# aiwan Issue: One China Two System

China is one of the largest country having largest population strong consmy and strong control on world economic routes through BRI. On the other hand, US has world strongest army. The One china Two System policy is for 9 island and to controls these islands. Moreover, histor of marly, the Taiwan geo-strategic importance, the ger-economic importance of Taiwan and implications on US and China are main segments. These are explained as follow.

# 2 History of China-USA Rivarly =

The rivarily of USA and China is not new. First both countries imposed high taxes on each other exporte. After this the rivary shifted on geo-strategic path and now shifted on Artifical Intelligence path. The importance of Taluan is on the production. of small chips that are used in all machinery and army equipments.

### 3. Importance of Taiwan=

Taiwan is the producer of semi-conductor chips in the world. More than 92 percent chips are produced by Taiwan and 8 percents chips are produced by South Korea. About 92%, 45% are exported to Chima and 42% are exported to USA. From 1990 till now, these chips contributes more than 30 trillion dollars in world GDP.

The importance of these chips in all field make them apprehave. 4. Importance of Semi-Conductors=

Semi-conductors chips are used in airlines, chips
care, in weapons industry etc. More Ithan 3 trillion
dollar USA and China economy is directly linked
with these small chips. World is now totally depended
on these small chips because of used in all
electrical and mechanical equipments.

5. Taiwan Greo-strategic and Greo-Economic

Taiwan geo-strategic importance cannot be neglected. More than 30 percent would exports passed through state of Taiwan Taiwan itself is the largest produces of small chips which are used in the military of and chips which

## 8. China Policy on Taiwan Issue=

China declased Taiwan as its internal part. The Foreign Secretury of China said US is playing with fire, any intervention in China Sovereignty can be responded with Military", China is deployed military in South China Sea. China also performed largest ever Naval drills in South China Sea. Moreover, China test Sea to Sea over Taiwan, of Missile. The tension in South China Sea is increasing gradually.

# 1. USA Policy on Taiwan Issue=

USA has no concern in Taiwn till 2018. Refore
2018, USA engaged Faiwan through China. But.
Biden's Administration makes a paradime shift
on Taiwan Issue and militilized the sides of
Taiwan. The foreign secretary and Biden's Administration
warms China. "If China attacks on Taiwan, then
US protect the Taiwan and attack on China
That's why, US deployed war carrier in the
South China Sea to protect the Taiwan from
China aggression.

Day:

# 10. China Diplomatic Respone=

In US Diplomatic respone, China gives response in more severity. The Foreign Secretary said "If USA attacks on China, then china destroye US installation in Phillipine, Australia and in Taiwan." This response further escalarated the situation in the south China Sea.

11. US Hegemonic Policy Respone on Taiwan Issue

US hegemonic policy on Taiwan Issue increases

the chances of war. US continue supply weapons to

Taiwans. Moreover, advanced Helicopter, long and

Short ranges missiles and jets. Moreover, USA also

put many missile system in Taiwan to protect it from Chim.

12. Chances of War=

The chances of wax can not be neglected Both

countries deployed advanced weapons in the South

China Sea. The aggressive response from China's

end and deployment of wax-carrier from US

side increases the chances of wax The China

President on Taiwan issue words eccluted the

tensions in south China Sea. The words are Taiwan Beames Next Ukruin

# 13. Wax is Not Possible Because US Economy is in downward while China is Big Fish in Economy

The chances of wars is not because US has taken a loan of 4.5 trillion dollar from China, Moreover, US economy is in crisis and does not bear, near war front, US is already engaged in Ukraine and Israel-Hams war. On the other hand, China is following soft power ideology and apposed the war because it halted the development process in

14. Recommendations: Meeting of
US And China President

The meeting of US and Chipa Presidents cool down the situation in the South China Sea. In future, both countries meet and take responsibility that would peace is in his hands. Moreover, diplomotic relations must be continued and US must respect the China policy on Taiwan. The word on Taiwan not only destroy the peace in Taiwan but also dents to trade and semi-conductor markets in the worlds.

# 15. USA Must Respect China Policy of 9-Dash Line

As, all countries follow and respect China 4-Dash
Line policy including Pakistan. The United States
of America must respect China & Dash Line
policy and must stop providing weapons to the
Taiwan Moreover, USA must not intervened
the China interpal issue as more than Ioo
countries declared Taiwan issue as China Internal
issue.

# 16. Conclusion=

In conclusion, the importance of Taiwan for the China, USA and world can not be neglected. More over china two system Palicy is also for Taiwan USA must stop its export of weapons to Taiwan Both presidents meet and solve this recue on urgent base. The geo-strategic and geo-economic importance of Taiwan forced China on two system. That's why, all world along with US follow China policy on Taiwan.

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## 06

# Losses and Damages COP27 and COP28

#### L. ANTRODUCTION=

The contemporary world is grapple, with a Tange of non-traditional security threats among which climate change is one. The activation of Loss and Damage. Fund in COP28 is the society of UNFCCC and Pakistan is in position to get more share from LADF. The institutional and infrastructural development of LADF is discussed in COP28. Main points are discussed below?

1. OSSES AND Damages Concept in COP27

2. LOSSES AND Damages Concept in COP27

The Losses and Damage Concept was arises in COPIF. Pakistan lobbed for this activation because Pakistan was facing and is facing high economic and climate challenges It is a concept that underdeveloped countries required funds for the transition on renewable energy resources. The base of this concept is that developed countries must provide economic support and also reduce.

The fossil fuel burning to control climate charge.

/202 3. The Impact of Climate Change on World Economy The world economy faces a dot of hurdles like COVID crises and Global Crisis 2007 impacts, but the impact of climat is more than these Continuous famines threats, temperature changing, crops production declines and many more According to Asian Development Risk Report, Climate Changes impact on Grabbal economy upto 18 to 25% of World GDP and it increases as temperature is increasing. The pattern of rain and weather is also changing which affects agriculture 4. Activation of Losses and Damage FUND" in COP 28

The activation of Losses and Damoge Fund in CDP28 is the success of UNFCCC. The collection was not meet the target. About 700 Millians dollars were collected in which Italy and France contribute Los Millians dollar each, US contribute\$17.5 Millian, UAE and Greenary contribute\$100 Millians each. The target was \$2.75 to \$350 Billians dollar because of United Nations Environment Program Risk Assessment Reports gives this figure. The funds are initially added in World Bank and institutional work for distribution will be discussed in next meetings

# 5. Pakistan and COP28: "Recharge Pakistan"

Pakistan unveiled the historic initiative "Recharge Pakistan" and collected about \$77.8 Million. This money was the given by \$5 Million Agron USAID, \$5 Million from Coca Chola Foundation, \$1.8 Million from WWF Pakistan and \$66 Million from Green Climate. Funds. These funds are used in climate change initiative programs and in capacity building during the process of transition.

6. More Access to Loss and Damage Funds
— Because of More Challenges due

= +0 Climate Change:

Pakistan

Pakistan is facing many threats and losses due to climate change. The 2022 flood was the consequences of climate change Pakistan faces a lot of damage during this flood. According to National Diasator and Management Authority, a read network of 5000 KM, 500 bridges, 4 Million livestock dead and 30 percent of Sindh land was not prepared for agricultural because of 2022 flood. The loss was estimated about 30-2 Billion Dollars. That's why, Pakistan can have more access to Loss and Damage Fund.

# 7. Pakistan Strategic Position in LADF=

The Loss and Damage Fund is established because of Pakistan and many countries lobbed. Pakistan is selected the member of loss and Damage Fund Committee along with membership of three committees of United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. These are helpful in funds ellocations, technology shifting and helpful in capacity buildings.

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Although, Pakistan is facing high climate sisk, still other challenges are also faced by Pakistan According to World Bank, 8 out of to people in Pakistan are on climate risk. Pakistan has lack of climate friendly infrastructure and similarly, lack of experience mentions execution committee for execution of climate funds. On the one hand, Pakistan's infrastructure is not stable during rains and other cliastors And on the other hand, economic challenges halt the execution program. That's why, Pakistan has more access to loss and Damage Fund Program.

# 9. Pakistan Focused Area: Capacity Building, — Resources Mobilization and — 9. Anstitutional Reforms

Pakistan focused axeas are capacity building by
training the staff and then people to tackle the climbe
consequences. Then resources mobilizations from national
private and international institutions and last is
institutional reforms Pakistan must assure these area
hefore appealing the world for climate fundings
10. Challenges and Opportunities for

— Pakistan: Activating the Funds

The challenge that Pakistan will be face in the accountability and effectiveness issue. The apportunities are many because many international institutions along with world Bank and IMF give a high threat signal to Pakistan These are helpful during the accessment and distribution of the money. The government of Pakistan must ensure the effective and corruption free climate programs to won the interest of international investors and donors.

# 11. "Losses And Damage Funds: Infrastructual and Institutional Development =

The Loss and Damage Funds foce infrastructural and Institutional challenge because Asian Countries als not want the involvement of World Rank and IMF I'm this program. Moreover, IMF and WB are under West control and chance of Biasness during the money distribution. During CDP28, all countries are agreed for first four years plan through world Bank. Moreover, the separate institution will be in agenda of CDP29.

# 12. Critical Analysis=

Climate change is the result of developed contries
uncontrolled industrialization. USA, China and EU
axe manly responsible in contributing large amount
of transactous gases in the atmosphere loss and
Dannele Fund Program is formed because to get
money from developed countries and distribute
in vulnerable countries will be done through it.
Initially only & Too Millians are collected but in
future more money will be collect from developed
countries and distributes among climate rick facing countries

# 13. Pakistan has more share in Loss And Damage Funds Because of High Climate Risk

According to German Watch Dog, Pakistan has
ranked at 8th for most risk climate impact, Moreover
the galaciers are melting fast and consequences
are in flood forms. That's why, Pakistan has
need more share in loss and Damsge. Fund.
The Government of Pakistan must ensure accountability,
effectiveness and experienced execution committee
for the use of funds.

## 14. Conclusion=

Increase number of references

In Conclusion, although the Loss and Damage Fund
Program is activited in COP28, it is necessary to
distribute funds according to risk factors. The
Aslan Countries faces climate risk more than
western countries, so these countries must be
given more funds. The separate institution of
Loss and Damage Fund Programs must be ensued
because IMF and IND may show biasness during
distribution of Funds.

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#### Andid - Middle East Economic Cornidor

#### Introduction=

In G20 Summit in India. It is developed to counter the China Belt and Road Initiative. In geopolitical geoeconomic, and geostrategic level. IMEC is smaller than that of BRI. The BRI is trillion dollar project but IMEC is billion dollar project Explaned in below:

2. Corridor Divion: Countries and Continent

IMEC is based on sea, railroads, and roads.

It includes many Arab countries, India, and European countries. It is divided into two corridors which are:

Eastern Corridor India to Arab Gulf

Northern Corridor Arab Graff to Europea.

## 3. Industries and Projects in Corrictor=

IMEC is multi billion dollar project and almost be percent of this corridor is already constructed. In this corridor, the construction of rail network in Arab countries, the spread of high speed data cable in Indian

	Ocean and then am Acrost to European countries	
	Ocean and then from Israel to European countries, constructions of roads, and pipeline for the truns fer	
	of oil and other fuels are included in it. Almost	
	to percent work is already done because of sea and	
	developed Arab gulf. 4. Route of the Corridor and Port	
	to be Connected =	
	IMEC youte is started from Indian Port Grujant	
	Jakkatraillal Nehry Port to Middle East country UAES	
	Jebel Ali Port. After sea route, more than thousands	
	Hilameter voyage will be covered an land and on	
-,,	mil upto Israel Port. From Haifa Port to Europea	
	will be sea route.	
	Haifa t Jebel Ali Mombai	
	Sea Sea	
	Medi BArab Gulf	
	Indian Indian	
	Ogean	
	Riyadh	
	Piraeu Jawaharllal Nohu Port	

//202		Day:	
of IMEC=			
	of IMEC=		

The objectives of IME Care: Create comprehensive transport metwork (sea, land)

Enhanced transportation efficiency reduce cost and time

Economic unity, general employment and lower greenhouse gases emission

Tranformation the integration of Asia, Middle Fast to Europe

6. Greo-Political and Greo-Economic

# Implications

a. Geo-Political Implications=

BRI project, integration arctors civilization because.

more than twenty countries are involved init. Through

IMEC, the India shows that it control on the Indian

ocean and act as a swift state in global policy shifting.

#### B. Geo-Economic Implication.

Greneronomic implications are, the free and secure path to Europe and help in enhanced trade up to 40 percent. Similarly, open the door of new industries in the Asia which leads to more jobs exection and also play an important role in energy security.

# 7. Comparative Analysis of IMEC VS BRI-

# a. Snitiation and Progress=

BRI was initiated in 2013 and active in progressing while IMEC is in MOU stage. After this stage, many other planning and meetings will beheld.

b. Scale of Investment =

BRI has an estimated value of around 8 US trillion dollar while IMEC upossible few billion dollar project. BRI is multi-trillion dollar project. C. Greo-political coverage:

In BRI, more than 450 countries are involved and also other countries tries to involved in this projects while IMEC contains only 2s countries d. Transportation Mode:

The mode of transportation in BRI is totally on roads and rail networks. While the mode of transportation in IMEC is also raid, sea, and mil network. Both have common mode of transportation, but BRI has more focused on road not on sea.

# e. Directionality of the Projects=

BRI is multi-directional Project. It started from China and connects Asia, Exerpe, Africa and USA. But IMEC is unidirectional project, 4+ connects Asia to Middle East and Middle East to Europe.

# 8. Challenges for IMEC=

Complex Coordination among 20 countries poses challenges in completion and in agreement because of different interests.

To counter BRT is itself a big challenge.

Financial debt burdens may impact the economic and funding vialiability.

Gen-political and security concerns in the Middle East especially because of Israel-Hamas was. The man stance are against scrael and UAE and KSA face challenges because of public pressure.

Envisonmental and regulatory issues need to be addressed because KSA, UAE are oil produces and climate change is already affect the world.

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Pakistan has unique geopolitical and geostrategic importance in regional trade remains unchange. Although IMEC is an Indian based project, still Pakistan has potential because of CPEC and well-developed road metworks in the country. Pakistan has not faced any set back due to strong CPEC Project to. Potential and Future Prospects of BRI and IMEC.

The future prospects of BRI is totally opposite for IMEC. BRI is connecting more than 150 countries.

The ficture prospects of BRI is totally opposite for IMEC. BRI is connecting more than 150 countries but IMEC is only connecting 20 states BRI projects creates a lot of jobs for the youth In many countries and also development of economic zones in many countries countries give a sign of prosperity and development While IMEC is only truld to counter, BRI and no chare to creat more jobs and development.

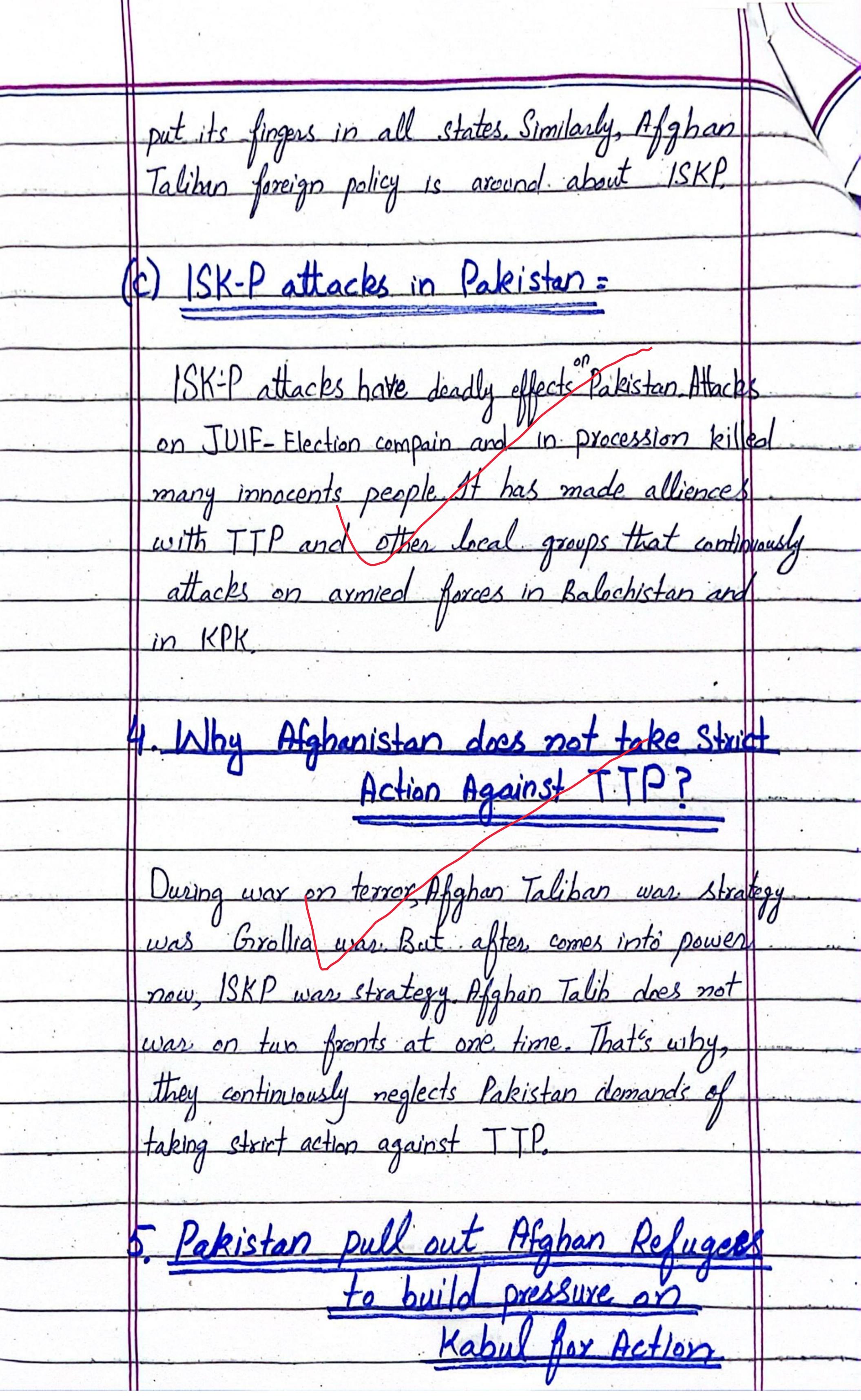
In Conclusion, BRI is multi-trillion dollar project while IMEC is only few billion dollar project, IMEC has no match with BRI in any context either economy geo-political or geo-strategic. China provide prosperity you return the inspect of through BRI while west gives dent to geo-economic and geo-political to the world.

	Pak-	Afghan	9
		Cations	1
	Dua	Changing	
17	P. Resurgence)	ISK-P Resa	gence'
		Difference	ISK-P
popholes	Policy Mergers	between	Allin
Afghan		Afghan Talibo	
Policy	Appeasement)	and ISK-P	
	1		
	Why Afghanistan does not take	Pull out	
		A 4.5 m	illion
	Strick Action Against T.TP	Afghal Ref	2001
	Strict	Policy and Results	
	its	Results	
		Coonnad	ith CamScanner

2	Factors behind TTP Resurgence	
1		
<u>a</u>	Goodhole in Afghan Policy =	
	When Afghan Taliban took the control of Kabul everyone in the Pakistan were happy. Pakistan follows	
	soft power towards Afghanistan Pakistan must follow	
	hard stance because TTP fighters are in Afghanistan	
	As per UNSC" TTP in Afghanistan one of the	
	largest transnational teessorist group with 3000	
	to 4000 fighters in 9 Provinces of Afghanistan	
	After two years, no action against take TTP take clearly shows the Loophole.	
	Clearly Shows the Loophole.	
(1	Taliban Return to Power-A boost to	
	TZP	
	After the return of Afghan Taliban, TTP escalites	
	the terrorism in Pakistan. TTP enjoys the return	
	of Afghan Taliban in Kabul as its own victory and now used Afghan land against Pakistan as	
	a boriching pad According to the Pakistan	
	Anstitutes for Conflict and Research Studies, up	
	till November around 600 fatalities caused due	
	to 600 milltant attacks in different part of Pakistan, TTP attacks on Mainawalli PAF	
	ot jakisiai, i auacis on inaliauau	

base blast on Quetta procession and many other are evidences that TTP has increased its activity dicy of Appeasement and Conseq Mences Pakistan and TTP had done three times negotiations Last time, Afghan Taliban played a role of mediator in the ceasefire agreement. But during this time TTP become more strong and also expands its sleepyas cells in Pakistans. As the ceasefire agreement ends, TTP attacks on pakistan with full power According to NACTA, in its briefing to Senate. The TTP during the Peace Process increases its foot point in Pakistan and magnitudes its activities. Moreover peace agreement with terriorists means that state is weak. That's why Afghan Talban does not show resilience againt TTP. Merger to Terriorist Faction= Since 2020, under the leadership of NurWali Mud, more than 20 different terrorist organisms merged into TTP. As Pen UNSC, TTP is trying to merge in Al-Gada. Due to this, many docal organizations are directly under control of

	TTP chief That's why there is increasing in	
	bembing and sectorianism in Pakistan In these	
	days TTP war strategy is Generilla war Most	
	targets on Law enforcement agencies.	
(	) Attacks of ISKP in Pakistan an	1
	Role of ISK-P in Algha	
	Pakistan Foreign Policy	
	a) Major difference between Afghan	
	Taliban and ISK-P	
	1SK-P is currently in 13 provinces in Afghanista	0
	and gives a tough time to Kabul Major differen	
	between these is that Afghan Taliban support	
	Sharia only in Afghanistan while 1SK-P stance is	
	to impose sharia in All Islamic states. That's wh	
	it is involved in All Arab state as a International	
	terrorist Organism.	
	b) ISKP and its Alliences in World	
	b) ISTY and ITS Pillences in Warda	
	ISK-P(Afghanistan)	
	(9n Asia) In CAR's	
	TTO OLD FIM	
	1SK-P (Islamic State Khorasen Province) has	
	101 TOURS STACE TOURS ON TOURS THAT	
		The state of the s



Against TTP:	
Pakistan adopt strict policy against Afghanistan	
Grovernment of Pakistan pulled out 45 million	
interm PM Anwar-UK- Kakar in press conference	
Predict relationship amid this development	
6. Consequences of Strict Policy on	
Relations	
does not take strict action against TTP The trade.	
corridor between Afghanistan and Pakistan haste	194
crisis due to enthquake in Afghanistan 9t is	
clearly shows that Afghan Talibans are not ready to take strick action against TTP even	
after exacuation of 1.5 million refugees.	
	Pakistan adopt strict policy against Afghanistan because Kahul does not take strict action against TTP. To build more pressure, the Inevernment of Pakistan pulled out 15 million Afghan refugees from Pakistan and force them to go their country To defend Pakistan stance, the intern PM Anwar-lik Kakar in press conference. Lays that "Afghan refugess are involved in current TTP attacks as a helper with separts on ISI"  President continuous and the covernment  Fren after pull out of refugeos, the Afghan Taliban does not take strict action against TTP. The trade corridor between Afghanistan and Pakistan hade clossed many days, Also Afghan Taliban rejects the helpshithat Pak provides in current humanitarian crisis due to contiquake in Afghanistan 9t is clearly shows that Afghan Talibans are not ready to take strick action against TTP even

