	Date: (
	O.NO 2	
	Introduction	
	Marriage is a means to build	
	relationship between diff individuals	
	It connects two persons for the	
	life time. Different types of marriages	
	org practiced in our region and	
	there leave considerable impacts	
	on social pattern.	
	Different Types of Mamages and	
	their impact	
•	Leurate form of Mamage	
	Sh this form of maniages	
	a person marries the window of	
	his deceased brother	
	It is often seen in Pakiston	
	that family pressurize the brother	
	of Jeken aman to many his	
	widow for supporting her	
	(Died Nan) > (Brother) widow	_
		_
	[[] 이 보통하는데 하고 등이었는, 회송성하다 이 아마리는 사이는 사람이 되었다면	

	Date:	
	Surarate Marriage	
• •	In surrate mamages	
	a man marries the sister of	
	his wife after the death of his	()
	네 마마마 가입니다. 이번 병에 가면 하면 하는데 뭐하는 나니까요? 남편도 되는 사람들이 되면 하고 있다. 바꾸다 하는데 하고 있었다면서 얼어먹다.	
	Unite. It is most common in families	
	[- [[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
	having strong lemship structure.	
	To and of I was sometimes	
	Impact of Levirate and Surprat on	
	Social Pattern	
	Davide a ser let	
	Social cohesion Develop supportailly	
	Dailyanta Garage	
	Mitigate chances Culture assimilati Reduce Childalosse	
•)	Develop Support Culture	
	These types of marriages	
	develop support culture in the	
	Society. People who are left alone	
	after the death of their spouses.	
	can easily re-integrate into a	
	new life chapter. It bollps them	
	to cope emotional, economic	
	stress.	

nted bays.

Reduce Childabuse cases In Pakistans it is often seen that step-parents burt their step shildren physically, emotionally and servally. It impedes the growth and development of children. But, due to these manager their secondary kin becomes their primary kin. So, it becomes easy for both step-parents and ste-p-chibling to adjust with one another. .) Promote Social cohesion Leurate and somerate types of manages promote and strengthen the social cohesion among already tied families. It develops life-long social bonding. Notagate chances of cultural conflict In these types of marriage chances of cultural conflict get reduced. Be cause, no new

member with any new cultural

background is added in the family which could cause cultural reft Enogamy and Exogamy Endogamy In endogamy, people oscienty choose their spouses from within their families. They donot many to a person cutside of their family. It is the most common in Shia families in Pakistan what about others families in Pakistan =xagamy Exogerny culous marry outside the family system Impacts on Social Pattern Endogamy Protects from cultural change when people many within their own family, it prevents the people from different culture, assimilate in their culture

	Date:(2) Day:	
•	Exogamy allows to develop alliances	
	Exagamy is used as a	
	source of developing alliances	
	with other familities. It hasfar	
	reaching impacts on the social	
	patterns: It is usually done to	
	develop political, economic alliances	
	explain impact in detail	
	Arrange and Love Marriage	
(6	Amange Namage	-
	In case of arrange	
	manages family members are	
	involved in thousing the husband	
	and wife of their kins	
	It is practiced in Islamic	
	families explain impacts in detail	
	with exam	nle
>	Love Marrage	
	Love marriage involves	
	mutual consensus of man and	
	woman. The rate of this type	
	of marriage is increasing in	
	Palestan.	
	14 143 1411.	

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	Date:	
	Reasons and Impacts	
	Build Social ties	
	Arrange and love marriage	
	1- bild sicial ties comme	
	occurrent to build social ties emeng	
	the people. how?	
	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
•)	Reduce betrayal of Children	
	It are done to reduce	
	the betrayed of children. If	
	parents donot accept the charces	
	of their children, they become	
	dischargest and many by lawre	
	dischadient and many by leaving	7,-1,-2
	are you talking about socialisation?	
	Monogamy and Polygamy	
•)	Monogamy	
	In monociones a person	
	is married to copy one person.	
	The state of the s	
	Example Husband ond cuife.	1
	Monogamy is usually practiced	-
	in Paleistan.	
	마트 사용 경기 등로 가장 하는 것이 되었다. 그런 사용 이 그렇게 되었다. 그런 사용 경기 가장 보다 되었다. 그런	

	Date:Day:	
•	Polygamy	
	In polygamy, a parson	a John Marketti
	In polygamy, a parson has more than one spouse.	
	Polygamy	
		•
	polyandrous polygynous	
	A woman marries morethan A man have more	
	one man. than one wives	
	Reasons and Impacts of	
	Mono and Polygamy	
•)	Desire for extended family	
	Polygennous is of after	
	done to develop a big family	
	having large number of children	
/	for the continuity of generation.	
) Economic benefits	
	These are often committed	
	to acquire economic benefits	
	by manying a nich man	
	or non woman to get	•

his ther wealth after death Desire of male Child of the most one common reasons of phycking in Pakistan to have a male child as a family heir. It develop negative image of Society which deprived of Jender Equality Conclusion Different types of marrages are practiced in our region due to multiple reasons. These manage, leave numerous impacts of social patterns Introduction Religions are the set of beliefs adopted by people. Fear ho created them, life cycle has strengthened rituals and practices e religion. Different

anthropologists have providen vanious evolutionary schemes religion =volutionary/schemes Provided oy Anthropologists Edward Tylor: Ammum Theory Edward Taylor has contributed in anthrology by providing the theory of animism According to commum point of view, different objects were considered to be had apernatural and spiritual power. In the early time periods people believed in animistic religion. In Hinduism, animism still prevails Example Sacred Rivers sucred nivers like Granga, Jamma rivers. They /take buth in these nives as/ a religions practice

in order to get field of their sing and diseases. They believe In the spiralityal power in niers. Tulsi plant Hindus believe that Tulsi plant is a source of happiness wealth and blessings So, they grow tolsi plants in they homes, do poja and drink Sacred animals Moreover, Lindu consider different animals as saved They call cox as their Cow mata". They worship cows and donot allow to slaughter. them. In Indias many Muslims are brutally lived just for the salce of eating coup meat Spiritual belief in celestial bodies They also believe in

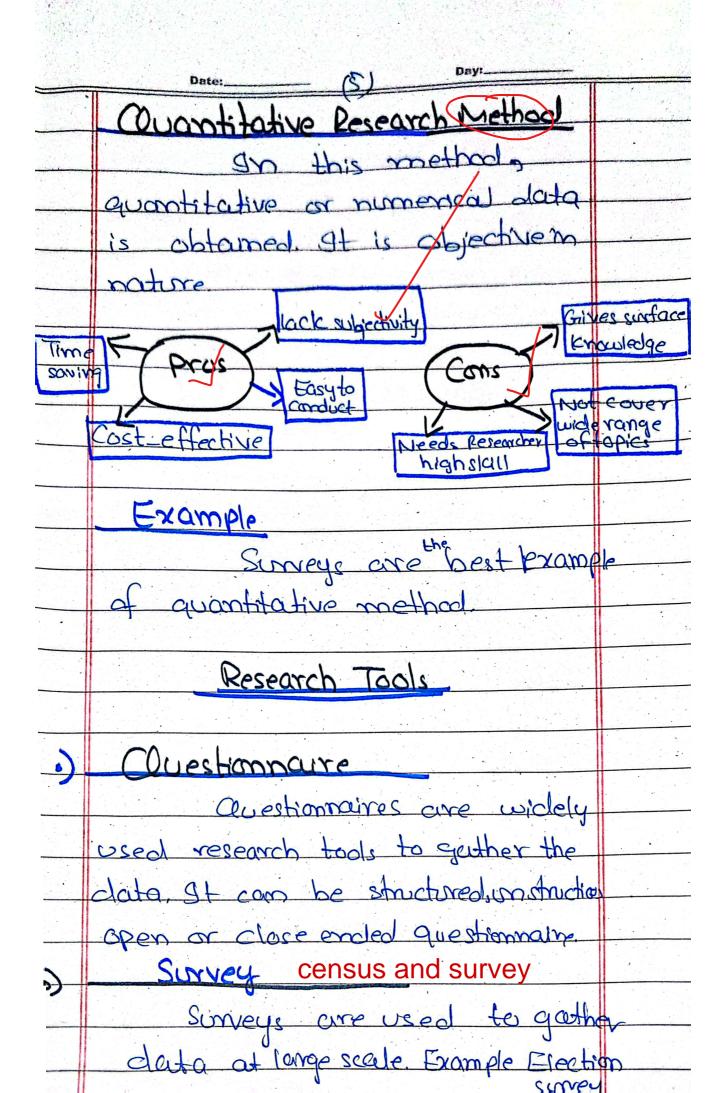
celestral bodies like moon, Smo women in Hondu velgion Iceep karura choth wrath - a type of fast for their husbands lives and open- it by seeing moon So, Animism is considered as foundation of religious beliefs From it, different seligions evolved with the passage of time Evolutionary Theory of Religion According to evolutionly theory of religion, it is believed that religion has revolved from animism and led to monotheism, polytheism end mon-theism Monothain Animi'sm Evolution

mimisma posits the belief in materialistic and hon-meutenialist things Gradually people move from animom towards monothein Monotheum Monotheism is a stage of religion in which people only believe in one God consider only the one God as the controller and regulater of this whole universe Life and = > Greator s Food provider Islam: Monotheist Pelgion Islam 13 the second largest religion of the world is monotherst Muslims believe in the Allah Almighty and consider in the oneness o

different functions Hinduism Lindus believes in the existence of different Gods. They have Gods and Godnesses like Shivy, Kalimata, Dava eta Each is performinga sepercute function Non-Theur Under non-theism, its followers felonot believe in any Good. They consider that Universe is free from any Jauddhism Buddhist almot believe in God. They believe in Sidharata Budolha, a prous mon They follow his instruction, like eightfold path which consists teachings of no burt, no steal, no insulf etc Jamism is also non-theist religion

In this way, religions how evolved according to enthropologists. in which fear, vituels, practices etc played vital rde Conclusion Religions have evolved 6/20 ver time influenced by different factors. Anthropologists have shed light on the evolution you missed theories of exotution by different theorist many schemes 9.NO8 Research Tagliand Method Researcher Use vomety of research tools and method for conducting research The most widely and frequent methods of research: Meithsousect Quantitative Qualitative

buculitative Research Method The regenorch method which involves the use of quelitative motook for getting the data of qualitative nature carried qualitative research methal Example Interview is a qualitative research method on Interview interviewer asks the guestions from interviewed which can be close or open end questions. The answers obtained are f qualitative nature. > In-dept analysis dvantages > Holistic understanding > obtain variety of opinion, Disadvantage sleads to subjective interpretation Difficult to compare with others Time-taking proces



cultural relativism Example Muslim quils wear Hijab. when western people see they declare it with extremist and terrorists mindsets donot understand the significance wearing high to muslim cultura context. They interpret it keeping in view their western culture Benefits of Ethnocentrum > Develop Solidanity Develop Benefit Promote economic benefit Develop Solidanit Ethnocentism develops solidarity among the people to same culture. They belonging become united Promote economic benefits People belonging some centure purcha

	Date:	
	from each other. It promote;	
·,—————	caste-base business.	
	Develop Loyalty	
•	Ethnocentrum develop layalty	4
	to one's cutture. It reduces chance	4
	of betrayor and illusion.	
	Conflict Resolution	
	It helps in resolving	
	within cultime conflicts and	
	promôte peace	
	Cons	
	Cultural bias	
	Ethnocentrism opives vise	
	to cultral bias attitude and	
	viewpoint amy people.	
	Cultural Conflicts	
	It leads to cultural	
	conflicts like Baloch punjali	
	cultural nift.	
•)	- Halts Progress	
	when people thinks that their	
	culture is supreme, they don't	
	improve its negative sides	
	[17] 그는 회에 되는 아이들은 이 경기에서는 그 이 아직이 되는 위치에서는 글 때문으로 되어보셨다.	

and remainsat slow paced progress Etic and Emic In anthropology, etic and emic approaches are used to study culture, Etic Approach etic/approach, conthropologist study any culture while remaining outside momersing himselfinit He donot become part of that culture te opts an outsider approach. Example Observation is a method etic approach. For example: en anthropologist work to Study Muslim / culture. He will observe Muslims notwells and cultimal practices, ways of worship, Social bondage, economic systems form

political structure After observing, he will collect data and organizeit and will draw conclusion from it. He alvesnot adopt muslim practices for studying Muslim cultime. Unterpretation of culture is Easytocanduct objective Not a holistic Reduce linder approach for studying culture data medibility indept analysis -mic Approcach In this method anthropologist becomes the part of the culture which he is studying. He adopts an insider exproach.

Example a berson mount a study Kalash culture, adopt some practice build rapport with people. be will do indepth Observation and data collections Cebaet kalash culture. Better understand in dept of culture collect reliable analysis cons Time Concerning Requires skills in researcher. Subjective interpretation

Q.N03 In broduction Culture plays vital role in addressing the needs of people / 9t is developed on the basis of needs of human beings. Functioncelism experioach in anthropology favours that culture performs variety of function Functionalism Approach According to the functionalism approach of cultures it posits that culture performs different functions in society. Stis performative in nature. According to the thoughts of functionalist, culture performs following finetions: D) Social Cohesian 2) Emotional support Conflict resolution

4) Economic Support 5) Sense of Security 6) Defines situation 7) Sence of Belonging 3) Set moral standards 9) Gives spiritual peace Social Cohesian According to the Functionalist school of thoughts Culture plays vital rolein social doherron. Beople belonging to a culture remains united which mades them a strength. Example: In Kashmin cultures the function of culture as social cohesian is dominant Emotional Support Culture plays an important function of providing emotional support. Its best example is seen in Muslim culture in the form

gives Zakat/and charity to the pour people of their colture 11 gives emotional support to ecanomically rulnerable and emolianally 12 Dated Reaple. Conflict Resolution Cultural practices contribute in resolving conflicts within as well as between different cultures It develops a peaceful occiety to live. Example In Baloch: culture, Jinga system is an integral point of their culture which assite them in resolving d'sputer. Economic Support The provision

economic support is another important function of culture people belonging to some fulfillment of economic needs They help back other/ to become francially independent Sense of Security Culture celso plays orocial role in giveny sense of soun'ty to people. They feel rate and some within their cultural setting Example In Icarach: Mohajan people feels sense of sounity living within the community or area where mahayars reside Defines Situation Culture defines the situation which quide

people how to behave In different circumstances. In some cultures, handstake is taken normal even with girls. But, in Maden culture it is defined by their culture woman can handshake with womans and their Mabrame. while in western culture it is coloused Sense of Belonging Culture plays important vole in developing sense of belonging among the people.
They develop feelings of love and trust. Set Moral Standards Cultures assists in setting moral standard.
They set norms, values.
beliefs, mores etc which

aguide people in their day to Example 80 Palcistani cultures Leaving parents at old home, is considered unethical and against the moral standards. -) Giver Spinitual Peace Culture 1s a source of spiritual peace in the form of belief systems. Hindus feel spinitually path in Granga river in order to remove their stas from the soul. Functionalist approachis the proponent of the viewpout that culture performs fictions in the society

and address the needs of 200 broand Island In Trobrand Scland, Soulava and muchange gifts lenour as leularing cerenany. They exchange nældare grælleter et serves as a mean of develunderstandeth sense of belonging and Scial West Orlicen them This cultival practice assist them in their spending of lives peacefully. Conclusion Culture is developed in response to the basic needs Of human beings and plays variety of functions in the secrets