Enough length Enough headings Answer what is asked in question DATE: ___/___ Question No. 8 Relevant content Part b 1- Introduction: Population explosion is one of the major global Issues that hemanity faced with formany developed whate scheveloping contries have more where to population. This has impacts on resource compositions, good and contribution to pollution. For a developing country like Pakiston, overpopulation creates serious challengar. This threat can exped by spreading awareness about its potential consequences 2. Overpopulation: A Sorious Concern: As perdata of World Bank, world's population shood at 5 billion in 1990s but it has now surged to 8 billion in November 2023. Even in the developing country like Pakiston, where population in 2017 was around 220 brillion as estimated by World's Bunk has reached 241 million in rount consus Those figures whighlight The Concerns regarding impacts of overpopulation on its citizens 3- Impacts of Overpopulation

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are as pollous:	activ.
i- Increased Demend for Resources:	to p
	the
Increase in population has increased the	is re
demend for resources which is one of	10
The organization for rising inplation.	N
were in the country. In the recent years, the	V- /
inplation has vive above 30%.	
ii- Economic Burden:	
	The
In a developing country like Pakistang overpop	it
- olation becomes a borden on already struggling	Q
2022-23 Fot at marts are hudsen to	
fulfil the demands of energy needs. So,	16
excessive population puls pressure on economy	VI
of the country.	
iii - Improper Access to Bour Ablic Genras:	
In terms of Global Prosperity Index, Pakistan	
lies at 136th parties and overpopulation	
To one of its of frent ands.	
It will be defficilet for a strigling state to	
Buyil The basic nocessities like health,	
education et to its citizens.	4
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one of leading cause of global arming	
One of leading entire of global daring	
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DATE: __/_/_ is air polletion instituted by mereused human activities. As population grows the demend to pullitheir needs also increases which deshirts the environment of that region. For instance, Cahore is ranked as most pollified city on 2013 by 10 Air. It's air quality index is 301 which is hezerdous for living. v- Food Insurity: Food inscerty is also dependent on the number of judividuals within an state. If The demend of Good is higher then it's availability. Shortage due to increasing demote. villen Unemployment; One important impact that is caused by overpopulation is unemployment. For a population exceeding than carrying capacity of state makes it difficult for government to provide job opportunities to its citizens. As per statistica, unemployment in Pakistan is expected to reach 8% in 2014 and number of unemployed people are arond 14 million. 4. Future Course por Overpopulation: Both developed and developing combies

DATE: __/_/__ pare difficulties while docting population exceeding then a normal amount. However, adeveloping states are more vulnerable to their impacts. In this negard, pollowing steps Can be done to reduce the impacts: i-Creating Awareness About Population Control: The first approach in this regards to spread avareness to contro l population Most of cultural and religious horizon hinder the process. Greating avereness will let individuels know about regative implets of overpopulation. 11- Turning Chellynge in Opportunity: A greater church of population can be productive for state if deal properly. Proper governance strategies will help then to lower skill and to contribute to state economy. iii- Empowering Female gulon to Society: Empowerment of festele sesses will be highly helpful as women can bidestern and commence to better. Smilerly, women to women interactions will bo helpful in spreading amorphess and in controlling population. Conclusion: In anudshells arry timis a gobil Contern but is more provilent in developing states

like Pakistan. It has resulted intoserious consequences but Pakistan has apportantly to fum the bulge into productive portions to mejust on this population is young. Similarly a population control through spreading anaroness can be Part 6 1- Introduction: According to Global Climate Index 2021 Pakistan is eighth most country reherable to climate change. At a time, dealing with multiple issue, and environmental challenges are one of them. Air pollution in metropolition cities, water scarcity issues, deporestation, dimatic catastrophes, are the major environmental challeges. Similarly, disposal of solid waste is another important issue. All there issues need possible Colitions so build revisionce against the challenges. 2. Pakistan Environmental Challenges: As per IPC/6th assessment report. Aprica and Asia are most vulnerable regions to environmental challenges. Pakister is located in heart of Asia and is facing multipaceted challenges like other

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doveloping states. S	and of Them are
discussed below:	()
i-Environmental C	atastrophes:
Pakistan is more	prone to environmental
certaistrophes. In the	past your flocades,
floods has been w	itnessed. For example
Moods of 2010 were	deadliest. Similarly,
1/00ds of 2022 aff	deadliest. Similarly, ected 33 million people VICEF.
in Pakistan as per UN	VICEF.
ii- Air Pollution:	
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ovident in maior is	ties of Pahitian Lahore
has witnessed intense	L'es of Paheten. L'ahere
a resultant of d	etericating ar quality.
Smilarly, other citis	air quelty issues.
also facing ball	air quelty issues.
Name of Cities	Air Quality Index
Lahore	(Normal = 150)
1, 1.	Air Quality Index (Normal = 150) 301
L. Karachi Erewes L.	10 0. 71
Karachi Figures by	Hir Inday
iii - Reduction in Wa	
Add trinally, the	ne has been winterent
reduction in ground	valer table and vel. In District Marsehra,
sugare water le	vel. In District Marretra.

DATE: __/__/_ local water sources have been dried. are paint issue of water shortage. ir- Deporestation: According to World Bankie website; in 1990 forest cover constitute 6.7 squere km of total area hager it has reduced to 4 square hor in 2022. During The past decades, Autistan has fined significant deparestation, which led to deteriorating air quelity as well as excessive catastrophes like floods. v. Land Pollution: Land pollution is one of the common challenge in Pakistan, According to an astimate, Pakisten generales around 47.6 million force of solid was to every year. The landfill sites on not sufficient and it leads to pollation of land. This leaches is ground water and pollites water as well Vi- Excessive Heat Waves in Summer: Des to a number of experienced measure, temperature of earth increased and Polister witness interse head weres in summer. In summer 2023, the highest temperature was recorded in Jaeoabad nearly Soil.

DATE: __/__/__ Solutions: To address these challenges, Pakisher needs to take following isteps: i- Approxitation: It is an importent stop against depere tation, which will help in treducing resisting placets as well reduce the emission from atmosphere. Pakistan has initiated Billian Tree Isunani project 2021-23 against legerestation. 11. Building Dans: Building dansis crucil for storge of Moreover, in case of Gloods, they will protect the country by stering huge questity of water. Regulary and Using Things:
Regulary and recurring is a practical approach against dealing solid water. This fill help in reducing water cut its point spice. According sustainable Practice.

According sustainable prophies will help the
country in reducing resource whitesakin. It
will minimise human impact on what resource Conclusion: Pakistan is & most unperable county to climate change and has serious enionestal challeges Howers practice approach including appreciation, sustainable margent will help to build resilience.

DATE: __/__/_ Quention No. 3 1- Introduction: Political stability, consistency in smooth runing of state appairs is crucial per country's Economic system. In a state, where political instability is dominant, economic growth rate indicators show miserable indicates in GDP dardopment. As per IMF dalas out of states, 113 combines during 1980-82 should significent lower Glydue to government collapse Chyprharetely, Pakistar is one among Those states where political instability has regatively impact The system. From 1999 when military regime outself the civil government in Pakistang The economy was growing at 4.2% but it reduced to 1.7% in 2008. Hence, political stability is wital to improve econonic growth of states 2 - Understanding Relations Between Political Stabilty and Economic Prosperity: Political stability is a cordition where country political system continues to work without my interruption ine halling elections, strangthering of logislature of recubic and judiciary , non-interper of non-political actess in administration of stale, political estability can be achieved. White economic prosperity implies the improvement in The economic conditions of people, They living Conditions and jobs. A country with a strong

DATE: __/_/_ and stuble political structure can experience stable economic growth because it knows its alebes and responsibilities. As a results it eliminates uncertamities of the pulvire. Similarly economy supports political environment by ensuring growths 3. Persistent Situation of Political Instability in Pakistan and its Impacts on Genomy: Independence of Pakistan 1970 Economic Hakbuations 1970 Way and Political Turmoil come Crenomic Lass Gained Sustainability till 1990s. In 1990s - Week political institutions, political unrest declined elemonic rate 2024 - Weak political istitutions, loop holes in Administration, magtre check of balance between 3 pillers of states Non-state actors (77P), Voilent Profests Political Instability Economic GDP placefuates between 5-1%.

4- Political Stability Mondatory for Economic Stability: i-Smooth Runing of State with Proper Implementation of Policies: Political stubility is pre-requisite for smooth running of state with offerive implementation Under legal dispensation, IT exports of IT services Ordinarce 2001. However, wilatin of These policies will impact the Pahiston's expect value. 11. Increase Productivity and Employment Opportunities: The political stability in Pakish con cyclipt its economy through merened findwhal productily units and creation of employment approximities Improved law and order situation will improve working condition which will increase productivity. For Geomple:

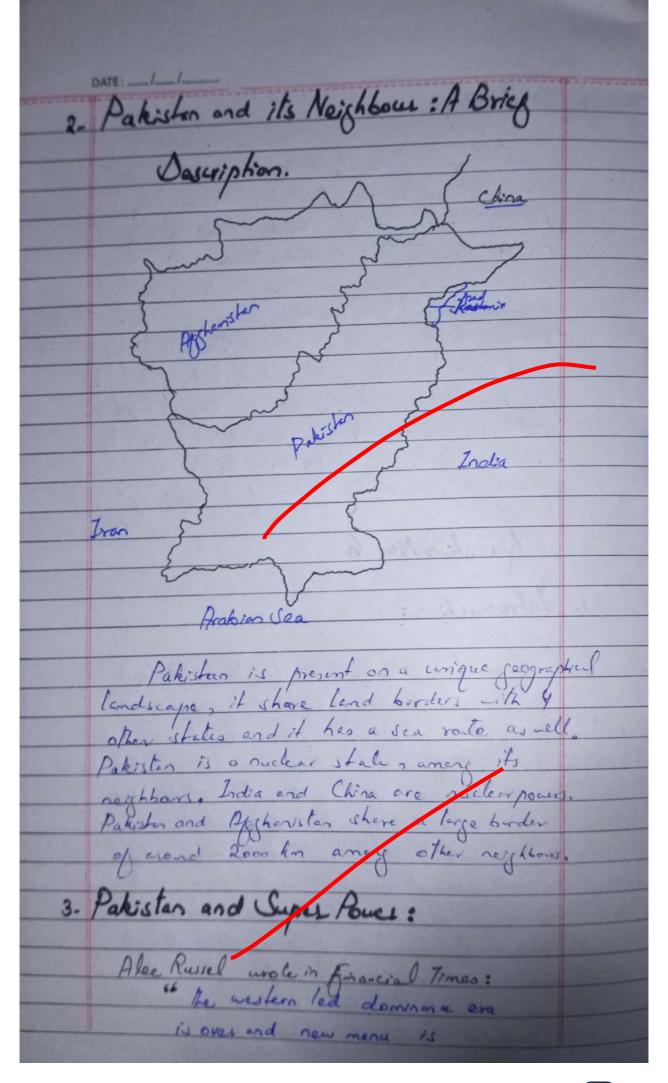
(Pt) in Pakistan paces security Threats project. Political stability dlong with proper law enforcement will pared a way for new semente pronto

iii - Moritoring of Institutional Efficiencies: one of the importent aspect of political stability in Pakisten would be effected help its economy. It is a universally acknowledged fruth that inexpective monitoring of institutions can lead to reports in and corruption which hindens The economic growth of country. iv. Creating Efferent Log- Term Policies
for Wondling of Resources: stability egyptetly handles the leng-term polices. However, in Pakislan, There is a lack of ling line poteres as new government discards the previous government's has neglected many polices of its former government, This observes the chances of making polices for social regions that is advention or health. v- Creating a Lycrative Environment for hyestment: The political stability in a country attracts foreign mushent a painte may for economic development. In Pakistan, Tack

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6. Factors Responsible par Worsemed Political Scenario of Pakistan: Factors responsible for worsening political i- Role of Military leadership: first and galmost gastor is interpensed of military legaliship in political affering. Initially, it was directly modered is politically through martial laws and recently sit styled backstage but still accussed of manoeuring here not led a truely resprentative political culture to develop in Pahrston, Thus impacting ii- Powerply Between Opposition The poverplay between government and epposition parters have largely impacted the political system. The main objective to gain power and seals has blinded Them the country's natronial interests. Therefore , there strategies to weaken each otherhere of Parister hindling keonaire fronts.

2. Conducion: economy granth of Palistan. In contract,
political instability sheeters the political instability sheeters the political instability sheeters the political instability. hurrans leading to sub-optimal short term
more received proteins the problem short term
more received proteins the short term
and billy and it also planshed compain
and lack of epportent administration. This the
present and immediate shed of time is a phable political systems which is neumbert to run he choices of musher production and employment. Question No. 6 1. Introduction: Pakisten is present in the hart of South Asia and posses goo-strated significance in South-Asian region. It stores its border with Indian Afghanistan Aran and China. Roladionships with Indra are possite due to volable Indra However, with China its linabed maintains coodial relationships. Smilerly, Pakrita share historial and cultival smylarities with from and Apphanother tilled due to mucher of reason. Along Pahiston,
Three of its neighbors are nuclear pours therefore, of Pakstin with its neighbours.



DATE: __/_/_ still being decided by The This statement repens to current bipoler syporpowers in the world - China and the United States (US). Pakistan relationships with these superpours yolay a crucial role in determining negional stability. Tension or conflicts with these states can have for reacting consequences, impacting security trade and geopolitical algamines in Glabal South. 4- Pakistan Relationships with Neighbours and Superpowers of A Crucial Generals It is important to delve into relationship a each state in neighboarhood and superpours with Pakistin to know the putter detail of the argument: i- Pakistan and Iran Relations: Pakistan and Iran have godial relationships in the past. Iran was the first state to receive Pakistan. In par of 1965, Iran provides its bases to Pakisten aus well against Inda Both became members of SEATO and CENTO in 1990s. After coldwar era and framen revolution of the political perspectic the issue of Baloch insurgents across the borders and come in a recent complet on

DATE: __/__/_ 16 January, 2024. Dospite diversion both managed to resume their diplomatic relations. Iran-Pakistan Gas Pipeline Project Border Markets Free Trade Sewrity Cooperation Aganst Baloch Inurgents Across Borders Meeting Every Needs of Pakistan (Iron as 8th largest producer of ende oil) ii. India and Pakistan Rolationship: Inda is the most volatile neighbour of Pakistan. Their conflict arouse after independence in 1947 from British government. The bone of content between the two is Indoor Illegal Olempied Kashnir. Historically, the two courties went under three major wors; War of 1947-1948 War of 1965 War of 1971

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	However, in 1972 they entered into Simle Myrand
	which led to establishment of LOC (Une of
	Control), a military control line to obvide Kesters
	in the regions. The incidents were sallered
	Kayil was in 1999. Situations series ofherheted
	and skirmishes once again started when Mode
	Cane to power in India. In 2019, India
	rovale Article 370 of holisa Constitution and
	removed special chales of Kasher. 14 conther
	hust sentench of Pakistan by milatan lander
	Soverate & in 2019 in 1 of Rulatet
	revole Article 370 of Indian Constitution and removed special status of Kasher. It purther hurt sentiments of Pakisten by voilating levitorial Soverint, of in 2019, incident of Balakot white It is involved in terror promung activities
	in Bulachiste de court tomain in Politica
	Kalbushen Jadher is the proof of Thes
	Statement.
	SPACE.
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	Engaging Diplomatic
	Solution of Kashmir through Negatiating
	Negotiating
	Bilateral trade
	iii - Pakistan - Atghacistan Relations
	Pakiston and Akchenisten where the lengest
	border of good 2000 km. It has Historial,
Stranger pr	Pakisten and Applienten share the lengest border of mond 2000 km. It has Historial, cultural and religious expeliations with Applientes. Despite this applications Applients to did not recognize Pakisten in the start. In the past, the relationship between
	Apphone. Despite This applications Apphonester
-	del not recognice Pakistan in the
	start. In the past, the relationship between

Pakisten and Afghantstan has remained complicated confrontation. Pakister assistance to US in Shiggle against Soviet Union was perwered as "meddling in Afghen Affairs," which his resulted mto a strong-antispationsten sentiment. Similarly. after 9/11 incident, Pakister was forced to Support US in wer on terror in Application with purther add fall to arti-Pakista sentment in Algheristan. In 2021, when the forement them and an attempt to establish cordul relations was made but it about not last larger. Secrety threads from 77P in Ayhanistan and have complicated the relationships. Security Dialgue with Alighen Taliban on issue of Terrorism W. Relationships with China: China is onerging power current peographical landscape of worldand it is Puhistin's neighbour as well. Both shore agreents and cooperations. Crice amount decade and extend into share II. OFTO provides a short route and lost expection route

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 to CAPra.
Elenonse Cooperation
Defense Agreements
v- Pakistan Relationship with US:
Relations between Pakister and US started priar
to creation of Pakistan when George Mashall
als screening of Stale Sent sest and
Mehammed Ali Jinneh on behelf of US. The
Constituent Assembly of Putistan in 1947. Dung
the period of 1947-1999, the deplomatic and
economic relating strong thered with some
dot backs to dool washington has face tansant
to Combat Urrores and Supper Us in wer on lerror
in Aggheristen. However, after US withdrawal
from Hypherslag the ties some as
Pakster have declined. As India become strategic
Honews, Pakislan does not have the opportunity
Housen, Pakistan does not have the opportunity
to choose are of two - Chine or LLO. Hs, it
has to marrhain relations with both for its economic
and postitiel prosperty
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Trade

DATE: __/__/___ Conclusion: In anutshall, Pahistury chittages and promot preace of prosperty is Question No 1: Introduction Since the worof independence 1857, Mushis on the sub contient were shighing maintaing their rights and identity. However, Congress doied to suppers they rights Through consisting of their denoteds. In a journey of to years starty trong crection of Mushim have league to elections of 1940, Mushim have based various congress. However, this shyste blad to recognition of Mushim Constitutionally and in the language it led to found and in the language it led to found in a separate hereland where they could true independently. 2- Defining Separate Electories: Separate Electorates on the type of olochias in which minorities select Their our representation soperately, as opposed to faint Electorates. When ministes fear that they would not got representation in

DATE: __/__/__ State affairs and forement, they demand separate électorale. 3- Muslims as Minority in Sto-Contrast: Muslims were lige in number but in case of combined elections of they would not get the representations When British government implemented the system of denousy in India in order to strengthened their rule, Mobin demanded separate electivates. Handus were in majority so lagress was in favour of joint electorates. In that case, Muslim would get no power to expect legislation in their our country and would become slaves. 4. Sir Agha Khan Meeting to Road Monto: A deputation of hotron Muslims led by Sir Aga Khan presented an address to Vicercy and Governer General Lord Minto at Shinle is 1906. They asked for separate constitute 1/5 of total population. Viceroy

listened ten and promised that their

denends will be presented to British government.

With possitive response, Muslims created All India Mistim League in December 1906. 5. Minto Marley Rejams (1909): In 1909, Minto Marley Region granted

DATE: __/__/__ Separate electorales to Muslim. In There The nuncical short of legislative concil was
increaced Out of 60 members, 27 were to
be elected and 5 scals were reserved for
Muslims. In provincial government of Muslims
were to be represented by separate
electerate with gave Mislims a constitutional recognition. 6. Lucknow Pact 1916: It was possed with the collaboration of Muslim league and Congress. Congress conceded to the legitentle rights of Muslims. In this part a right of separate electorales for I Muslims was reagained. It was declared that Muslims will one Third central legislation seeds. seats, trough Weightege system. 7- Chelmsford Reforms 1919: According to Weightige System, Muslim's
got more representation in their minerity weres
whereas in Bergal and Anjub Their representation
was reduced to 401. and 55%. In 1919, Montagne Chelisford Reforms were introduced and depends of buckers put were acepted Mushis were given one Kird sents.

All these rights were dered by Congress and they deviated from their am perspectand in Nehrie report 1928.

& Elections of 1937: -> Congress, Won 706 seats out of 1771. -> Remarif sents were woo by local Parties. Muslim League demanded for independen Would not accept any Constitution in of United India which Muslims are religated as ministy Results: In Central Asseptly , 30 seats were reserved As Muslims and Muslim league won all of Them - Contrary to Congress of which last one of general seats. In provincial elections, Mossim league was 428 out of 492 seats. Only posty of khan Abdul Gheffer won 50% in N.W.F.P 9. Conclusion: In a journey of eround 40 years, may demand a were presented and many peth and resolutions were parsed. However, right of separate electorate was a londment for Muslims of sub-continent. They all demend of separate electorate with led to Their recognition as Muslim and finally to independence of Patrister