Name: Abdul Jabbar Baich: 368 LMSID: 34340 PAPER-ÍJ DATE:/_/20	3
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS - IR	ana ana amin'ny fisiana amin'ny fisiana
Part-II QNO:4 Ans	
Introduction:	~
Introduction he global political order has shifted since the end of cold way, evolving from a bipola system to a unipolar one dominated by the United States. Russia and China are often categorized as revisionist powers becaus they seek to alter the current Us-red world order by establishing a multipolar	e
world. orderl. Their foreign policies reflect	ŧ,
Their foreign policies reflece Strategic moves aligned with key IR theories such as realism, constructions, and neo-Marxism.	1
Russian Foreign Policy: A Realist Perspecti Manifestations: i- Military Power and Geopolitical Influence Russia's annexation	

Add their revisionist ambitions



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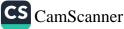
DATE: / /20 of Crimea (2014) and involvement in Ukrain reflect its pursuit of strategic depth. It's military presence in Syria aims to secure milluence in -lhe Middle East, a region crucial for balancing US dominance ii- Energy as Geopolitical Tool; Energy exports -10 Europe (i, e: Nord stream pipelines) enhance Russia's economic levarage over Western states. iii-Alliances Formation: Russia strengthens. position by creating 5-5 alternatives litke the Eurasian Economic Union and deeping ties with Ching _ 1R Lens i-Offensive Realism: Russia s seeks -10



DATE: / /20 3+5 bower maximize -10 security ensure perceived 0 international anarchic 515 ii - Neo - Reind your main idea in headings Their ambitions Ku 981G counters. balance the unipolar dominance the US strivin 6 10 maintain regional hegemony in Eursia -Chinese Foreign Policy: Constructivism and Realism: Manifestations: Diplomacy: Economic and Belt The (BRI) connects Road Initiative 140 countres over economic om Creating on China. Centered networ op establishment Asia ructure Investment challenges AJIB) mancial msti tron Intes enn Word IMF and like the Bank



DATE: / /20 II- Military Expansion: Chima's hina's militarization the South ching seg 01 ensures contrat over vital trade soutes. III - Soft Power and Norm Creation: Promoting "socialism with chinese choracteristics' and cultural diplomacy through confucius instituter. IV- Institutional Revisionism: Leading initialives and the SCO Irsh an alternative like BRICS and establish an 10 the US-led order. IR Lens: 1- Constructivism China's policy reflects its historical identity civilizational power as reclaiming its rightful place in global affeins. place in global II- Realism: China's vise emphasizes maximizing elonomic



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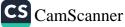
DATE: / /20 and military Capabilities -lo compete with the US in a power-centric system. Smpacts on the Multipolar World . · Global Effects Through IR Theories: i- Erosion of US-Led Unipolarity (Neo-Realism): and Russians Ching's action have weakened influence in Europe US and the Middle Asia, East, fostering a balance of pooler. Their allrance reflects a balancing coalition against the US (reglist "balancing behavior). 11- Economic Multipolarity: (Neo-Marxism) Russia and Chima challenge the dominance of Western-Led global capitalism by promotimp alternative economic models (eg: BRI). challinge In- Normative Shifts (constructivism). Revisionist states promote



DATE: / /20 sovereignty new norms and non-intervention, challengi liberal roloals Western democray premotion. Conclusion: Russia chuna's Forcign and rooted in Then policies are identities and Stratesic torical ominan ci dismonth am reshape the orde 10pa a ctions m Fh hallen ear PQ 0 0 uni polar woorld omot. 9 w reve wer po DOLAN Ī among 15 dist DU DOQUE 5hle and reponal actor Mis transition visks instability as however intereste ashon Competin Could lea then 10 bowers the absence in ict governance global Busameworkes Improve length No need to add separate theory in each headings Work on given suggestions below Discuss your paper in tutorial

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DATE: / /20 QNO#5 Ans og.Antroduction: lhe revival 5 -errorism and msurgency Pakiston, exacerba M instability Afghavnistan, m b repuives stratégic mersures tailered potra mersures -0 ho dynamics evolving Scord 3 should megsines These security concerns address political relations, economic and internationa Tes cooperation. President asmer Mushasaff Said erveir prosperous stable A and Afghaniston is 'm' Pakiston's interest, juit perce and securit Papiston essential an Where is first ú part???? Afghanistan" ozSome Measures 10 Curb Terrorism in Pakistan: and Insurgency Enhance Border Management 2.1

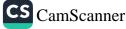


DATE: / /20 i- Implement Technological Surveillance: otromes, cameras Deploy drones, ca biometric systems to and monitors the Dividend line effectively II- Fence the Border: Complete fencing Palciston - Afghanista the along control illega border 10 Crossorps. ni- Establish Border Posts: -lhe number Increese check border pos trame deploy personel manage -lhe goods and of people. Ow 2.2 Strengthen Counter-Terrorism Mechanisms: Intelligence Shaving, 1-Collaborado with gather actionable international and regional partners 10 in-telligence networks.

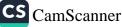


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DATE: __/_/20 11- Cracking down on financial network: Disrupts funding channels of insurgents through enhanced financial oversight and cooperation with global ghd institutions like FATE Mi- Integrated Operations: Lonanch coordinated military and paramilitary operations against terrorist hideouts sear the western border 2.3 Engage Afghanistan through Diplomatic Channels: 1- Facilitate dialogue with Taliban Regine fer Advocate om inclusive Afghan government. While addressing pakistans. security concertors. 11- Utilize Regrossa forum: -everage platforms like the SCO stator 15-14 1



DATE: /_/20 in- Bilateral Agreements: on non-inter-ference and respect for sovereignty mutuel 2.4 Economic Integration with Afghanistan: Afghanistan: i- Promote Trade and Connectivity: Revitatize trade voutes like the Afghanistan-Pakistan Transit trade voule Agreement Transit trade voule Agreement (APTTA) Building inforstructure for regional trade, connecting Central Asis and South Asia. Strengthen Relations with 2.5 Regional Powers: Work through CPEC 10 extend economic connectivity Afghanistan. Partner into with Iran on border security and counter- ferrorism measures. Enhance connectivity and trade with Central Asés vir Afghanistan reduce its économic. -10 dependency on the west.

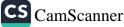


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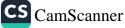
DATE: / /20 2.6 Address Domestic Challenges: Launch initiative lo vehabilitate militarits and prevent radicalization in border avers. Strengthen socio-economic development in Former FATA regions 10 reduce grievances thef fuel insuspence 2.7 Leverage International Support international engagement m Afghamiston for humantarian Afghanistan ferronson purposes. counterand for funding development Seek projects refugee manggemen Regional Security Allrances 2.8 Afghanistan- Phristen-Ching. dialogue pegce on Security and reilon Th coaldions to 2000 1 2000 1 Form Cross-border ferrors address Conclusion: 3. Pakistan can megsures



DATE: / /20 effectually address terrorran of insurgeny emanation from Afghanistan. Stabiliz western border require that multo-prosped robust security Combril mechanisms, diplometic initiatives elemente and regional while sefeguarding interests is essential integration. dynamics national beace an form (long evelop mbalance answe Substantially low Add references



DATE: / /20 QN0#6 Ans: sIntroduction: lhe Middle East has 98 holspot emerged 9 politics global due 0 Dower stategic location. 343 vast resources energy conflicts. and ndurisid marked by lhis region īŚ regional Convergence ð inter. matries external and ventions 54 makine 0 battle ground ers Ken obal intereste. competil ernationa Relations Isint 3-- hearres came this examines loc analy Mrddle shapme qno dynan Aern pact on Ŵ serd oba tres DO 07 Middle East's Causes 63. Global Importance: 2.1 Position Strategic Geopolitical (Realism Mrddle Cause: The Eas three - coutinents Connects

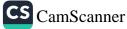


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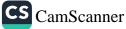
Asta, Africa and Europeand hosts critical date waterways like the Steart of Hormuz and-the Suez Canal Effect: Global powers, including the US, Russia, and China compete for influence in the region. Establishment of key basis of nutrony and kiery locotrong. alltances 2.2 Energy Resources (Neo-Realism) Cause: The Mrddle East holds of the world's over 50%. Signi Fread Oil 2 60 enves ame gas creposite natural Energy dependay dyres external powers to interm in room Effects Energy intervene confict in regional Gulf wers, Irgg Wor 2.3 Ideological Divider and Sectariansm Constructivism Summi-Shia divide Guse: the and ideological conflicts between Soudi-Arebra and and gran. Prexy wave in Yemen. Effect:



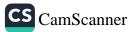
DATE: / /20 Syria, and Irg-Polarized regional alliances such as the Saudi-led Cauf Cooperation Council (GCC verilis Iramis Axis of revisionce. 2.4 External Interventions (Realism) The US-led global order and Russian resurgence Cause: influence regional politics. Effect: US. militerry involvener Iray, and d pursia's Afghanist In in terven and in Syra. Regional instability due to power raccuns creeted foreign nulitary actions. 03. Effects of Regional Dynamics. 3.1 Proliferation of Proxy wars (Nec-Realism): Cause: Rivalvier between regional poevers like Saudi - Arabia and Iren. fect: Destabilization of states. Humanitarian crisis, Encluding displacement and famine.



DATE: __/_/20 3.2 Rise of Non-State Actors: (Liberalism and Constructivism) Cause: Weak state stouctures and power vaccun ffect: Emergence of groups like 1818 and Hezbollah Sporegsed terrorism both segionally globally. and 3.3. Polarization of Global Powers: (Reelsom) Cause: Competing interests the Reissig, and US! Chino -the in Middle Eas Effects: Intensi fication US-RUSSIA STVElsy. he. Syra) m Werkening (liberalism of Global Governme 3.4 Coure: Sanstarlity institutions 5 like 14 U mediate effectively prolonged conflicts. En Effects: conflicts refrond Enstator Lity. Dectiming that in multilateral diplomacy.



DATE: / /20 Policy Implications and Recommendations: 04 Strengthen Multilateral Institutions: 4.1 Enhance the role The and the regional UN organizations like The league to Arab confict resolution Promote Regional Cooperation: 4.2 Encourage dialoque between Saudio Arbbia and Iran and also other key players reduce -10 tension. 4.3 Address Root Causes of quitability. Invest in development and governmentance reform Idckle 10 economic and social grievencer. Manage External Interventions: 4.4 Forcourage responsable global power engagement to prevent firther destabilization.



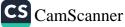
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Conclusion: 05 The Middle East's hotspot emergence as 9 power lobal 7C> DOI resul 5 import reserve Mog teste once. wegith, an seqt oe rogron onalica. Anali he such -through 250 807 constru reli , and twism as reveels 140 meo-marxi of natine interconnec 10 æ hapm Causes an dyng m Sol C repi Midd 12 nau en 0 er -lher 5 Collaborative 9 ren Look into the concept of cause effect analysis in IR again Increase events in such type of question .

In a stand one and the set of the for a first state while a station individual to state a straightering.

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DATE: / /20 QNO#7. Ans: of Introduction: South Asia charact-21 frazi erized 28 0 environment Securit between porticularly Poleur Indre, due to historica Conflicts, territorial disput nuclea rivaln ne re, boilance exsor" n this op to deterence re region through the Dossersion 0 neiclea wegpons by 60 states -The Balance of Terror 02: South Scenario Asca: ū where situation 01 mutual ear prevents nucleardestruction from adversa re armed escalading conflicts -10 Scole t'n South - now ASTA hostities shaped by is this 2001 -- 0000 Karogil, Conflict ie : Positive Aspects of Deterront Stability: 2.1 severe tensions Dite



DATE:__/__/20 Prove balance of terror first reven har large- Scale inori Since nations exprcised bove Both direct ezajn caution in escelation fearing 0 9 ucles Cor Comparative Analysis of Nuclear Dette Doctrines 03. Pakistan's Nuclear Doctrine: 3.1 Purpose: Maintain a credible deterrent against Indig's conventional military superiority Features: · First use Polsey: Pakistan retains -10 use nuclear the right $\tilde{\mathbf{w}}$ Weapons response to conventional aggression. · Full Spectrum: Deterrence: Deployment 01 factical nuclear weapons counter India's " cold Start Dactainer. Survivability: Reliance 00 · Focus mobile launch systemy on second. strike and capabilitien.



India's Nuclear Doctrine: 3.2 Purpose: Deter nuclear threats from Pakistan and China ubile projection strategic restrainit. Key Features: No Frist Use Policy: India commute to using nuclear weepong īn) retaliation only to a nuclear attack. Massive Retailiation: Ensure 9 derastaling response to nuclear aggression. any Credible Minimum Deferrence: Maintain 9 sufficient arsenel without entering an arms man Technological Development: Focus on to ballistic missile defense (BAMD) systems and longrange missiles like Angn serie . Conclusion : 04 The Balance terror in South remains precasion due to historical b0-st technological advancements and doctoral asymmetres

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DATE:___ 1 and India Roleistan. between deterrence ruclear While they prevented ers - Scale war holl sym Such 2í C the appence First part i BMg- Threaten 0 Opus. siona 20 Non General Instructions for in International Relations lialog strca 08 CS Add II theories perce erm 0 vou use R jargons to differentiate it from Current affairs paper try reflecting IR concepts or words in your heading no need to apply all theories in one question but one or two that may Justify your arguments Justify your arguments with at least 8-9 headings Add current developments as an examples to support arguments add R philosophers e.g. Morganthue, Mearcheimer etc and their philosophies add graphs charts and critical analysis for bonus marks each question has 2 or 3 parts, give equal **CS** CamScanner weitage to all parts