

(Part-II)

Discuss events after 1937.

Q.2

Answer- Introduction

'Muslims are culturally, politically, and religiously different from Hindus.'

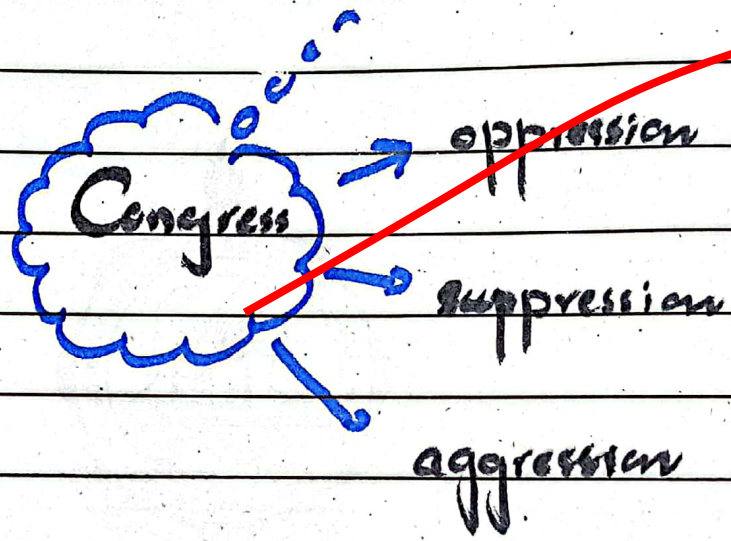
(Making of Pakistan - K.K Aziz)

Congress Ministries and rigidity of Congress to deny the rights of separate electorate and representation paved way for separate Muslim state in the sub-continent. Growing Congress aggression led to spiritual pathway to partition. Thereby, the two-nations emerged in the sub-continent.

2. A birds eye view on Congress Ministry  
'Hindu-Muslim conflict was emergence of Congress aggression.'

(K.K Aziz)

Congress Ministry always wanted dominance in India. In fact, growing hatred by Congress Ministry made Muslims realize to demand for a separate electorate.



This shows growing rigidity of Congress.

3- Muslims' demand of a separate electorate

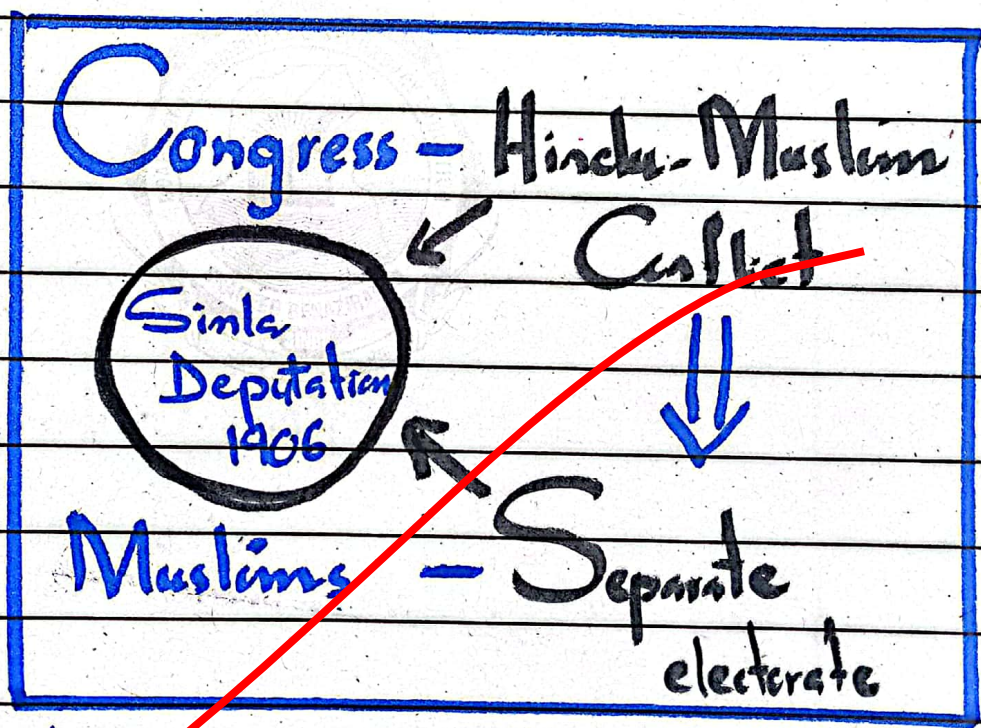
"Muslims should be given the right to a separate electorate."

(-Quaid-e-Azam)

Muslims realized the need of a separate electorate. In fact, unity among Muslims and not to trust Hindus was a motive.

"Lord Minto felt the need of protection of minority rights."

(Divide and rule - Lord Minto)



This shows a way to partition in the sub-continent.

#### 4- Congress Ministry rigidity denial of separate electorate

Following are evidences:

a) Strong opposition of separate electorate by Congress

Congress denied the separate electorate. Hindus wanted a major part as ruling over Muslims.

"Congress as a large party should be given rule over minority."

(Non-Cooperation Movement)

This indicates rigidity of Congress.

b) Failure of Khilafat Movement and Congress aggression

Further, failure of Khilafat Movement put oxygen to

Congress rigidity. Congress again rejected separate electorate.

"Hindus as majority are responsible for the sub-continent rule."

(Gandhi)

Thus, Congress rigidity went high after failure of Khilafat Movement.

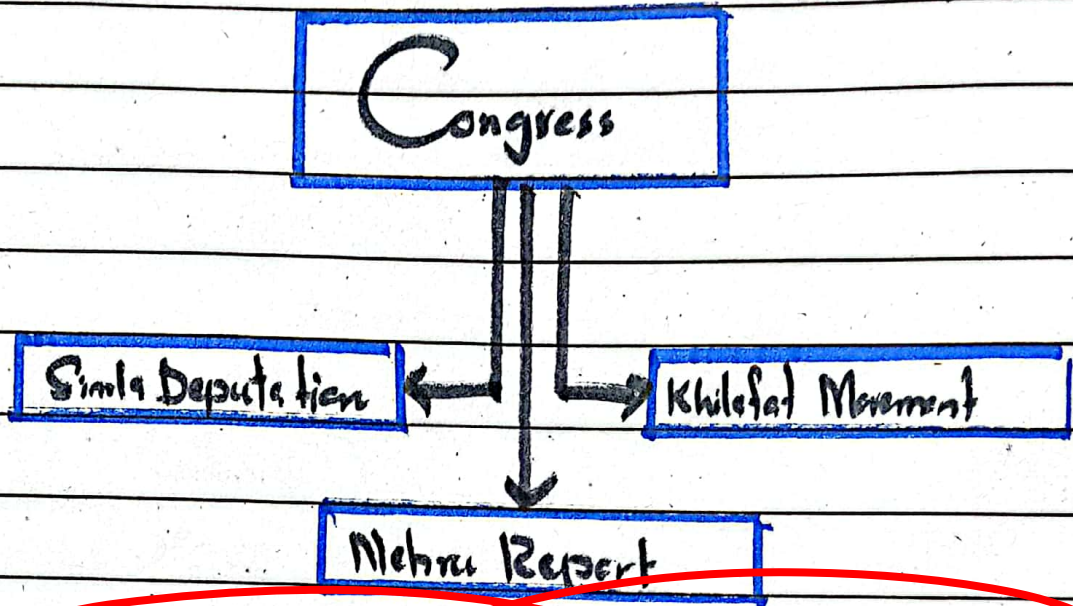
c) Nehru report: Congress Brutality

Additionally, Nehru Report also suppressed separate electorate. In 1928, Nehru report mainly rejected separate electorate as:

"There must not be given the right to separate electorate in the sub-continent."

(Nehru Report - 1928)

Thereby, Nehru report also exposed Congress rigidity against separate electorate.



5- Response by AIMM in favour of a separate electorate

All India Muslim League responded strongly in supporting the separate electorate. In 1929, Qasid-e-Azam presented his 14 points against Nehru report and said:

"Parting of ways."

(Qasid-e-Azam)

Further,

"Muslim need and demand for a separate electorate."

(Qasid-e-Azam, 1929)

Furthermore, Allama Iqbal also supported separate electorate as:

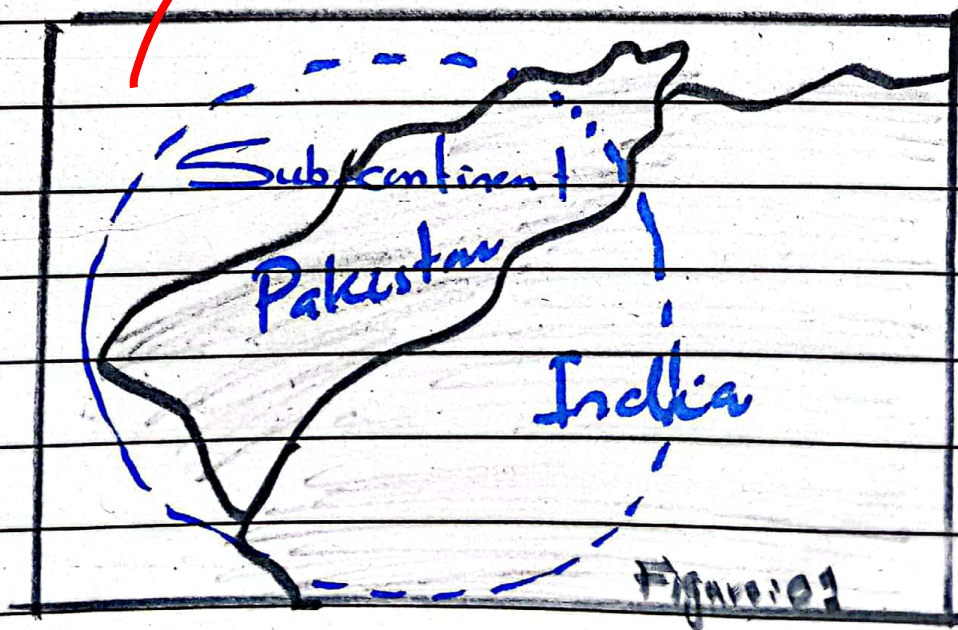
"Muslims are entirely different from Hindus - there is no joint cooperation."

(Allama Iqbal)

He further presented the name of a separate homeland in his address at Allahabad in 1930.

"Pakistan is a final destination of Muslims."

(Allama Iqbal)



This highlights strong response against Congress rigidity.

## 6- Conclusion

"Hindu and Muslims  
are two different  
nations."

(Two Nation Theory -  
Sir Syed Ahmad Khan)

Congress Ministry and rigidity of Congress to deny the rights of separate electorate and paved a way for separate Muslim state. Muslims strongly led to a separate electorate, which encouraged partition in the sub-continent. Therefore, the two nations got birth in the sub-continent.

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