

Following are the types of waste on the basts of its sources :-(1) Industrial waste: It is the waste which comes pom industries such as beetile, sugarcane etc Aquicultural waste: The waste of agriculture is (2) called Agricultural waste (3) Domestic waste: The wade which comes from domestic use is called Domestic waste (4) <u>Municiple waste</u>: It is waste of municiple use. (5) Institutional waste. It comes from institutions e.g hospitals, jactories etc Solid Waste Management . Solid waste management is the supervised handling of vaste from collection point through recovery process upto the disposal of voste

3 Methods of solid waste Management Following one flie three methods of solid waste management :-Solid wate management Collection Disposal Recovery (1) Collection :- The process of collection is the most expensive and backbone of solid waste management. The collection of waste is either done through government munipalities or by hiring private statceholders tilce chinese company in Karadi. It comprises of two methods :-(a) Collection staff (b) Collection vehicles (2) Recovery :- Followed by the collection of waste, the process of recovery starts. After collecting osaste, it is transferred to Transfer stations' touild in the middle of the cities to segregate the waste. The waste which can be recycled are separated whereas the rest of the waste is transferred for disposal.

(3) Disposal: - Disposal is the last method of solid wask management where the wask is finally disposed off. There are four methods of disposal of waste. (a) Open Pumping Edegradable for environment, (b) Land Filling (unreliable for longer use) (decomposing of organic waste) (c) Compositing Iniceration (Burning of waste in controlled environment) (d) Question no. 4 (c) Common Eye Conditions Myopia Hypero pia

(3) Myopia :- Myopia is a common eye condition which is also known as short-sightedness It is a condition which causes near objects to be seen clear whereas the distant objects are of the relind. These changes result in light raps coming to a point in front of the relina and the messages are sent to the brain resultantly as blurnet. Treatment: Mugicia can be corrected through the Use of concave lens (2) Hyperopia : Hyperopia is another common eye condition called pai-sighteness. It is a condition which causes near objects to be seen as blurred whereas the distant objects are perceived. clearly. It occurs when the coines is curred too little and as a result of this, the light rays coming to a point tochind the reting. They are not refracted connectly causing a refractive error Treatment: Hyperopla can be treated by the use of convex lens

0 Major Parts Of Human Eye -Acajueous Sclera Humen choroid Ultrous. Optic newe Cons & Rods ; Cornea Refina Ivis lens Pupil (1) Sciera : The outermost layer of the backside (2) Choraid : It is the red part of the eye oshich contain capillaries in which. It is responsible for the nourishment of eye. Cornea . It is the outer layer of the prontal (3) side of the eye. It is the point where light first Interact Ivis is the muscle which controls the (4) movement of the papil Pupil : It is the whole through which the (5) light enters

16) Lens: Lens is responsible for the reception and the bending of the eye Refina : Refina is the most sensitive and (7) protected layer of the eye and it contains rods and cons 18) Rods and const: Photo receptors, which are responsible of the conversion of light into image (4) Acqueous and vitrous Haman: water area Optic Nerve: It is nerve which takes image to (10) the eye for faither instructions Question no. 4(1) (a) Mino wave :- Minowave is the electromagnetic radiation having energy and Inequency greater than radio waves and less than inphased waves. It has wavelength very short :- Microwave is used for : uses (a) Magazie over (b) proffic challa Space craft communication (1) Pada Fechnology

8 (b) Ultraviolet Rays Ultraviolet rays an the nays which have energy and frequency cers than gamma and X-nays but greater than Infraped. It has good penetrality power but less wowelength than micro and radio waves. uses: (a) filling bacteria (b) Creating fluorescent effects (c) Curring intes & restins (d) photo theraphy ce) suntannin (1) X- Rays: X-rays are also called Roetgen waves. It has energy les than gamma noys but more than ultraviolet nois. wavelength is more than gamma rays but less than us rays lloes: delects bone practures, certain tumors and other obnormal masses, preumonia, some types of injuries, calcifications and to study arrangement of different material. Also to observe dental promblems and pareign objects.

(1) Question no. 4(b) Heart: - Heart is the central organ of the circulatory system. It is one of the most important organs of the body, thus, one of the most protected organs. It is responsible for the pumping of the blood. Human circulatory system is double circulation and dosed circulatory system Human heart is surrounded by three layers for the protection of heart: Pea-condium, Myscardian and Endocardium. Morequer, the human heart has four chambers: two atrias and two ventricles.

working of the Human Heart ~ Different veins avising from different parts of the body. They collect dearygeneated blood. It is collected in single big vein called venacousa. The Venacousa collects that blood and that blood opens into night side of heart: night Atrium. Right atium contracts when blood reaches there. These chambers make 'lub dub' sound and this deoxygenated blood move from right atrium to tracuspid value. They present the backflow of the blood, then it heaches to night ventricle. Right ventricle contracts and it reaches pulmonay artery Pulmonary artery takes the deaxygenated blood to lump where oxygenation of blood takes place. Pulmonary vern brings oxygenated blood to left side of ahium that contracts and move blood through breuspid value left verhicle contracts & blood reaches aonta. Aonta, ensures supply of blood to the rest of the organs. This is how the circulatory system of heart of human works.

U Question no. 5(a) Food Preservation :-Food preservation is the technique to prevent food spoilage, bood poisoning and microbial contamination in bood. The objectives of food preservation is to tell pathogens, to keep food in best quality and to preserve food for of time a longer period Methods of Food Meservation: Following die fier methods og pood preservation :-Food Reservation methods Fernentakon Conning Ivualiation, Freezing (a) Freezing :- Freezing the good at temperature ranging from minus 10° to minus 80° for long kim storage in the common Good preservation method used in both domestic and commercial use.

(2) (b) Irradiation :- Irradition is the food preservation method in which bood is exposed to &- particles on 8-rays. The radiations are capable of killing bactura, molds and fests among others. However, it can be dangerous to expose good to radiations. (c) Canning :- In anning, our of the most common jood preservation method, food is sealed in air tight container in high kniperature. Meat, fish and purits are preserved through the method of canning. (d) Fermentation :-Certain food ship such as been, when and cheese are manufactured by the process of Jermentochion using specific microbes. These fementative microbes protect the food against other pathogenic microbes by producing acid or alcohol which is toxic to other patrogenic microbes.

13 Question no. S(c) Edipse : The obsauity of one astronomical object by another astronomical object is called Eclipse. Eclipse are of two types: Solar Eclipse Solar Eclipse Lanar Eclipse. and Types of Eclipse solar Eclipse Unar Eclipse Eclipse (1) orbits around MOON at the same time earth orbits. the earth and comes between sun around moon sun. solar Edipse alled and earth 15

(4) (2) Lunar Eclipse :-Moon orbits around the earth and earth orbits around the sen. When sen and proon are distanted because earth comes in between moon and sen, they it is called lunar eclipse. erence Between Solar and Lunar Eclipse :lunar Solar (1) when earth comes in (1) when moon comes setween the sun and the in between an and moon, it is called lina earth is called solar eclipse. eclipse (2) Solar eclipse can be viewed only in totality along a (2) lunar eclipse an be observed promonearly an ensive

relatively narrow trade 13) Lunar eclipse lasts Longer taking several hours to complete (3) Solar eclipses are relatively brief events a) Prayer of theisuf (4) Prayer of Kussy. Question no. 5 (d) Nuclear Fission :-Nuclear fission is a reaction in which the nucleus of an atom splits into two or more nuclei. All nuclear power plants use nuclear fission and it redeases large amount of every in the form of heat & radiation. Nuclear Fusion/ Nuclear fasion is a reaction in which two or more atomic nuclei, usually deuterium and bation, combine to form a single heavier nuclei while releasing massive amount of energy. However, fission reaction is necessary for nuclear pusion reaction.

Ionic Bond :-Jonic bond is the bond which is formed by complete sharing of one or more electrons from one atom to another atom is called ionic bond Explanation of Ionic Bond :-Ionic bond takes place in table satt = Nacl -Between sodium atom and chlorine atom d= 17 d-Na = 11 Nat sodium atom has one electron in its outernost shell. It loses one electron to attain stability and becomes a cation (Nat). On the other hand other, chlorine atom needs one electron to complete its outerprost shell, so it gaing one election to attain stability. Therefore, an love bond is formed between Na and

a which takes place by complete shaving of election Question no. 5 (c) Milley way is a spiral Jalaxy Galoxy is a gravitational bound system of stars and dark matter Galaxy is a Jundamental unit of universe. Solar system revolves around milloway galaxy. Milleyung to a spiral galaxy. Its diametre is 100 light leave. It is not alone in the sky It is part of collection of other galaxies called local grou Dark Matter and Galaxies :-Darle matter was originated when it and found that galaxy is moving. Earlier galaxy was thought to be staynant. Darle matter makes up most of the mass of galaxy and galaxy disfers. Darle matter is reponsible for the way galaxies are organized on grand scales.

(B) Dark matter seems to overweigh visible matter by making up about 27% of the universe. 271 Dark malter is the cosmological cement which unites all stars together shoryly more than gravity. It consists of non-interacting particles. Dark Energy:-Dark Energy:-Dark energy is the last part of the galaxy which functions as opposite of dark matter. I Dark energy is the name given to mysterious influence driving the accelerated expansion of the aniverse. It makes up 68% of the answerse and appears to be associated with vacuum in space! It is evenly dishibuted throughout the universe which means it lack local gravitational effect, but rather a global effect on the universe

U Question no. 8(a) let three consearlive numbers be x, x+2, x+4; then, 71+ 7+2+2+4 = 273 32+6 = 273 371 = 273 257 2 = x = 89 Three odd numbers are $\chi = 89$ n + 2 = 9 + 2 = 97 + 4 = 89 + 4 = 93The flue odd numbers are = 1-89, 91, 93 Question no. 9(6) 22 42 62 82 102 12 (1) 4,16,36,64, ?, 144 4,16,36,64,180,144 (square of even numbers) 30, 29, 27, 24, 20, 15 (subtract in ascending number from left side)

6 37 +6 +8 +10 +12 +14 1,7, 15, 25 (3) 1,7, 19, 25 +2 +4 16 +8 +10 +1 0,2, 1, 12, 20, 30, +10 +12 (4) ? 98 0,2,6,12,20,30,42 48, 24, , 72, 35, 108 (5) 72, 35 5 48, 24 108. Question no. 8(c) Shiv (1) Craiden / Da (2) stomach (3) (4) London Holiday (5)

Question. no 8(2) let sava aje be 'x' Sava's mother aje be = 671 sara's brother Alibe = 2n In three years, there ages would be: Sara's age = 2+3 Mother's age = 62+3 Ali's age = 22+3 Sum of their ages after 3 years would be 72 Saia aye + Mother aye + Ali aye = 72 (x+3) + (6n +3) + (2n+3) = 72 9x+9 = 72 $\frac{9x = 72 - 9}{9}$ 9x = 63 n = 63Sara's age N =

