

Leads to a short-feasind Dead lock 4) Case in point : liepovernmed vs KPK Impacts Negatively: 1000 Health Services 9) Case in point: Issue of Dry Regulation Authority. Catalyzes Economic Meltdown H-Paguaday's Protest Serback to National Treasury I i) case in point. Dividend Collec -tion of Tax Revenues Recommendations for Reducing 5-Impacts of Consequences Address Graviences of Provinces Aon National Issues Political Concersus B -Order House in Put Economic C-Egyval Distribution of Power ond 0-Federating units Resources Among Conclusion Your outline is fine but try to hit the topic directly.

	"Country wants constitution,	
4.00	nation wants democracy and	
	provinces want autonomy." These	400
	were the words of Zultikan	
Section 1	Ali Bhutto. These words are	
	e Lill act today as per	
	current scenario of country?s	
	political landscope. There is	
	a conflict between federation	
	end federating units. The pre-requi	
	-site of federation is submission	
EV S	of powers of federating units	4 3
	to center. Pakistan seems to	1 1 1
	le federation out et se not reprinase it	
	in the sense The ongoing	
	Isagreeneets between center and	
	provinces are not a good	
	omen for national unity. There	
the second second	ase This hot the asked pareso	you _
	such don't need to ace this in your of sesources over containing. Increase of the sesources over containing the	
	of resources over contralization of	
	Dower Jack of Don't I	
	controlled be toolen	gtny.
	of masses. Thes conflict has	
5,	negative consequences for the	
	country in political, economic,	
	Social and governance domain.	
	It is blow to national	
	integration, hurdle in implementation	
1 1	of national policies and	

non-state provides vaccum to leads elements Moreover it of to voices of creation goc'al new provinces, ignites leads Choas and covil unvest en of to political deadlock impacts negatively health. Services. Additionally. it adolyzes and setback economic meltdown national treasury. However, to the abovementioned consequences Can be reduced by taking holistic approaches such as holistic approaches addressing graviances provinces, political consensus national national Prisves, egual distribution of resources and power among federating units, and put economic house in order. The conflict between provinces and federation leads to \$10widown the pace of progress of the country. The factors behind need to be addressed in order to avoid consequences. Therefore, the holistic approaches to fill the gap needed between federation federating units.

DATE: __/__/___

Currently, there are many conflicts	
between provinces and federation	
in Pakiston. The manifestations	
of conflicts are Sindh and	
Center 98 deadlock on 9ssues,	
Balachittan 28 in satisfiactory response	
to center and KPK-center's political conflict. All these	
political conflict. All these	
manifestations are alarming to valuonal unity of the	
to valional unity of the	
county. After parssing of the	
County, After passing of the	· · ·
that these would be smooth	
gelationships between tederation	
and federating units but it	AV.
does not seen true today. These are numbers of	
inege are numbers of	
contributing factors behind proviocal-federation conflict as	
Firstly the Unequal distribution	ns -
of resources among federating	
unit fuel conflict. For instance,	
according to the National	
Finance Commission, the destribution	
of resources 13 base on	
population. It leads to	
graviances among masses of	-
Balochiston who are receiving	
minimum shage. Hence, the	
vvnere is your	
analysis?	

distribution unequal factor. contributing over centralization the Second) 15 29 in center factor of center - provinces Dulling The exercising of Confiect. and not center Dones devolution to federating units overstrad owing leads Mimately of provinces. autonomy orating rift between it provinces. fed eranon Thirdly, the of · Jack 6 Btrucean olitical Congensu conter desating units and Such_ Pssues national the construction Kalabagh Dam leads 10 between center Conflict end provinces. The unwillingness to Sumend on national Psaves further aggravates the situation upto conflict. Lastly, the inequal distrib -ution of resources. lead to graviance of masses creates and sense deprivedness among masseg. The Mest Pakiston. end Pakistan ... East. had witnessed

80 the conflict is

to national unity of

unity 1

blow

country

Besides, don explain examples.

Where is your argumen[?

leads conflict Secondly the hurdles 10 national implementation policies across the point Ps The (ase Single implementation of Nettional Confession the decraed country The gove In ment unitrom mode implement The education country clused to the implement in it language issue. province to due to design It also annunced provincial amalum. its awn Theretore the conflict is in implementation of bordle 0 polici 3. national thirdly. the conflict provincial - federation confict provides vacam non-state elements such to TTP ord Baloch Libertin as They infuse georse. deprive iness zmong masses C PLYTHU out their activities to harm national fabric of country. The nose of 10 BLA and. maigina lized ageas 296 threal

the national security of country. Herce; provision of space to non-state elements Ps another consequence. Moreover the conflict between provincial-federation contensity voices of cerating new federating enits. There are voices of creating new In the federating units . ethnicity basis of distribution of resoluces and bere are separatist Also, movements for separate Country. For-instance be demand Carrie Kitan and prestrator bett to become age conceining. provinces Forthermore, the conflict between provincial-federation ignites social choos and civil unvest in the country. The case in point is secent protests of Balach students and people in Islamabad. Another case in point is protests of political leadership of knyber Pakhtonkhwa in Islamabad and civil unrest in a result. The

Closure of the capital due to protests is alarming for the national security of county. Additionally, the conflict aimong federation and federating units leads to political deadlock between the two units. For-instance, the secent protest in Islamabad creates intense relations between center and province: The masses from the KPK to capital amived for protests caused political deadlock. The blame game is hamful to political stability of country. It further I fuels political instability in country. Another consequence is negative impacts on health services. The health is a subject of provinces offer the 18th Ammendment. In addi, the Rabbies outbroke in Larkana, Sindh, The unavailability of vaccines lead to lost of lives. On this unfortunate and.

	mismonaged condition, the	1/4
	Sindh government accused	
	mismonaged condition, the Sindh government accused center for this negligence.	
	The Drug Regulation Numberly (DRA)	
	The Drug Regulation Muthority (DRA) has been under the center This	1 70
	conflict further impacted negatively	
	conflict further impacted negatively on health services of the	
	Cantry.	
	In addition to this, another	
1 5	consequence is economic mettdown	
	of the country. The conflict	
	consequence is economic methdown of the country. The conflict catalyzes economic meltdown	
	of the country. For instance, the protests of Balach in	
	the protests of Baloch in	
	Chawaday has stopped the	
	CPEC activities. Grawaday is	
	CPEC route. These protests	1.00
	on the graviences of masses	
	are not good omen for	
	economic progress.	gr Viv
	economic progress. Lasty, the conflict between provincial-federation	
g a	between provincial-federation	
	is set back to national	3
	excheques, For-instance, these	
	Ps a divide between the	• • • • • • • • •
10 A T	center and sindh government	
	on the collection of tax	
	generues in the province.	
X.	The sindh government claims	
<u> </u>	of tax collection from	
STATE LAND	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	

the province while center. per federal it as Claims Subject. This significent division PS setback to national treasury. The above mentioned consequences be reduced taking Can gane approaches as follows. Firstly, Wese need of add ressing graviances of masses in provinces especially in Balochistan. There 28 sense of deposedless son ong people. They become vulnerable to con-state elements and ultimately use as a tool against a country. The government Should in crease subjecties 1º06 quotas and develop infrastructure there to make people satisfy Secondly, there is a high olitical con census on national issues. The politicizes need put to national integests above veste d interest The designing and implementation of psporten Security Policy was Step in this regard a 900d regard. The

concensus: provinces and fed exation of house need overcome deadlock. Thirdly the economic head of crisis 29 all chisis. These is a dire need of economic house in putting order to avoid conflict. The government should include federating units while making economic policies. can It over come the conflicts Lastly, there is need distributing egval resources and devolution powers. federarny units. The among over thang Upower leave to conflict cenes betran and : province. The egual division resources cseates gense. belongness and national ophision. So Paval division. of resources ord power fill the gove C20 In rotshed federation sequires. nt gration of feder whin to function mits properly. The Submission federating REMOD

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	conflict between center and	
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	the afforementioned consequences	1
	can be reduced by taking measures that can cemented	
10 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	measures that con conces on d	
	gelations among provinces and	
	féderation.	
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