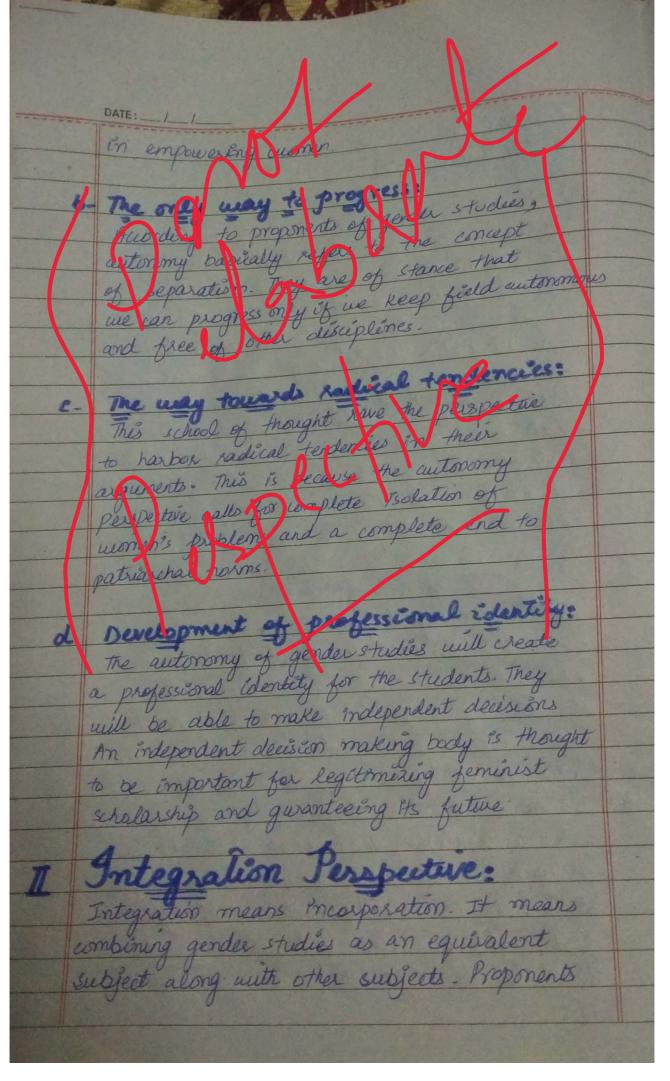
STATES IN Anila -Rabet (137) WESTION NO. 2: in Pakiston, endorsed that gender soual discipline with the usmen's overents and feminist fights that have aged all over the world. The autoromy and integration debute in gender studies been a significant contributor to the les lapment of the field of knowledge. The detate as been snaped by the way the scholars understand the relationship between gender and other social categories such as class, race and sexuality. Autoromy perspective:

Autoromy in gender means reeping the

discipline an independent field of study in universities and academia. The propunents of autonomy perspective present strong arguments for keeping gender studies in autonomous field of study. a. Study numer in isolation: The advocates of autonomores scrool of thought focused entirely and solely on the study of momen. They believe that by just studying ruomen and bringing their problems to wint, they will be successful



DATE: / / of gender studies present several arguments to make their stance stronger a. Greater outreach of the gerden studies: The proponents pelieve that by integrating the subject, the subject will have greater outreach of wide range of students will read it and students from various fields will be exposed to gender studies. & Incorporation of more means the incorporation of big changes: According to the proponents of integration, there is a need to being about beg changes In society related to gender and gender based issues. This crange fan only be brought about by integrating gender studies into major dixiplines. c- Best way to compel the policy makers: Interactionists also argue that the incorporation genderstudies in any other major discipline is the only way to compel policymakers to keep in mind gender while formulating a policy. de Sonsitive the masses about gorden discrimine practice

DATE: \_\_/\_/\_\_ The integration perspective believes that unmer? problems can be dealt with by creating auxireness about ramport discrimination that takes place against momen. They believed that due to fact that dichotomics between genders has been practiced for centuries, discriminatory practices more often not nappen urconcionesly. Critical analysis: At present, most argue that autonomy and integration can co-exist. Many other disciplines are studied as separate disciplines as well as in conjunction with other dixiplines. It will be difficult for the students to decide whether to study it as a complete discipline or just to get through it, but they will learn major Essues comprorting all genders in society Key contributions Vs key contribution of integration of autonomy It has helped to a. The autonomy perspective has helped highlight the complexity of said categories to establish gender as a central category of and now they intersect analysis in social-science and compared. b. It has led to development b. It had led to of genda specific theories an development of theories frameworks. and frameworks.

Development was the asked part Élaborate Conclusion: Though the autonomy and integration perate originated in momen's studies and from there entered gender studies, the arguments of both separatist (autoromy) and interactionists ( integration) make it an integral concept of gender studies strely. In the current age and time, there is a dire need to not only interact integlate gender studies in other disciplines but also introduce it as an optional subject to enhance the stance of gender studies particularly in Pakiston LUESTION NO. 5: Pakistan's reinking as the second worst country in the will for gender inequality is a disturbing reality that raises several questions. Despote the courtry's commitment to various international conventions and protocols such as CEDAW, as well as 95 constitutional guarantee of gender equality, Pakistan continues to struggle with proporting gender equality. This madex & pozzling as one would expect a country that has made commitments to gooder equality to perform better in this area. However, a closes examination reveals many reasons underlying

this worsening situation -I. International commitments: Pakistan has ratified several international convertions and protocols aimed at promoting gender equality including: a Convention on Elimination of All Kinds of Discrimination against momen (CEDAW): Pakistan signed CEDAW in 1996, committing to eliminate discrimination against ummen on all forms. 5- Beijing platform for action:
Pakistan endorsed Beijing platform for action in 1995, which aimed to promote gender equality and usmen?s empowerment. c. Sustainable Development Goals (509s) Pakistan has committed to achieving the SDGs, including goal 5, which aims to achieve gender equality and empowers all unmen and girls II. Constitutional Gurantees:

The 1973 constitution of Pakistan gurantees

gender equality in several provinces provisions including:

DATE: \_\_/\_/\_ a Afticle 25: It ensures equality of all the citizens bet law, regardless of sex. b- Article 26: This article prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex. C. Article 34: This article recognizes the participation of unmen in national life Apart from these there are many other provious focusing on gender equality. . Reasons for persistent gender inequality Despete these commitments Pakistan continues to rank poorly on gender inequality indices including: a. Patriarchal social mary's: Deeply ingrained profouchal social norms and attitudes perpethate gender inequality in Pakistan. 5. Limited access to education: Grels and women in Pakistan face significant

DATE: \_\_/\_/\_\_ barriers to accessing quality education, limiting their opportunities for social monitoring and economic empowerment C- Restrictive laws and folicies: Certain laws and policies in Pakistan, such as the Huclood Cholinances parpetuate gerder mequality and restrict momen's rights. d - Violence against women: Pakistan has a nigh meidence of vislence against momen including domestic violences acid attacks and honor killings. For an instance Gardeel Balock who was brutally murdered by his brother on the name of honor. There are many other examples of violence against numen. e- Limited economic opportunities: Women in Pakistan face significant challenges in accessing economic opportunities Encluding employment and create And of by crarce momen are given employment opporturity, it is saary biased. f. Cultival and social barriers: Women in Pakistan face cultival and soual barriers to participate in public life

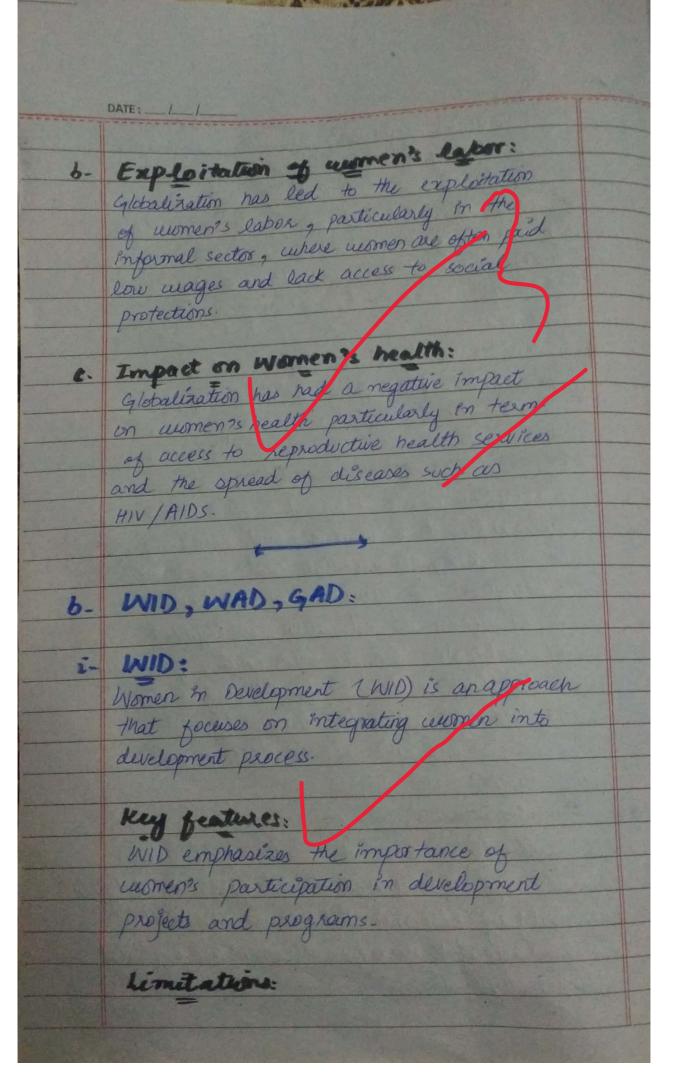
Encluding restrictions on m IV Conclusion: Pakistan's poor ranking or indies a complex issue unto pultiple for contributing to it. Despite solverational commemonts and constitutional growther patriarchal social norms, limited access to education, restrictive laws and policies, woleng against numer, limited employment opportunities and cultural and social burriers perpetuate gender megality in Pakistan. Addressing these ghallenges will require sustained exight from government civil society to somote gender equality and empower umen in Pakistan VESTION NO. 6: Psychoanalytical fernénism is a theoretical framework that combines pscyroonalytic theory and feminism perspective to understand the psychological and unog wow mechanisms that reinforce patriordal structures and contribute to gender oppression, Psychoanalytic feminism englaing gender oppression and Subordination wurners.

I. The Rale of Unconscious in shaping Psychoanalyst feminism posts that the unconscious plays a crucial role in snaping gender Elentity and reinforcing patriarchal structures. According to Frenchian psychoanalysis the unconscious is a repository of repressed thoughts, desires and momories that snape an Endividual's between and identity a. The Dedipus complex: Psychoanalytie feminism argues that the Ordipus complex which involves the repression of desires for the opposite-sex parent, plays a critical role in shaping gender identity. Boys and girls resolve Depides complex differently with boys identifying with their their ond girls Edentifying with their mothers. This resolution reinforces pation had structures by creating a sense of maxulinity and fembriaty that re dominant to tred and subordinate roles 6. The Repression of Jeminune desire:
Psycanalytic Jeminism also argues that the repression of jemining desires, particularly the desire of autoromy and independence, contributes to the subordination of nomen. Women are socialized to repress their desires

DATE:\_\_/\_\_/\_\_ and prioritize the needs of others, leading to the lack of self-actualization and empowerment. II The Construction of masculinity and feminity: Psychoanalytic feminism argues that mascelinity and feminirity are socially constructed categories that are reinforced by patriarchal structures The construction of masculinity and feministy involves the repression of certain desires and doption of certain behavious a. The Masculine ideal: Psychoaralytic perninism argues that the maxuline ideal which emphiseres traits such as strength, aggression and competetiveness is a social construct that reinforces patriarchal structures. Men are socialized to conform to this idealy which leads to repression of feminine desire and adoption of dominant rules 6. The Ferminine ideal: Psychoanalytic ferninism also siques that the feminine ideal which exprasizes traits such as nurturing, passerty and submissiveness is a social construct that reinforces patriarchal structure. Women are socialized to conform to

	DATE: _ / _ / _ Le plession
	this ideal which leads to the repression
	of marculine desires and adoption of
	Subordinate roles
-	and society in
111	The Role of culture and society in
	O , AND TOMINIAM) CONTENT
	and society play a crucial role in
	seinforcing patrouchel tratures and perpetrating
	gender oppressjon.
a-	The Family structures formaism the
	Here were to wurn to wurn navayir
	a di structura infich as Butten I com
	a transfer of the truly of the karriey of the
	socialises individuels to conform to specific
	roles and behaviours.
L	Cultural norms and valves
	Cuttival norms and values such as emphases
	on maxulonity and persinenity plays
	a critical role in perpetuating gender oppression
	Cultival norms and values reinforce the
	cultural forms and some first
	construction of masculinity and feminimity
	leading to the repression of certain desires
	and adoption of specific roles and behaviours.
IV.	Conclusion:
STATE OF THE PARTY.	

DATE Esychoconstytes perministry provides a rushied understanding of the psychological or wiconscious mechanism that relapices patricional structures and contribute to gender oforcession By examining their roles, psychonnalytic fembruin provides a comprehensive framework for understanding and addressing gender opplession. DUESTION NO. 8: Women and globalization: Globalization has a propound impact on women's live both postervely and negatively. On one hand, globalization has created new opportunities for momen's empowerment such as access to education employment and healthcare. On the other hand, globalization has also led to the explostration of women particularly in infampl sector. Key Issues: Ferninization of poverty: Globalization has led to the feminization of poverty, as memen are disproportionately affected by economic downtions and lack of the access to resources. Women are exploited e conomically



WID has been critisized for the nurou focus on women's role in development and its failure to address the underlying structures of inequality: ii Women And Development (WAD), WAD is an approach that recognizes the Emportance of women's role in development and seeks to address the barriers that prevent women from participating fully in development. key features: It emphasizes the importance of momen's empowerment and need to address the social and exmomic structures that perpetuate mequality Limitations: WAD has been critisized for its failure to Edentify the root causes of mequality and Its focus on momen's hale in development rather than their rights in GAD Gender and Development is an approach that recognizes the importance of gender relations in divelopment and seeks to address the social and economic structures that

