DATE: _ /_ /	T
Q6.	
Start with the introduction of t	ne
LOSSE SANSAMON DAMAGES FUND	
Climate change impacts are being felt	
accross the globe - from more frequent	
and intence heat waves to prolonged bill to	
periods of romfall and flooding to more	
long-term changes in weather patterns that	
affect biodiversity and crop yields. There	
is no corner of the world that is	
not affected in some way towever, some	
countries are more impacted than others	
and unfortunately they tend to be developine	
nations who lack the infrastructure and	
resources to effectively deal with the	
growing challenge of global warning	
the best sounds have also for the	
History of loss and damage fund	
The blea was first floated over	
thirty years ago in 1991 at the	
United Nations Framework Convention	
on Climate Change the Geneva side	
Switzerland, barabababababababababababababababababab	
Developing nations who for greater risk	
from climate change	
the financial resources	
recover	
began to advacate for support to deal	
with the impacts of deal of	
However it wasn't until COP 13 in 2007	
Cap 13 in 2007	

DATE//	7
that the term "loss and domage" was	
included in any official COP documentation	
Included in any official COP documentation. Onut EDNAMA (INA BEECO.)	
The Paris Agreement signed of COP	
21 in 2015 also introded a specific	
article on this and damage, however	
it was careful not to create any	
legal obligations for countries and	
again didn't include any sort of	
Inance mechanism.	
Con Contract to the second of	
COP 27 and the Loss and	
Damage Fund	
COP27 held in Sharm Al Shell in	
Egypt morked a significant bring	
point in the push to creat some	
And of loss and damage fund.	
It was one prof the man topics of	
 discussion bat the conference and	
after intense negotiations a deal	
was finally struck.	
This agreement received much	
praise and was declared a	
historic breakthrough	
and middle of the state of the state of	
Historice of wealther nations	
wealthy nations had initially	
hesitated to agree to the creation	1
of the fund a dresso due to the	
higher visibility surrounding the	

	climate justice. state	2.
	inivisation accepted the	
111-1	na tions personsible	
	furtion of control	
1 75	and the criese emissions.	
the	e primary for driving driving	
olymp te	schange brookerd	
MANAGER MANAGEMENT	to the second of	
Foundali	on of Transitional Committee	
O- and	to achieve functionality	
d the	fund a transitional Committee	
on the	he operationalisation of the new of	
loss a	and Damage Fund was set up	
Compose	d of 24 newbers representing	
different	geographical regions, the	
Transition	mal Committee held its	
first Im	nellings will march 2023 angro)	
	tasked with developing	
reconmen	dations ahead of COP 28 + 590	
النده المنا	1 Di jud direction distribution of	
	onsiderations at COP27	
D. L. Sur	many of coulding and the man	
1. Potenti	dal Donors	
During	negotiations at COP27 the EU	
agreed	to the creation of Loss and	
Damage	e Fund on the control that	
	economies and emill's arc	
	d as potential donors even	
where	they are technically classified as	

## Add references/examples against your arguments

	DATE://	
2.	financing sold state to sad	
	The UN has stated that Social Protection,	
	contingency finance, catas trophe reals	
	Insurance and catastrophe londs can	
	provide a certain buffer and rapid	
	payorts after dise are However, a	
	broddened donor base and mnovative	
	finance tools would be needed to	
	respondented there is magnitude fof tois about	
	and damage.	
	o The little of Transitional Committee	
	New zealand and a small group	
	of European countries made	
	fact pledges around \$100mm to	
	Compensate for loss and damage	
	Trending I to Committee I . The Make I to made in the	
3.	Compensation from US fossil fuel	
	companies	
	COP27 focused media attention about	
	a combined lawsuit by 19 local	
	governmentes 90 accross the oil of sanch a wall	
	are seeking billions in compensation	
	from fossil fuel commanitegrio loidnestof	J
	Daving procedictions of report the Ed	
	agreed to the creation of Love and	
	District and to the sundiffer thete	

COP 28	
COP 28 took alone Duboi, UAE	
with the rolling to something the rid rus	
long - term global temperature rise	
to 1.50 which the UN's dimate	
science body says is crudal todal	
avoid the worst impacts of	
dimak change anoque domain	
the second of the second of the second	
Opportunities of Loss & Fund Damage	
A relatively small amount of	
money hadden been suppled ged of butos	-
getting the find up and winning	
15 seen as a cruent step in	
building trist between richer and	
poor com tries.	
the set with a second to some beautiful to	+
Funding 1	+
In demonstrating the spine of	+
international solidarity, 19 countries	+
made commitments tolling \$792	+
million towards the find and	+
finding arrangement related to loss	
and damage including \$100	1
million.	+
	-
Damages by 2030	
However, this amount is a drop	
in the ocean compared to \$580b	
in dimate-related damages udnerable	

DATE://	
may face by 2030 85 900	
3AU Jockey Stanisla Court of SHOD	
Curbing Methane Emissions	
COP 28 saw an encorraging slate	
of actions to address methane	
pollution, a greenhout gas 20 limes	
more powerful than CO2.	I
Governments, companies and philanthrops	
announced over \$1 billion in	
Opportunities of Loss & Furthoffermanic	
- Joseph Francisco Homes John Had with	
Role of Financial Institutions	
Non-state actors such as private	-
francial institutions are expected	
to play a pivotal role in the	The same of the
hearly created Loss and damage	Sandary of
Find They are in a position to	
help cantres to use financial resources	1000
effectively to dies of	0
and the second of the second o	
	No. of the last of

Benefits to Partiston	
Pakistan emits less than 11 of	8
the world's annual greenlovse	
gas emmissions	
The is one of the cointresmost	equat d
volnerable la dinate change.	
and has polipaidlassed massivelence	2 (4)
cost over the years due to	Je
recorning dimale events	g
that the said the sai	all.
Damages in 2023 floods	
The floods that ravaged the	
Southern half of the contry led	
to direct losses that can	
be theted of o me than	
\$30 bn while indect losses	
that can be allaboted to	
a disription in apply chair	
that led to spiralling inflation	
and loss of livelihoods	
Loss and Damage Fund Benefils	
O reduced reliance on fossil fiels	
- Dorbling down on public transit	
infrastructure that operate on	
hybrid vehicles not only reduces	
reliance oin insported fiel but also reduces emmirions.	
also reduces emmirions.	

,		
2.	public transit infrastructureme	
	An extensive public hansit infrastruction	
	accross the country also enables access	
	to a greater number of jobs while	
	to a supplied to a property of the supplied to	
	Apansionary fiscal policy quality. Relate	
3.	9t con thues to drive them to the quality.	1000
		100000
	make them as	11
	ovn anatory	
	Edit 1. de 2	
	entissions that may be a diectifical	
	induce les consequence of any	
4	public sector prostnut is contral	
	continued to the second	
	The threat of dimate change is	
	very much real - even if Pakitan	
	has not contributed to it is	
	Enathe	
	Improve the references paper	
	presentation and the structure of conclusion	
	the answer	

DATE://	
Question 2.	
The state of the s	
IRAN AND PAKISTAN TENSIONS	
What is Tark as Adl	
Timeline of events	
On January 16, Gran launched	
missile strikes into Pakiston's	
Balochistan province claiming it	
had hit two strongholds	
of anti-Gran insurgent group	
Jaish - al cal chring of	
Justia D	
Policy 2 of 1 st	
- Pakistan strongly condemned the	
by Gran with the ministry	
of Foreign affairs saying that	
strike had killed two children	
Reasonation Destitle Stamper Pakishan	
Tensier I will be a second of the second of	
Two days later on January 18 dat	
hit Gran with what it	
described as " ghly coordinated	
- military strikes in the	
Sistan- alluchistan province of	
9ran	
- Granian officials said at least nine	
people were killed in the altacks	
Pakila II	
Pakislan codenamed the operation	

DATE: _/_/_
a Marg Bar Samachor. 2 (Death)
to Sarmachul and MASI
What is Jaish al Adl
Jaish al Adl surface is in the
Jaish al Hall surface mainly comprising members of mainly comprising members of
Sunni militant cjundullah' group
Sunni militant gord weakened after
Gran arrested most of s members
The group wants independence for
gran's eastern Sistan and
Pakistan's Southwestern Baluchistan
province Assistant policies
They live on both ides of the
burder and are from the ethnic
Balach community
porter congress.
Reasons behind 9ran-Pakistan
Tension
Jaish al Adl enjoying a haven
help from The pyported
help from external actors has
been a long standing granian
complaint.

	DATE/	
	Total Line and the second of t	
0	gran's intention to broaden	
	the regional conflict	
	With the origing regional	
	conflict mounty revolving around	
	the Israel - Hamas War gran	
	may well be seeling to	
	broaden this coffeet and	(A)
	deading to to diddraw Pakistania	(D)
	into the MIX.	
	gran is already said to	
	he supporting Hamas in	
	Palestine and Hezbellah m	
	Lebanon	
a	2 11 11 December 1	
(2).	gran threatening	
(2)	alianments with US	7
(2)	9ran threatening Pre-existing alignments with US	7
(2)	force regional countries, including	7
(2)	force regional countries, including	7
(2)	Gran maybe attempting to force regional countries, including Paleistan to rethink their preexisting alignment with the	7
(2)	Gran maybe attempting to force regional countries, including Paleistan to rethink their preexisting alignment with the	7
(2)	Gran maybe altempting to  force regional countries, including  Paleistan to rethink their  preexisting alignment with the  US and to at offer further  help that might allow the	7
(3)	Gran maybe altempting to force regional countries, incloding Paleistan to rethink their preexisting alignment with the US and to get offer further help that might allow the US to counter gran or its	
(2)	Gran maybe altempting to  force regional countries, including  Paleistan to rethink their  preexisting alignment with the  US and to at offer further  help that might allow the	
(2)	Gran maybe attempting to  force regional countries, including  Pakistan to rethink their  preexisting alignment with the  US and to ret offer firther  help that might allow the  US to counter gran or its  proxies in the region	
(2)	force regional countries, incloding  Pakistan to rethink their  preexisting alignment with the  US and to ret offer further  help that might allow the  US to counter gran or its  proxies in the region	
(2)·	Gran maybe attempting to  force regional countries, including  Pakistan to rethink their  preexisting alignment with the  US and to ret offer firther  help that might allow the  US to counter gran or its  proxies in the region	
3	Force regional countries, including  Pakistan to rethink their  preexisting alignment with the  US and to set offer further  help that might allow the  US to counter gran or its  proxics in the region  Pakistan's Strategic Dilemmas  Gran's attack risked selling a	
3	force regional countries, incloding  Pakistan to rethink their  preexisting alignment with the  US and to ret offer further  help that might allow the  US to counter gran or its  proxies in the region	

if Pakistan let, t Pass the Palastani of leaders of fit that e this may sil emboldemoinet just India but also Afghanistan where the Illiban have been protecting the anti Pakistan Temik-e-Taliban Pakistan Pakistan establishing deterrence Pakistan leadership hil back to signal resolve and establish detterene ahite tristing that they can manage and alleviall the risk of graditioned font dilemma. Gran willing to ride escalation 5 ladder Gran willing and working towards becoming a nuclear pover signalling that it is willing to ride that will possibley 9ran B onder

	Beneficiaries of this Tension	
	Byother Ben	
	Reinforce Us' perception of	
	9ran	
	While US policy makers and the	
	proader policy community	
	accustomed to granan aggression -	
	mostly through proxies - accross	
	the midale East direct	
	military strikes in Pateritan are	
	Merel development for	
	them. The strikes will only	
	reinforce US leaders perception	
	of gran as a reckless	
in the	actor. In line with that	
	the State Department Dissued	
	a statement coldemning Dran's	
1	actions laganst Paicistan cand	
	disputed the granian change	
	against Pakisten by carling the	
	leading finder of terrorism	
	and instability in the region	
	120 c 11 Pakishos	
	US Synergy with Pakistan	
	Beyond the immediate standoff,	
	Some policy makers and " conce!	
	Command which maintains strong	
	ties with Pakistan may see synergies with a Pakistern	
	feeling threatened by gran	
	pertiting contest to the second	

	DATE:/		
	to boilance i granion invitary?		
	n		
	region solbitsons Granil Paleistanis		
	tensions are hot endemices.		
	with incentives on Jath sides		
	to maintain a finctional		
	to maintair a free diagnosis		
	relationship. The basic diagnosis		
	of gran-Paleistan relations,		
	combined with the united		
	States Ondo Pacific priortics		
	and encertainty in Pakisten		
	about working with the		
	Us on Middle çast 9 ssues, will		
	put a ceiling on any cooperative		
	agenda around neforicus Dranicio	15.7	
	agenda around neforieus Dranicio activitàs in the regim Add more argu	ımen	its i
	this part		
	De-escalation of Tension		
	the state of the s		
- 1. - 1.	Mediation of China		
	Pakistan may hope that		
	has a strong		
	relationship with the gran		
	can course I gran		
	mor escalatory behavior Even		
	befor Parkistan		
	thre were vent 11		
	were trung I		
	thre were repts the Chinese were trying to mediate		
	1/9/01/20		
	of a retaliation against gran		

DATE \_\_/\_\_/\_\_\_ Chinese rule to contain lengion Bilateral Talks & Reconciliation By 20th January. Pakistan and gran have agreet to de-escalate tensies after de the fit -for tat military. Pakistan's Foreign Minister Tall Abbas Julani spoke to Granian contemport tossain Amirabdollahian to level cooperation and to cordination The envoys were asked to return to their posts

DATE:	
Overtion 3	
ORGANIZATION OF SLAMIC	
Blacker NOITARATION COOPERATION	
The Olc's mission statement	
bills it as collective vorce	
of the muslim world" that	
worles to "protect the	
interests of the malim world?	
9+ was established by 24 member	
states in 1941.	
Today, with 57 member states	
from four continents, the oic	
is the second largest ntergovernt	nantel
organization in the world after	
UN quith a collective population	
reaching over 1.8 billion	
The najority of its member	
states on sulm majority	
cour hies white others have signific	
muslim populations including	ant
several African and South	
American Countries.	
146	

	industrial since while policy	
	Reasons behind OIC's failure	
	From geopolitical rivalria to	
	differences in religious stances.	
	there come many reasons behind	
	the failure of OIC which	
	predominantly revolves around the	
	Soudi - gran conflict.	(1)
	baringer to the middle East	(a)
	Saudi - 9ran Conflict Irrelevant	
	Saudi Anabia and Dran ere	
	al rich contries and consider	
	themselves leaders of the	
	muslim World.	
	However these countries have	
	been at a rift since the	
	granian revolution in 1979.	
	Savara veres fert triberte	
	Gran world cause a codution	
	in their country as well.	
	the committee and the second second	
(a)	the shia - sunni divide	
	Saudi Arabia has predominantry	
	Sunni Islam with barrely 10-15%	
	of shia population while 9ran	
	has predominantly shia Islam.	
	Many of these resulted	
	in clashes between sunni.	
	and Shia - Hajj Incident	
	1987 - where saudi forces	
		RECEIVED TO SERVICE