

Q. No. 2

Iran and Pakistan - Reasons, Beneficiaries - ways of de-escalation

Synopsis:

1) Introduction

2) Reasons of escalation

- a) Weakened regional position of Iran
- b) Internal issues
- c) Threat of Militancy
- d) To remain relevant

3) Beneficiaries of attack

- a) Rival states of Pakistan
- b) Insurgent factors
- c) Superpowers - Iran rivals.

4) Ways of de-escalation

- a) Increase diplomatic channels
- b) Increase bilateral trade ties.

c) Bilateral energy projects.

d) Increased cultural ties

5 **Critical analysis**

6 **Conclusion**

Introduction

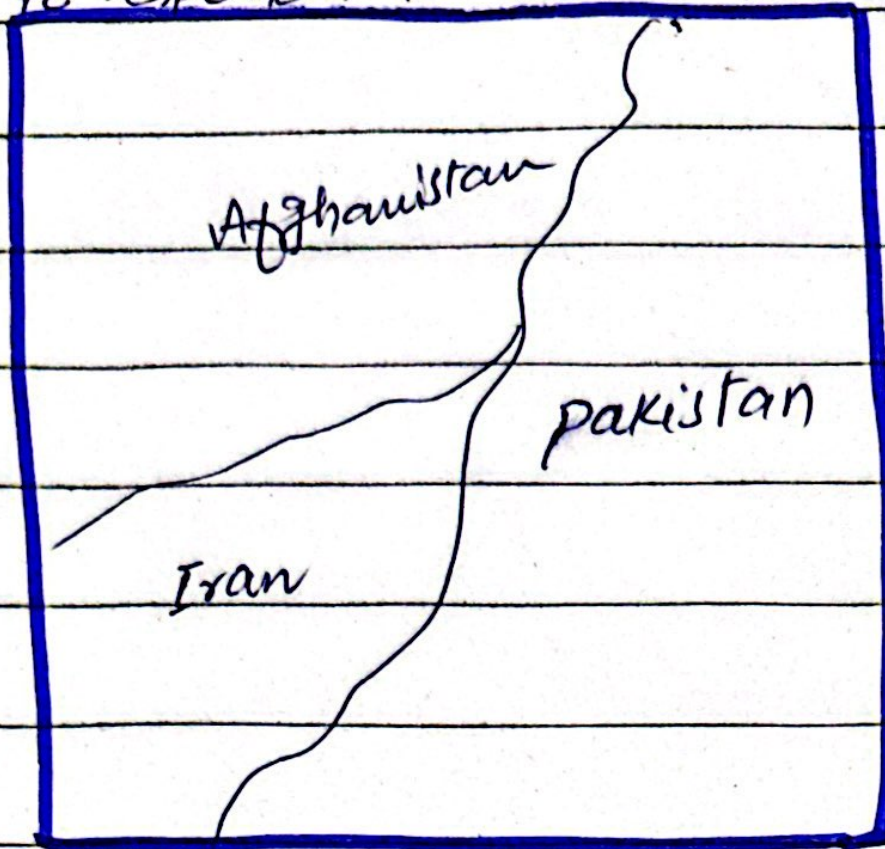
Pakistan and Iran share a cordial bond since Pakistan's inception when Iran was the first state to recognize Pakistan but since a decade, or two a enmity between both states been which results into border and trade clash.

Reasons of Escalation between Pakistan and Iran

a) Weakened Regional Position of Iran

Iran is facing sanction from the world powers due to nuclear program and then one of it maj. Gen Solemani was killed and State has faced many clashes with non-state actors like Houthis and they have declared Iran as coward

not able to respond, to clear his weakened



condition Iran attack Pakistan.

b) Internal issue of state

Iran is

going through internal instability.

'To get a leverage
in coming elections
they attacked Pakistan
in the name of insurgents.'

c) Threat of Militancy

Iran is

surrounded by Military non-state
actors threat and to counter them
and give them a message of strong

repercussions they attacked Pakistan.

d) To remain politically relevant

one of the main issue is to remain relevant in the region, which is too dominated by Arab actors and Western agendas.

'Iran wants to stay relevant in regional politics.'
(Foreign Affairs)

Beneficiaries of the attack

a) Pakistan's arch-rival India

'India has favoured Iran attack in Pakistan probably the only state who appreciated.'

India can extend time and support for Iran and can bring a lot of threat to Pakistan.

b) Iran's rival western state

Iran's rival western states have condemned the attack while pointing towards Iran's isolationist policy.

"Iran has no friends
in the region and
neighbourhood"

(Joe Biden)

They think of Iran like that
of North America.

c) Insurgent elements

Insurgent elements can be the
biggest beneficiary in this matter.

'A message of
instability to non
state actors can
brought terrorism
to the region.'

They want to take hold like that
of Afghanistan.

Ways of De-escalation

a) Activate diplomatic channels

It could be de-escalated and for this both state have to activate the **Channel I** **Channel II** diplomacy to eradicate the grudges and ensure the border safety and each state and its masses safety.

b) Increase Bilateral trade ties

They have the potential to bring a lot on the table. As both are Muslim States with a lot of opportunities for trade, as Iran said.

'Iran wants \$2 Billion trade with Pakistan'

Increased and integrated ties can eradicate chances of escalation.

c) Bilateral Energy Projects

Pakistan

takes energy from Iran through
a gas pipeline.

Iran and Pakistan
was about to sign
another energy project
last year.

So such positive initiatives should be
fused.

d) Bilateral cultural and strategic ties

Bilateral cultural and strategic
partnership can strengthen the image
of both states in the region

'Pakistan and Iran
can share strategic
partnership for regional
stability.'

It can increase mass collaboration as
well.

Parts of no sovereignty breachmat

There can be a part made to protect the borders that.

'NO state will be allowed to breach the sovereignty.

critical analysis

Iran and Pakistan had historical friendly ties and can enhance it as well. Both states have the potential to invest and get a lot from each state.

Conclusion.

To sum up, Iran and Pakistan can de-escalate with equal and bilateral partnerships. One single state cannot make a difference because borders need to be secured and masses prosperity should be top priority of the states.

Q. NO. 4

BRI and IMEC - Potential and Future Prospects.

Synopsis

1 Introduction

2 Potentials of IMEC and BRI

A) IMEC

- a) Political benefits
- b) Economic Supremacy
- c) Strategic partnerships
- d) Increased influence in the region

B) BRI

- a) To eradicate Poverty
- b) Chinese economic Partnerships
- c) Strategic partnerships
- d) Challenge US Supremacy
- e) Build infrastructures

3) Future Prospects of IMEC and BRI

a) IMEC is way behind BRI

b) Increased Free trade in the world.

c) Political Influence

d) Alliances buildup.

e) Partnerships to revolutionise

4 Critical analysis

5 Conclusion.

Introduction

India Middle-East Europe Economic Corridor and BRI of China have the potential to eradicate poverty, strengthen economy and bring stability to the global arena. Equal distribution of benefits to all region will be celebrated.

Potentials of IMEC and BRI

a) India Middle-East Europe Economic

Corridor

b) Political Benefits

IMEC is the part of Bring Back Better World project and the main purpose of this is to counter China in this region. As it is surrounding and including all the Chinese friendly and neighbours in it.

c) Economic Superlarity

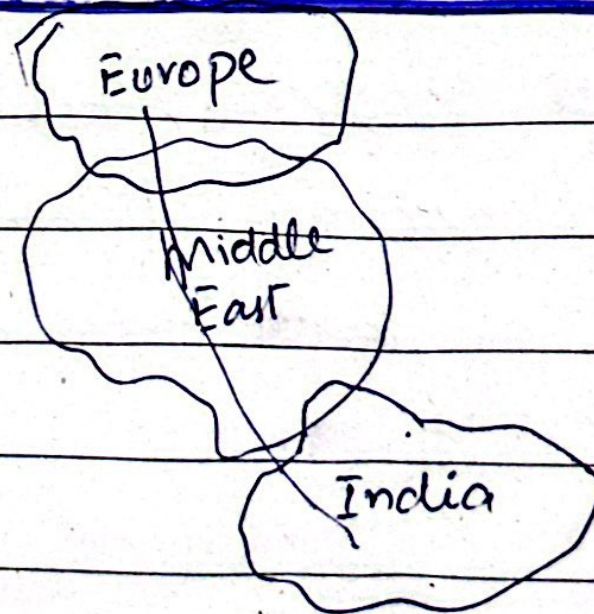
It can brought

economic prosperity

to this region particularly.

As, the included regions have the potential and opportunity

to better their PPP and GDP's with bilateral free trade, railway and sea, land projects.



d) Strategic Partnerships

These three regions are already strong in the strategic areas but collective exercises to counter threats can certainly increase their capacity to another level.

e) Increase influence in the region to counter China

The main or primary purpose of this western aligned system is to counter China in every field - in sea and land routes. Access to Middle East and making them part of it is to save or take them out of China's influence.

Belt and Road Initiative BRI

a) To eradicate Poverty

The main purpose or the benefit world can

China has uplifted
70 million people from
poverty and have the
potential to.

See is eradication of the poverty as
China uplifted its population.

b) Chinese Economic Markets
will grow

Chinese economic markets
will grow or their products will
get more markets in the region
and the cost of the travel will not
impact the products much due to
the BRI - Silk road based
Project.

c) Will challenge US Supremacy
with grown influence.

Though
US have made countering China
as part of their foreign policy

but still BRI will give it a boost.

Build Infrastructure

Chinese are enthusiastic about building infrastructure.

China can give
you loans... and
can help to build
the infrastructure..
which infrastructure
you want to build.

Because they believe without infrastructure development is not possible.

Future Prospects of IMEC and BRI

IMEC is way behind BRI

IMEC is way behind BRI due to its nature and multistate actor inclusion in it, it might stay in paper like B3W.

Increase Free trade in the world

Both projects can increase the free trade in the region and can ensure the quality provision with standards maintained to the public.

competitive Markets

competitive markets will create a leverage for the consumers as they'll be able to bring better and economic priced products for their use and it will increase competition.

uplift the living standards

Not only markets competition but

IMEC and BRI will boost the living standards of common people.

Increased political influence

Both will get a chance to counter each other's influence in the respective region which will save the states from the hegemonic pressure of joining a power group as well.

Alliances buildup

Alliances will be built up to counter each other's influence and power in the region. There might be non-alignment groups built up as well to refrain from power-war.

Partnership to revolutionize

Technology development and science partnerships will revolutionize the world. Like Germany and Japan, many other countries will be benefited with technological revolution.

Critical analysis

IMEC and BRI have a potential which can have both negative and positive impacts on the region or globe.

Conclusion

To sum up, IMEC could be a sub-system of B3W counterpart but already in progress project will be difficult to surpass. As, it has already completed 50-70% of its projects and are in a working condition.

Question No. 6

Losses and damage - opportunities of its practical materialization - Benefits for Pakistan

Synopsis

1) Introduction

2) Loss and damage concept - COP27

- a) Climate justice concept
- b) Carbon fund payment
- c) Developing countries bearing the brunt.

3) Opportunities of practical materialization - COP28

- a) Pay funds to developing world
- b) Eradicate Fossil fuels
- c) Investment for renewable energy.
- d) Fossil Fuels - addressed.

4 Benefits for Pakistan

- a) Investment for clean energy
- b) Funds for damage caused
- c) Improve the economy

5 Critical analysis

Conclusion

Introduction

Global warming is a global phenomenon which have brought the world states on a single table to discuss what's lacking which might pose a threat to their existence in the future.

Loss and damage Concept-COP27

a) Climate Justice:

Climate is not deteriorated by one state but by all states particularly the major industrial powers and

Developing countries
need climate justice.

FM of Pakistan

users of coal. So, they should pay
for the loss developing world faces.

b) Carbon Fund Payment

A part
of carbon fund payment was
created about **Billions** dollars
to pay as a carbon fund
earlier and even was emphasized
in COP27 but was not addressed
and focused even after the
strong demand.

c) Developing Countries bearing the brunt.

Elite Powers have
developed their economies with the
industrial power and has caused
heat trapping and rise in temperature

compensation for the
destrous impacts on
developing world needed.

But developing world is bearing it.

Opportunities of Practical Materialization COP28

a) Compensation funds for develop ing world

There is a need and
opportunity for compensation of
carbon fund to developing world which
have been asked by chairman to
pay **\$700 million funds** as a
compensation to the damage.

b) Fossil Fuels addressed rightly

Fossil fuels which
was never addressed before that
is highlighted in this COP28 especially
the word **Fossil** was not used before

d) Eradicate Fossil Fuels

Strong will towards the eradication of fossil fuels been shown from the rich oil-company holder chairman of COP28. He asked to mitigate the usage.

e) Investment in renewable energy Projects.

Investment in renewable energy been focused and highlighted because

'Without a proper shift in energy sector the world cannot control climate'

Benefits for Pakistan if it

a) Investment for clean energy

It has brought an opportunity of investment in the clean energy for Pakistan as

well as the developed world has the intention to invest in most vulnerable and developing states to take some burden off their shoulders.

b) Funds for damages caused

Pakistan

will also receive the funds from the loss and damaged fund as

'Being 3rd most vulnerable state to climate change Pakistan faced disastrous floods recently'

c) Will work on water scarcity

There

is a chance of water scarcity issue been dismissed and models like that of Israel been followed to take Pakistan out of water scarce countries. It can become a real help to such states.

d) Bridge the gap between loss and damage

This fund and investment will bridge the gap between loss and damage and infrastructural development.

'Disaster cannot be amended without proper help.'

e) Sustainable state - sustainable economy.

Developed infrastructure buildup will ensure the stability in the state and region. As instead of spending on building infrastructure state will invest more on the masses and their development. It will make a strong impact to states economy.

f) Transition according to capacity

As asked by chairman that all states should transfer to renewable

energy it will benefit the imported energy projects.

Critical analysis.

Projects and plans cannot be achieved until followed with a potential and full letter and spirit.

Conclusion:

To sum up, COP27 have left many points blanked which have been addressed and will be materialised according to COP28, as President of COP28 said.

'It is a plan that is led by science, it is a balanced plan that tackles emission bridges the gap on adaptation, reemergence of global finance and delivers loss and damage.'

COP28 President

Q. NO. 7

**One China Two System -
US Policy towards Taiwan -
Possible implications - Give
Recommendation.**

Synopsis.

- 1) Introduction
- 2) What is One China Two Systems
 - a) Historical discourse
- 3) US Policy towards Taiwan
 - a) Accepted one China-Two System first
 - b) Creating imbalance in the region
 - c) Hurtful and threatening for Taiwan
 - d) Stability will be missing
- 4) Possible implications
 - a) Activate the historical policy
 - b) Economic Prosperity

- c) Political Sustainability
- d) Strategic security.
- e) Cultural strengthening
- f) Global opportunities
- g) Eradication of poverty

4 Critical analysis

5 Conclusion

Introduction

China is one of the emerging superpower with a lot of potential and strong forces of economy and politics. It might supersede America in a decade or two, and to trigger conflict against it might have severe impacts.

What is one China-two system policy.

Historical Discourse

Since its inception on China was involved in the war

communism and capitalism and US favoured the Taiwan. and China was not made part of United Nations but Taiwan was. But later China was accepted and Taiwan ousted

⇒ China still not out of it.

US implied the or offered the One China two system Policy which China agreed but Taiwan didn't. China is still committed to govern Taiwan under its one China rule but Taiwan is not willing.

Taiwan have to accept it sooner or later?

(China)

US - Policy towards Taiwan is hurting it

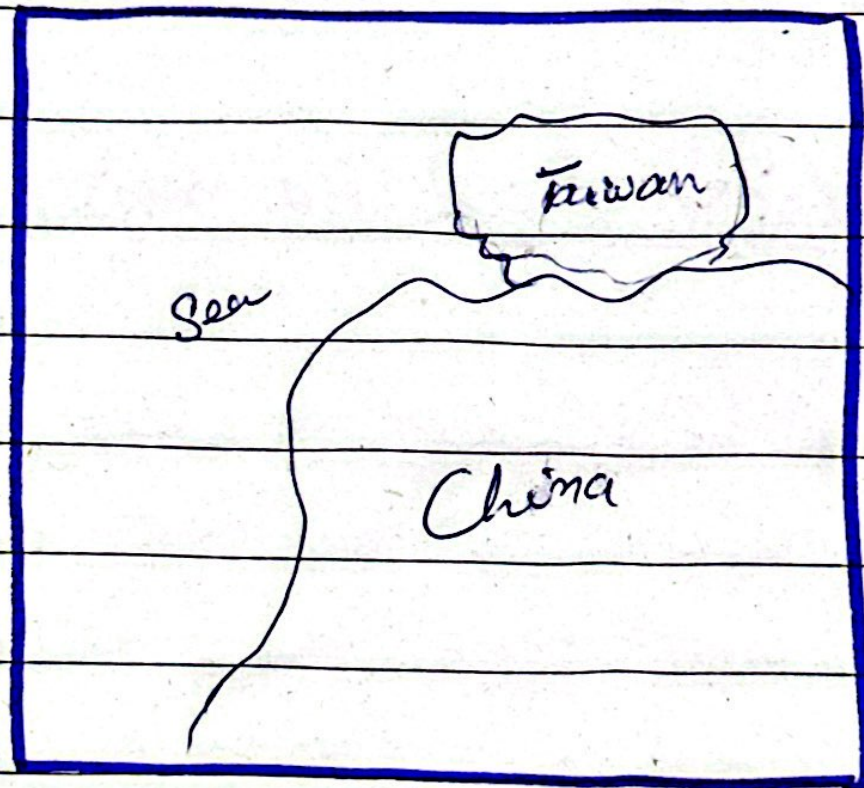
a) Nancy Pelosi's visit controversy.

House speaker

Nancy Pelosi visited Taiwan which emerged a controversy.

b) Will give rise to Chinese fury

US over-emphasize and favour to Taiwan might create Problems for them as it will give



rise to China's fury.

c) Political and economic loss

It will bring political and economic loss to Taiwan due to Chinese influence and can lead to strong Strategic reaction as well. So, there

is no assurance of development.

d) Regional imbalance

Regional imbalance due to China and US rivalry will be created and Taiwan might have to bear the brunt as China consider Taiwan it part.

e) stability will be missing

until the issue is resolved stability cannot be expected as all contributing factors will serve their interests and not inclined much towards the peace and stability of region.

Possible Implications

a) Activate the Historical Policy

One China two state policy should be activated for a better and secure future of

Taiwan because China will not leave at all

b) Parts of Peace and Stability

They can make parts of peace and stability between each other or can activate the diplomatic channels to find a most suitable and stable solution which will not disrupt peace anymore.

c) Economic benefits for the Taiwan

Taiwan has a lot economically in the China affiliation as it will bring prosperity better trade options and multiple economic benefit for the state and the masses as they'll be part of Chinese development.

d) Relevant and Strong backed Taiwan

If Taiwan will be strongly

linked and backed with China it will have an influence and strength.

e) BRI and infrastructure buildup

BRI and infrastructure buildup can brought more prosperity to Taiwan.

'Taiwan can join the road of prosperity and sustainable development with China.'

f) Strong strategic Bank

Annexation
or Linkage of Taiwan with China can make it secure and the most prominent state for peace and stability in the region.

'It will lower defence budget and emphasize human buildup.'

g) Cultural Similarity and Exchange Programs.

Cultural onness
can create a lot of exchange program and better education opportunities for Taiwan.

h) Better employment opportunity

Not only education but better employment and livelihood could be shared as one system state. They'll have strong and long list of benefits to prosper and flourish and stay relevant and stable.

Critical analysis

One China-Two System policy is favourable for Taiwan in this heatful international sphere of politics.

Conclusion.

To sum up, Taiwan

Date: _____

has to align with China for a
secure future and better international
say. It can bring economic prosperity
and human development for them.