Mocks - 2024 - Feb Soud Kayani Batch- 129 Westridge Current Affairs In the dynamic landscape of global Q4) geopolitics, economic comidon play a crucial role. In the spot light are major initiatives: China's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) and the recently introduced India-Mildre East-Europe Economic Comiclor (IDEC). These ambibious projects Stand as manifestations economic provess, geopolitical maneuvering and the quest for dominance IMEC's Genesis and Purpose The IMEC, born from collaborative efforts between the USA, India and their allies seely to redefine noutes for trade between Inclia, the Crult states, and Europe. It's Inclia, the Cruff states, and Europe. It's proclaimed purpose is to enhance the movements of gracks, data money and fuster people to people connections However, the underlying motivations hint at countering China's expansive BRI, as highlighted by the commitment of Goobillion US dollars Se communent of counter balance China's influence



BRI: A Decade of Transformation Celebrating it's loth anniversary China's BRI unfolds as a multi-trillion-dollar global cooperation platform, shows using over 3000 cooperation projects and nearly a trillion dollars in investment. Despite which approved in investment. and debt traps, Ching asserts the BRI's pusitive impacts on global connectivity. Not required Omparative Analysis of BIRL SIMEC'S Potential Initiation and Brayness BRI was Raunched in 2013 and is IMEC is in the MOU stage, indicating it is in the preliminary planning Scale of Investment BRI has an estimated value of around 8 trillon US dollars IMEC's investments are projected. to be smaller, possibly a few billion dollars



(neo graphical Coverage BRI spans over approximately 150 countries, primarily developing or emerging economies meet is planned to cover around 20 countries, mainly in the middle East and Europe, with generally higher economic development Transportation modes BRI has a diverse network, with 70% focused on land-based routes. · IMEC emphasizes sea transportation christioning shipping lanes and sail and road connections Directionality BRI is multi-directional, connecting China with Asia, Europe, Africa, and America IMEC is unidirectional, primarily connecting Scope of Brojects BRI includes a wide range of projects from infrastructure to energy agriculture, and industrial zones. IMEC'S Scope appears more limit



focusing on shipping lanes and sail and road infrastructure. Future Prospects of IMEC Discuss this part in detail by MEC is giving subheadings and not points sea lanes and railroad connections of the member countries are at advanced s'ages. Hence, not a huge amount of work is required to build the infrastructure from bottom. Einoncial viability of IMEC is enhanced by the joint wealth of the participating countries. Most if these countries have solid economic actors, he common goal of these countries, backed by US and it's allies, can drive this project forward more rapidly. Common goal being the concerns about the increasing influence and ylobal dominance of Ching. Robust private sector involvement in various orviects of IMEC in various projects of IMEC can further speed p the implementation of this project. Economic benefits of IMEC also include regional integration in different cuttures and 5)

CS CamScanner

Add references/examples against your arguments

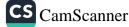
enhanced enorgy security especially with the involvement of the Cult states BRI Rospects 1) Infrastructure Development BRI aims to and upopade infrastructure, build including roach, rails, posts in the deve posticipating countries. This enhances connectivity, trad and promotes economic development. 2) Economic crowth The improved inpartuchine created by BRI can simulate economic granth in the pasticipating cauthies. It routes and logitical efficiency. 3) Invertment opposimilies opportunities such as foreign direct investment (FDI) and economic collaboration BPI provides investment BRI will encourage In-people exchanges 4) Cultural exchanges cultural and people-to-people by fostering closer ties between nations



(5

Discuss the potential and future prospects separately

5) Global connectivity BRI through iti vast range 01 proje increase connectivity regulti more easated global Cormy leal Connechrit con 0 balancer more inclusive economic development and anound globe onclusion future The the of PLONOMIC remains uncertain. The clash coniclos IMEC and signifier be ween BRI revelopment: than infrastructure inst Ne Stugal represents for BR IMEC both influence. 2 sal approaches BRI distinct with having nons In contrast, IMEC Ranger glubal 10 Regional dynamics, parly stages. still diplomatic manoeuving strategic interests and will decide the future of both comidors. Not properly answered



6

(26) Loss and Damage Fund outcome Key Framework UN tre non (UNFUL Change climate (0P2) of Partie Conference the Egypt an was meeting in 2022 in agreement to establish new a clamage and concept this The of developing accist to tund way particularly vulherable countries that are advose effect of the change. This fund will climate help affected autres Comba the inpacts the Vendry diaters suchas intense heat edetailing this part droughts Practical moterialization of Loss and Damage Fund, COP 28 COP28 As concluded in marked ubaj it a crucial uncture efforts global to address limate COP 28 was attaced change from harly representatives 200 , including Palaistan. countries The convenced with Conference the establishment significant achievement -Loss and the Damage Fund



7

Wealthy countries, most responsible for Climate emergency, the pledard a combined total of just over 700 million US dollars (guardian report) to the loss and damage fund. This is equivalent to less than 0.2010 of the irrevensible economic and non-economic from global heating every year. Oppositunities of Practical Materialization A Bleak Future The opposituations as it stands right how, are very bleak of the practical materialization of loss and domage fund. The pledges that were made at COP 28 fell far short of which was heeded: 700 million dollars Loss and damage in developing countries estimated by one nongovernmental organisation is greater than 400 billion dollars a year and rising. Estimates for the annual cost of the damage have varied from loo billion to 580 billion tollars. This figure is far greater than what has been pledged by the



Keep the description of a single heading brief and increase the number of arguments instead

developed countries. For instance,
UAE pledged loo million dollars as well
UTHE pledged 100 million doin the booped
as Germany, then soightly topped
by taly and trance who boint
promised to 8 million dollars. The Cos,
which is burning on the worst
greenhouse gas emitter - and largest
Oil and gas mancer of 20.23 -
Oil and gas emitter - and largest — Oil and gas emitter - and largest — pledged just 17.5 million dollars.
While Japan, the third highest
economy behind US and China, offered
a mere la million deslars.
These millions that are promised for
the how and damage find at COP28
are a drop in the ocean of what
is needed. The growing loss and damage is the clearest indication that the
is the clearest indication that the
Fans statement 2015 is not uprime
and countries are structure
However, if the developed and
what they hadrow recomice No
NEON OF THE LAND ALL ALL
the directer at hand pused by
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- Change have
can be a ray of lope for
countries in fighting environmental
et disaster . Out at the man
et disasters. Out at the momental future looly bleak



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Potential Benefits for Pakistan For Palcistan, the stakes for environment are high. According to Global Climate Risk Index 2022, Pakistan is the fifth much affected country by climate change. Extreme weather worditions including heatwares, floods and droughts pute significant Challenges. Opportunity to activate the funding Adhering to check and balances, showcaving the commitment to utilizing the funds effectively, Pakistan can grab this oppostunity to get some relief financially to tacicle the climate change effects. COP 28 Loss and damage fund materialization comer at a time when Palcisten is forcing the heat of environmental disasters. Hence, Pakistan can awail this fund to revense some of the domages coursed by intense floods and can increase it's adaptative and mitigative copabilities. Palesten's Active engagement at COP28 Pareiston parilion energed as a fixal point for discussions, herebing panels.

(11) Short and incomplete answer. A 20 marks qs should have around 15 subheadings on initiatives Paleiston showcased such as 'The Living Indus Initiative', which is aimed to restore the Indus River basin. The Ministry of Climate charge conducted 28 activities on the sidelines as well. enclusion arcistan played active role in for environment protection interests ach acating of 100 25. Developed countries must opertationalize Loss and Damacje Fund' inorder to help the affected combries in adapting and mitigating the constantly ning environmental challenges. The path forward requires continued global cooperation effective planning decisive action choo

