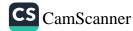
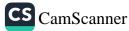
QUESTION NO:2 INTRODUCTION : China started its economic coordination and integration back in 2013. The major objective of BRI was regional connectivity and financial integration. The one road one belt initiative aimed to invest in more then 150 states and international organizations. The Wester World in collaboration with KSA announced another initiative India - Middle-East Economic corridor in a more to counter China's growing integration and success of BRI. Though the level of investment in IMEC is far less then BRI. IMEC is into in its phase of MoU (Menavandom of Understanding) while BRI debrated its decade long journey last year. The future of BRI is bright and IMEC Would serve to enhance economic Cooperation but the impression of overcoming BRI's influence is not near



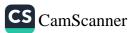
A- BRI AND IMEC : A Brief \_1\_1\_:01 Overview: BRI launced by China an a more to integrate financially in different countries of the world. The project mainly focused on improving infrastructure and regional connectivity to increase trade and economic cooperation. China emerged as Competitor of US as an emerging Cconomic giant. Since then efforts are being made to counter China's growing influence inorder to preserve US hegenony. In the G-20 Summit held in 2023, launch of another Economic consider was announced by the members IMEC focuses on connecting India to middle east and Eucope. The comidor will help marcase economic copperation within the participating Pronomies -



\_1\_1\_br B- BRI VS IMEC : A Comparison 1- INITIATION AND PROGRESS OF THE TWO CORRIDORS : BRI was launched in 2013 with CPEC as its flagship program. In 2023 China relebrated decade long success of BRI. The world witnessed that the Projects launched under BRI are actively progressing. While IMEC has been launched recently in 2023. The Agreement of IMEC is in the Mou stage, primaily indicating that the initiative is in its pre'liminary planning stage-The progress and speed will be analysed once the work on the project officially starts. 2. SCALE OF INVESTMENT: Another stark difference between the two projects lies



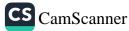
in their scale of investments. BRI has an estimated value of around US\$8 trillion to be Used in different projects in different parts of the globe-While the scale of investment of IMEC is much smaller in Companison to BRI. The investments of IMEC are projected to be smaller, possibly a few billion dollars only. 3- THE DIFFERENT OBJECTIVES: The objectives of the two initiatives differ in their scope of project investments. BRI largely focuses on connectivity, unimpeded trade, financical integration and people to people interaction - While the objective of IMEC is mainly economic development. IMEC aims to bolster economic development by fostering connectivity and economic integration.



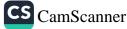
4. THE GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION TARGETS OF THE TWO INITIATIVES: BRI largely focused on the Involvement of developing economics. The investment in these states will help both sides as the developing Economies are in dure need of Envestments. While the mitiative of IMEC largely involved developed and nech economies. The involvement of US, middle east especially KSA points towards inclusion of Established economies only. BRI Spans to include around 120 states around the globe primarily the Struggling economies while IMEC is planned to cover around 20 countries mainly in middle east and Europe, the developed and established economies -



S- THE FOCUS ON TRANSPORTATION MODES : BRI has diverse network of its prijects including land and Sea routes. The development of ports and land notes. It is estimated that 70% of BRI network focuses on land based motes. On the other hand IMEC mainly emphasizes Sea transportation including shipping lanes, rail and road networks. 6- THE SLOPE OF PROJECTS : BRI includes wide range of products ranging from the infrastructure to energy, agriculture and formation of special economic zones - While the scope of the projects envisioned in BPI is limited as they mainly focus shipping lanes and rail and networks.



7- THE DIFFERENCE OF DIRECTIONALTY. BRI has multidemensional and multi-directional scope of its projects - BRI focuses connecting China, with Asia, Europe, Africa and America - Same way connecting all these to China. But IMEC is primarily uni-directional connecting India to Europe and middle East. C-FUTURE OF BRI : The future of BRI is quite bright based on the progress of its decade long work initiatives. The progress in the first Tis much satisfactory and points towards the bright future. Moreover the launch of second phase and the initiatives and goals set are optimistic and the fulfilment of these projects envisioned in the second phase will change the dynamics of the Worldy with China as



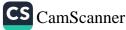
the major competitor of US-The perception being bilt that China's BRI is similar to East India Company needs to be addressed inorder to secure the future of BRI-D. FUTURE OF IMEC: The financial viability is enhanced by the wealth of participating countries. The robust involvement of private sector can expidate the completion of project. However IMEC faces some challenges. Complex nature of coordination among the competing countries is a hurdle. The ongoing disturbance in middle east region may challinge the implementation of IMPR. The completion of IMEC presents economic opplictunities for investment and cooperation for developing



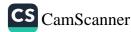
\_1\_1\_ :but Countries like Pakistan. CONCLUSION: It can be concluded from the companison and contrast of IMEC and BRI that the scope of the projects, is limited in IMEC - Moreover the launch of BRI encompasses more than 120 countries and International actors while IMEC has very limited investment and scope - Though the future of BRI is evident and secure the completion of IMEC is yet to happen but it will provide immense investment opportunities for the developing world -



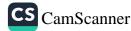
QUESTION NO: 4:-INTRODUCTION: Middle - eastern region of the globe has been unstable since decades marked by the illegal occupation of Palestinian land and other civil wars and proxy war in the region-The Onset of Israel's war on Gaza after October ? attacks continues even after hundred days. The end is still not in sight -Moreover due to the involvement of other actors including US, the conflict is feared to escalate further ento the region - If US involves in the war, Russia will definitely seize the opportunity and support its partners. The proxies of Iran often encounter skirmishes in Yemen and Syria further adding up to the grievance of the issue.



A- ISRAEL - HAMAS WAR : A BRIEF OVERVIEW : Hamas attacked Israel surprising their intelligence ageny as a result of their continued intervention and occupation of Gaza-Israel retaliated by lownching full-scale war on Gaza the very next day. US and the West, Categorically support Israel as they Claim it to be her night of self - dence - But in the pursuit of self-defense the unprecedented targetting of civilian population and even hospitals raises concern over the role of International organizations like UN and the authenticity of International Humanitarian Law. B. THE CHANCES OF EXPANSION OF WAR INTO THE WHOLE REGION: The chances that the war will expand to the whole region



\_1\_1\_:5.5 are high due to the following reasons -1. THE DEADLY SIENCE AND INACION OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY: The deadly silence of International humanitaria organizations and biased media coverage of the ongoing war may lead to escalation of war- As the biased and unfair reporting facilitates and encourages Israel to continue its injustified 2- THE BLASED INTERPRETATION OF J-LAW: ISRAEL VS RUSSIA: The biased interpretation and application of International law on the same situations in Ukraine and Gaza aggravates the gravity of situation - The situation of Gaza is even worse as it has been besiged for more than a decade and they face illegal occupation from last 76 years -



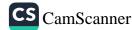
1\_ 0.5 3. NO SIGNS OF DE-ESCALATION: The support of US and Western states to Israel and the continuation of unprecedented killings of unammed civilians points that the fear of excalation is real. There is no sign of descalation yet and 25000 people have been killed. 4- THE UNVIELING OF WESTERN HYPOCRISY: The unreling of Western hypotrisy in percieting the war on Ukraine and Gaza as completly different indicates that the people left alone and Israel will continue to escalate the issue. 5- THE KILLING OF HAMAS LEADER IN BEIRUT: The exercise of carrying drone attacks in neighbors like Lebanon and Syria points towards fear of the escalation into the region - The Killing of Hamas Leader Saleh-Arouri adds to the fear of escalation of the war in the region.



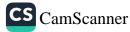
\_1\_\_1\_\_\_. 6- THE RISING TENSIONS IN RED SEA : The attack on ships passing through red sea abetting the killings of civilians in Gaza, by the Houthis may lead to further escalation. US and UK retaliated by sending warships and carrying drome strikes -THE INVOLEVEMENT OF PROXIES 7-OF IRAN : INSTIGATED BY ISRAEL : The prexies of Iran in the region namely Hizbullah and Hathis may retaliate to the instigation by drone strikes carried by Israel may escalate the war into the whole region. IMPACT ON GLOBAL POWER POLITICS : 1- US POSITION IN MIDDLE EAST: The US position in middle east will be badly huet owing to being accomplice in the war on the forefront and this will have us position in the regim.



\_1\_1\_01 2- THE INFLUENCE AND OPPURTUNITY FOR RUSSIA : fussia on the other hand will also intervene in the region of the war escalates . Moreover at the focus of US is on Israel's war, Russia has strengthened its attacks on Ukraine and the efforts to annexs its parts are on the rise to gain 3- THE IMPACT ON CHINA: China has not yet condemned the attack of Hamas on October 7- China has adopted the policy of visit and watch for response. Moreover China has shifted its focus on annexing Taiwan -As US is busy in Israel 7 China may take this golden opputimity to meet its vested interests and apply one China two system approach on Taiwan too-



4- IMPACT ON EGYPT: Egypt will have a large. influx of refigees as the use excalates - Though Abdul Fatch Al-Sisi stressed on the Palerkinians to remain their land no matter what the situation - But due to upcoming electrons in a pulitical more Egypt may allow refugees -5- IMPACT ON ISRAEL-KSA NORMALIZ--ATION : The wave of normalization continued and Israel-KSA normalization was on the table when the war began - The US and Israel's objective to increase influence of Israel in the region will remain a dream now. 6- IMPACT ON ISRAEL'S EFFORT TO ISOLATE IRAN : · Israel's major. focus is to isolate Iran in the International correna and use the tension among KSA -Iran for its own vested interests-But the ongoing war strengthened the KSA Fran bond and i muit Israel



CONCLUSION: It can be concluded that Israel's War on Gaza shows no signs of de-escalation- hattes the drone strikes of Israel on three of its neighbors and if they retaliate the war will escalate into the whole region -The role of US will also play significant role in ceasefire or for ther escalation - The war has Impacted the global powel politics as the position of Israel in the region will be weakened. The normalization of KSA - Iran will further integrate Iran into the Tran will not become a reality-The world needs to take immediate steps and play their role in halting for their escalation and ceasefire between the two states -



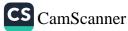
QUESTION NO: 5: -INTRODUCTION : For the success of any organization major pre-requisites included political cooperation, economic integration, enhancement of trade and investment - Moreover cultural exchange and persuance of developmental initiatives for ther Strengthen an organization - BRICS has a bright future as the scope and level of integration is not just limited to economy. Inspite of some hurdles, as BRICS involves cooperation in diverse fields and the level of interaction also has different. platforms, this ensures the and BRICS in particular.



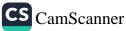
A- FACTORS ENABLING SUCCESS OF AN ORGANIZATION: Multiple engagements and interactions within the members of an organization determine the success Of an organization - Some of the significant factors are listed below. 1- POLITICAL COOPERATION: The political cooperation and consensus between member states promotes the success of an organi-zationa The different level of poperation ensure the success. 2- ECONOMIC INTEGRATION: The economic integration emong the member states ensures the success as the member states economy is at stake. 3- ENHANCING TRADE AND INVESTMENT: Provision of multiple trade and investment opportunities provides



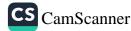
multiple opportunities for engagement and assures and dependency and cooperation. 4- IMPROVING STRUCTURE WITH TIME: Improving and enhancing the structure of organization with time significantly improves cooperation-5-DEVELOPMENTAL INITIATIVES : The provision and adoption of developmental initiatives also strengthens the bond between member states ensures the success -6- LEVELS AND MODE OF COMMUNICATION: The more the Levels of communication and modes, the better the interaction 7- EQUAL REPRESENTATION AND TREATMENT OF MEMBERS : The equal treatment and Contribution of member states party ensures the success of an Organization -



B- THE ASSESMENT BRICS MODEL OF ORGANIZATION : THE BRIGHT FUTURE OF BRICS :-1- THE ENHANCEMENT AND IMPROVEMENT OF STRUCTURE : BRICS started with BRIC and South Africa was added later in the organization - After Sometime the formation of New Development Bank (NDP) points tours structural improvement and strengthened the organization providing formal structure to the organization. 2- OPPURTUNITIES OF TRADE AND INVESTMENT: The provision of trade and Prive stment opportinities particularly within South highlights the fours of organization on the improvement of Global South-The opportunities of trade and investment build strong relationship between the member states.



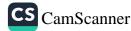
1\_1\_:01 3- ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL COOPERATION : The consensus on political and economic cooperation forther strengthens the bond between member states. Informal dialogue in BRICS supplement formal meetings, fostering trust and collaboration of its member 4- PROVISION OF DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES: The provision of development initiatives including the South South cooperation primarily focusing Africa strengthens the foundation of BRICS. CULTURAL EXCHANGE AMONG 5-THE MEMBER STATES : The enhancement of cultural exchange and people to people interaction angages the member states in yet another front. This fosters cooperation and trust among states.



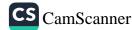
6- REPRESENTATION OF MEMBER STATES : PROCESS OF LONSENGUS BUILDING =-The equal representation of member states and their say in developing consensus over an issue eases cooperation-BRICS lacks domination and hegemony of any single state thereby promoties the strong foundation of BRICS. 7- MULTILATERAL APPROACH :-The multilateral approach of BRICS and involvement of South economies further enhances cooperation among the member states. The multilateral approach of engagement and participation enhances success chance of BRICS. 8- GEOPOLITICAL INFLUENCE : The involved countries in BRICS seek to balance the influence of traditional global powers and reshape international relations to reflect their interests and prion thes-



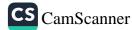
CONCLUSIONM 9- INCLUSION OF GIOBAL SOUTH ONLY : FOCUSING ON IMPROVEMENT: The inclusion of Global South economies renders the platform for the voice of these economies and South-South cooperation improves their standing. CONCLUSION: . It can be concluded that the success of an organization is based upon the common interests and ideology. The struggle for some common goals helps Collaboration among states - Moreover the cooperation and engagement within different fronts ensures the Strengthening of organizations like BRICS. The Involvement of South morder to provide alternative platform then the traditional porce set, further strengthen BRICS as an organization



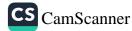
QUESTION NO: 8 :-INTRODUCTION : Pakistan face multiple challenges primaily due to the persistent political instability -The socio-economic crises in Pakistan has its roots in the political formoil prevalent due to ineffective policy measures. The socio-economic crisis includes the rising poverty, sewity challenges, rising unemployment and problems in health and education infrastructure-The effective steps to overcome the issues of governance establishment of stable government and ruling out the intervention of Undemocratic forces in political culture of Pakistan will bring . Socio-economic prospenty and lead Pakistan towards progress.



\_1\_1\_3 A- THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC CRISIS OF PAKISTAN : The socioeconomic crises in Pakistan primaity includes the economic disparty leading to social problems. ·) mequality ·) Rising Prevalence of ·) Unemployment ) Prevalence of social enls .) No rule of ) .) Energy crisis law Socio-economic crises justice Pakistan JLack Of of facilities of •) Lack of Investor Confidence -•) Very less ease of doing buisness •) Diminished FDI education and healthcane. e) Environmental degradation B-POLITICAL INSTABILITY : ROAD TOWARDS # SOCIO-ECONOMIC CRISES : 1- LACK OF CONTINUATION OF POLICIES. The abrupt and robust change of governments leads to discontinue



\_1\_1\_br Policies. This leads to lack of Investor confidence - Political instability leads to economic instability. LACK OF PUBLIC SERVICE 2-DELIVERY : The persistent instability leads to the lack of public service delivery- The goverments are not allowed to rule for designated time and the change of government introduces new policies and as a result public service delivery is highly affected and deads to the rise of social erils-3- MISTRUST AMONG INVESTORS: The persistent political instability and foreign interrections develops mistrust among investors. They start pulling out their investments and investme where their security is gurranteed. The political instability discourages onvestments -



1.10 1\_1\_ 6.0 4- OPPURTUNITY FOR RIVALS TO FUEL UNREST : The political instability leads to mistrest among public - The opportunity maybe used by orvals to exploit the vulnerable population and fuel unrest further agrarating the situation. 5- LACK OF TRUST BY INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTES : The international Financial istitutes show their lack of twist and pressurize the stakeholder to hold elections. The pustitutions need gurantle that the state has ability to refum their loan -6- REDUCTION IN FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT : The FDI is reduced as the investors find the anironment insectore for investment - They eye profit which is highly mistered in politically unstable contries where protests are common...



7- AFFECT ON DIPLOMATIC DEALINGS = The diplomatic standing of a politically unstable state are highly affected. The confidence while dealing with partners is Jost and the friendly nations also want to interact with stable states only -8- RISE OF INSURGENCIES: The fear of escalation and there insurgencies doubles during polifical instability - As the stakeholders are busy manavering politics insurgent seize opportunity and lexert their influence. 9- REDUCTION IN REMITTANCES: The remittances are also reduced as the mistrust and fear of losing the money rises among the overseas Pakistanis. This leads to fluctuation in remittances and affects Pakistan's Conomy



\_1\_\_1\_\_\_\_.b.t 10- BRAIN DRAIN : SKILLED YOUTH LEAVES PAKISTAN :- : The fear of persistent political instability with no cure in sight forces the skilled and educated yorth look for safe options abroad - Huge n'se in brain chain during they year 2022-23 was observed due to patitical instability. INCULCATION OF FEELING 11-OF DISTRUST IN PUBLIC : Due to the lack of public service delivery and repitition of same political discource, distast among the public rises adding the socio-economic crises of voto Pakistan -12- DE-MORALIZATION OF PUBLIC : The public feels demoralized as their say has no impact on the political culture. The issue is of consistency. Consistent polifical within demoralizes the statesmen.



CONCLUSION: C- POLICY MEASURES TO EVADE SOCIO-ECONOMIC CRISES : 7 1. DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT AND POLITICAL STABILITY : The installation of democratic government with the vote of public will ensure the more towards political stability-This will bring confidence and econompc prospenty-2- ENHANCED CITIZEN PARTICIPATION: The enhanced participation Of citizens in the incullection of the democratic government will ensure prosperity and growth. 3- BUILDING INVESTOR CONFIDENCE. The political stability will assure the confidence of Investors and lead to increased FDI and revenue.



-1\_1\_:0.5 4- CONTINUATION OF POLICIES: The stable government-will ensue the continuation of policies ensuing Economic prosperity and stability-5- Establishing rule of law and pustice. 6- Empoweeing judiciary and ensuring institutional harmony-CONCLUSION : It can be concluded from the discussion that political instability is the not Cause of all socio ecomik issues of Pakistan - Effective policy measures ensuing citizen participation and restoration of democratic governance limiting the role of undemocratic forces will bring economic prospecity and prigress o Pakistan

