in Pakistan. Pakistan already has proof of Indian involvement in terrorist activities in Pakistan · Pakistan should leverage Global platforms to uncover India's violation of international law and patronage to these terrorist organizations. Pakistan should also reach out to global leaders and ask them to not grid accountable for Select

Date: \_\_\_\_ its actions. 2) Improve Diplomary with Afghanistan and gran: In order to and prevent tensions between it neighbours from vising, Pakistan should reach out to both these rountives and encourage diptometic resolving issues through diplomacy. The arriteries 3) Joint- Intelligence operations against TTD: Parkistan should also push TTA for conducting joint intelligence operations in Afghanistan to eliminate TTP hide outs. This will ensure Afghanistan's sovereignty is not damaged als also the elimination of TTP launching Rids. Select

Dale: \_ 4) Expel Afgha TTP leaders: Pakistan should also ask TTA to expel TTP baders who are actively pursuing terror supporting tervovism in Pallistan such efforts can im prove relations between both countries. 5) Address China's Apprehensions: Pakistan's Foreign department should sit with their chinese counterparts and set attempt to address china's concerns and ensure security to Chinese citizens in Pakistan. Conclusion To encapsulate, Pakistan's Foreign Policy has proven ineffective in creating Eviendly and cordial relations Select

Date: \_\_\_ with it neighbours. The growing tensions serve as a testament the the country's ineffective foreign Policy. Hene ites an present scenario, it is all the more important to address this issue. Q5) The inception of 67 had & a profound bearing on the geo-political land sape of the world. G.7 was made up by members that held significant military economic and political influence. The world witnessed how this organization shaped the world order. However after decades of uncontested dominance, there is another govgenization on the vise that could threaten the long held dominance of Giz. But first, the question arises that what the factors needed for an organization to become a surcess story? Select

Date: Factors needed By an Organization for success GDP contribution: This is one of the biggest factor for the success of any organization. The signif icance of an organization increases as accounding to the GDP contribution it holds. Global a) Military Strength: Another major factor for success of a organization is the military strength of its members. The larger military the military is the move significance the organization will hold. 3) Population Representation:

Date: \_\_\_\_ If the an organization represents more population, its significance is all the move increased. This is because the decisions taken by a particular organization is viewed to be the & opinion of the people it vepvesents. 4) Resources that the members of an organization contain: This means the resources that the member states of an organization contain. This could be the natural resources such as Oil, or gas that the member states of a organization have. 5) (ontribution to Global Trade: This refers to now deeply the would is defin interconnected with in trade with the member states. Select

Date: \_ of an organization. Different gustitutions established by organization: an This vefers to institutions that are 10 established by an organization. This includes financial institutions to lend Financial help, Integrated Justice institution to resolve disputes, or NGO's that provide assistance to different parts of the world. 2verview of BRICS BRIC is the acronym first coined by Jim Oveil, an economist American Economic His view were formally materialised by. Russial in 2009, who took the initiative and called a joint summit of Brazil, Russia, India, Ching Select

Dale: \_\_\_\_\_

In 2010, south & Africa was also added to this group. In the 15 summit held on 22 August, 2023 in south Africa it was announced siz more countries are going to join BRICS: Argenting [later did not join], saudi Arabia, UAE, Ethopia, gran and Egypt. Now BRICS is being viewed as the a genuine contender to G7's hegemony. Following are factors why BRICS is likely to surceed in future despite the hurdles it faces: Factors why BRICS has a Bright Future it was announced size more countries Bright Future 1) Massive Global GDP contribution 36% BRICS' member states have some of the - major (5D highest GPP in the would. This Financial dominance is Likely a factor why BRICS is Select

Date: \_ tikely will have a Bright future. 2) Military Strongth: BRICS' member states have significant amongst the strongest in Global Power indez. Such exemplery military strength will make BRICS a strong and dominating organizations 3) Population Representation: BRICS represents around 40% of the global population that makes it one of the largest organizations -interms of population representation Resources. 4) BRICS' member states hold 80% Select

Date: of the world's oil production and exportation. This oil Hegemony makes BRICS a vising, dominating power of the world. 5) Global Trade Contribution: BRICS' member states like china and India are one of the largest. contributors to # global trade with deeply intervoven economies with the vest of the world. This is why BRICS is likely to have a bright future. Conclusion TO SUM UP, BRICS is a vising gobal force that weilds significant influence. Although it faces series of challinges, but a with such massive eronomic, political, military power, it is correct to assume that Select

Date: \_ BRICS will have a bright future. QY) The genesis OF 95 rael - Palestine conflict dates back to 1948, when the UN partitioned the state of Palestine in two parts : E gsvael, Palestine. This led to Arab-9stal war from which Isvael emerged victorias - However, the conflict did not end there and subsequent ways were fought to reclaim the torritory-OF Palestine but with no success. 9 space also continued to expand and illegally seize po Palestinian ternitory. Brief Overview of Hamas's attack on gsvael On 7th October, 2023, Hamas launched assault on gsvael. Hamas solidiers an Wossed the boyder Evan 13 differentpoints and in three different ways. Select

Dale: \_\_\_\_

land wossing, sea, Aviel parachutes. More than 2000 · Israeli soldiers and <del>citizens</del> civillions were killed and more than 100 soldiers were brought back by as hostages. Israel responded by cordoning Gaza. Gaza is being denied food, electricity and medical supplies. Is rad has launched numerous air strikes and ordered the complete evaruation of northern Gaza. Israel has also commenced ground operations to against Hamas. The civillian death count has visen above 25000, yet the western leaders have callen short on demanding a casefire with the conflict in Gaza vaging on, there is a feel that it will spread to other parts of the region: (hances of expansion of Israel - Hamas war into the whole region. Selec

Date: Israel Assasinates Hamas Leader in lebanon: Israel has conducted axiel strike against Hamas laader present in labaron. Although, gsvard claims that the attack was not aimed to at Lebanon's sovereignty the former has announced that this act will no go a unaverged. Hence there is a chance that the conflict might expand to lebanon. 2) Houthis attack vessels ant going to 95 Vapl: The Houthis in yemen have carried 1 attacks and taken hostages from the ships that are going to gsvael. # Houthis claim that ships will not be allowed to take supplies Select

Date: to Iskeel. Hence Houthis have jumped into the Fight. 3) US & UK strike on Houthis: US-UK strike on Houthis have brought the two powers in the conflict. US-UK hold that yes sear route is a significant youte and no armed group can be given a carte blanch to disrupt the trade voute. 4) Gran's is being dragged into the war: Granz-led at armed groups in grag have lawnched attacks on us troops stationed in grag, Killing three us troops. Us has the responded by attacking g numerals ivan backed targets -0 targets in grag and suria. Hence 666 if the grovel-Hamas conflict Select

Dato: \_ continues, there is a high probability that the conflict will turn into a wider conflagoration - conflagration. Impart of Israel-Hamas war on gobal power politics-Sandi-9stal normalization of ties sabotaged: Before the Hamas attart, There were falls that gsval and saudi Avab and will normalize ties. However, after the attack this process a has ended, which will be a major blow for Israel. 2) UN servetary invokes Article 99: 9-9-United Nations General Assemble servetar: Antonio Guterves has Select

Date: \_\_\_\_ invoked article 99 of the UNGA. This allows the Greneral Assembly to bying any issue it deems to be a threat to global peace to the security (ouncil's attention. This invokation shows that there is a mounting pressure against gstal. 3) ICJ Ruling: South Africa has also lawnched a legal ease against the genocide committed by Isvael. The International court of justices was concluded that sweet is committing genocide but failed to stop it From continuing. Though 95,000 still continues to assail Gaza, ICJ'S vuling indicates the a charge in global perception towards the decades long conflict and acts as a diplomatic stap on gr gsvael. Select

Dale: \_ Un precedented Protests: 4) Many parts of the world, especial, the western countries, saw unprecedents support for palestine. This change in public opionion indicates the changing global power politics. Select