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	CURRENT AFFAIRS	
	A	
	SUBJECTIVE PART - PART-II"	
0	COP 29 SUMMIT 8-	
WNO 6		
HN58		
	Baku ended with night	
1	results. Here's a simple eva-	
	wation OF its Failures and	
	Comm it ments.	
	FAKURES 8-	(3)
	Lack of Concrete Action	
	P1005 8-	
	while many countries made	
	pledges so reduce emissions,	
	there was mor clear toad-	
	map or bindeng targets	
-	to hold mations accountable.	
	This made it difficult to	
	me a sure actual progress.	
2	No Agreement on Eunding :	
	Developing countries pushed For	
	more Financial support to deal	
	with climate change, but wea-	
	tilhier nations did not commit	
	enough Funds. This created a	

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	divide between rich and	
	POUY nations, hindering collective	
	Oct 1800 120 3VII 33 783	
(3)	weak largets on Emissions	- 1
	some countries Faired to	3240
	commit to stronger emission	
	reduction largers, and the	
	global ambition to Emit temp-	
	erature rise to 1.5°C remains	- 1
	uncertain.	
4)	Influence OF Big Polluters	3-
	some large polluting nations,	
	like the U.S. and china,	1.0
	were criticized for not taking	
	more aggressive steps to	
	address climate change, as	
	they are major contributions	
	to global emissions.	
	PARTIES OF THE PARTY AREAST THE AREAST	
	is a supplied to the supplied to	
	COMMITMENTS 8-	
• . •		
0	: Increased climate Financing:	
	some countries pledged more	
	Funding to Kelp developing	
	- nation & cope with the impacts	
	of climate change, especially for	
	adaptation and low and damage.	

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(2)	Transition to Renewable
	Energy 3-
	Several countries committed
	to Shifting their energy mix
	toward renewable sources
	like wind and solar, asming
	For a Cleaner Future.
_	
(3)	Carbon Neutrality Gools:
	Many nations renewed their
	commitments to schieving
	Carbon neutrality by mid-
	Century, a 1though the paths
	to reaching these goals were
	not always clear.
<i>(</i> ;)	Public - Private Partnership :-
9	the state of the s
	There was a Focus on involving the private Sector in the
	Fight against climate change
	encouraging investments in
	green rechnologies and sustain-
	able projects.
	65013.
	CONCLUSION 8-
	while there
	were some positive commitments
	TOUR SOUTH POSTATE SOMM TIMENTS

Criticisms For not taking boid	(4.)
enough actions or ensuring	
clear enforceable steps lowards	
meaning Ful climate action.	
There 95 Still a long way	
to go before the world can	
meet me comate largets	
needed, to avoid catastrophic	
environmental impacts.	(8)
and the state of t	
Elaborate your answer	
Add more headings	
Add flow charts	
Add maps	
PUBLICE DWILLOIC PONTOGISTIC -	(4)
THERE "COUNTY OF THE BOOK OF THE STATE OF THE	
the private sector in	
Fight Spainst city, air change	,
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I see in the chartoging and see fair	
CLOIR PROJECIL SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	
CONCLUSTION &	
Were John Frostaire Commitments	



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()	78-	
ANO.		TENTO THE CHE SHAW
7/13	DENEFICIARIES AND LOSERS OF THE ONGOING MIDDLE	4
	OF THE ONGOING MIDDLE	TOTAL CHECKEN PROPRIENCE
	EAST CONFLICTS 8-	
	The Confisct ongoing in	
	the middle East have have	
	created a complex situation	
	with both beneficiaries	
	and wsers Here's a	1/2
	simple evaluation.	
	BENEFICIARIES 8-	
0	Arms Monufactures and	
	De Fense Industries:-	
	Giobal arms Companies Profit	
	From the increased demand	
	for weapons as countries	
	in or affected	(-1
	by the conflicts stockpile	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	military equipment.	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	dent, distribution distribution of	
(2)	Geopolitical Players:-	
	SAME AND AND FOR A SHELL AND A	
	powerful nations we the U.S,	
	Russia, and china use these	

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UALI	٠.	-	-	metalogucous and

	InFluence in the region by	. /*
N. T. T.	supporting different sides.	yu.
		N.
•	For Example Russia gass stra-	
į,	regic Footholds mrough its	
	support For regenes like syria's	
	while the vis. maintains ties	-
	with ones like Israel and	
	Saudi Arabia.	
		-
(3)	Human Smugglers and	
	Traffickers :-	
_		
•	with large populations displaced,	
	Smugglers ProFit From desperate	
	migrants and refuges trying	Ų
-	to escape confict zones.	
	10550505	•
	LOSERS 85	
	Civillions 8-	
	The greatest low is borne by	
•	ordinary people, who Face	
	death, injury, displacement	
	and destruction of their	7.
-	6 01 01 01 101 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01	
	homes. Milions live on reFug-	
		1
	access to basic necessities.	
	1600/11/01/20 11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/11/000/	

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(2)	Regional Stability 8-	
	The contract of the second	
•	Neighboring countries like	
	Lebanon, sordon, and Turkey	
	struggle with the economic	
	and social pressure OF	_
	hosting refugees and dealing	
	with opillover violence.	
-6	Economic Developments-	_
(3)	Economic Development	_
	war-torn notions like syria	_
	Yemen, and Iraq experience	_
	Severe economic Setbacks,	-
	with door oyed in Frastructure	
	reduced rade and lost	
	Livelihoods.	_
		_
(4)	Youth and Future Genera-	_
	tions 8-	_
•	Many exid children are	_
	deprived of education due	_
	to war, creating a "clost	
	generations that will Face	
	chovenges rebuilding their	_
	Countries.	
		_
	CONCLUSIONS 8-	_
	The middle	
	East's Conflicts have devastasting	

	Consequences for Civillians and	71
•	regional stability, while arms	1.5
	monufactures and geopolitical	
	players often explost the	
	Situation For gain. The	
	overall impact leans heavily	
	toward loss, particularly	
	for the people and nations	
	directly involved, highlighting	•
	the urgent need for	
	confict resolution and	
	humonitarion aid.	•
11	Charles and the Company of the Compa	
	STRANGE OF CAN PERSON STORY	
	Increase guestion longth	
	Increase question length	
	Increase question length	
	Youth and Future Green	
	Youth and Future thins:	
	Youth and Future Green	
	Youth and Joven Considering things in things in things in things in the contract on a second contract on the contract of the c	
	Youth and posterior species	
	Forth and Forth College Colleg	
	Yours and production of the constraints of the cons	
	Forth and Forth College Colleg	
	South South Doo Mine? South S	

Cover all areas of the question.
Write comprehensively

(),,,;	8. Incomplete answer	-
CHOK	o Hun - th a le Can a Can	
448	- The Hypothetical Scenario	
	OF ATS (Hay'at Tahirir al-	
	Sham Islamist rebels topping	
	Bashar al- Assad's regime	
	in syria would mark a	,
	Significant and unprecedented	
	change in the region. Here's	
	a critical evaluation OF	
	the reasons behind this change	
	and his potential implication	S .
2. 7	· · ·	
	INTELLIGATIONS OF THE CO	
	REASONS FOR THE CHANGE	-
(1)	Weakening OF Assad's	. ,
	Weakening OF Assad's Regime:	(1)
•	years Of Civil war, economic	,
	collaspe and sanctions weak-	
y and the second	ened the Anad regime's	
	grip on power, making, it	
	vulnerable to rebel Forces.	
	in the second se	
(2)	H+S Gaining strength 8-	
•	HTS consolidated power in	
H-	northern Syria, taking advantage	0.0
	OF the tractured opposition and	<u>~</u>

	DATE /_ /	
	Leveraging resources to	
• .\	build a formidable Force.	a two
		2413
(3)	Diminished Support for	
	Assad 8-	
	International backers like Rusia	
-	and iran away may have	
	reduced their support are to	
	internal challenges or shifting	
	Priorities Leaving Assad	
	950 (arca)	
	7	
	IMPLICATIONS OF THE	
• - (JENGTHO TOHANGE 8-13	
	For Syria:	
	MEDINERING OF ASSOR	0
<u>(i)</u>	Increased Instability 8-	
	The Fall OF Assad Louid Read	
	to a power vaccon, sparking	
	Further violence among viral	
	Factions including secular	
	opposition Kurdish groups	
	and remands OF Assads	
	Loyalst de parale de 244	(3)
	etill derson anded prues in	•
	singly points to something work in the	
	eo interesta de la companya de la co	