•	Start with the summary of the answer as introduction	
	OC VOUNCE: Like	
	every	
	post-colonial state in	
	the world, Pakistan has also	
	sought relevance on the international	
	stage. This relevance is impostant	1
	por states because it allows them	
	to advance their interests by	
	diplomatic means. It provides it	
	an oppositunity for it to create	
	a positive global public opinion in	
	its pavour regarding the issues	
	pertaining it. This prompted the	
	newly created Pakistan to act	
	swiftly to develop alliances and	
	born relationships.	
	In the last decade, Pakistan	
	has baced increasing diplomatic	-
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	unable to steer global opinion	
	in its lavour regarding important issues such as kashmir. This	
	the jactors which could make	
		201
	Palcist an not only more relevant	
	also allow it much needed	
	uiso intour needed	

	diplomatic options resulting in
	increased room for maneuverability.
	Tactors on which
	international relevance
	depends:
-	The state of the s
	Internal strength:
	States always iderive their
-	power on the international
	stage prom its internal
	strength. Internal pactors present a iclear picture to the
	world about the real strength.
	of the state and also allow
	the world to assess its
	vulnerabilities.
	Similarly , Pakistan's strength
	and ephectiveness on the
	international level depends upon
	the choices it makes at home.
	Pakistan is party to many
	international aggreements and
	treaties" including united nations
	declaration of nights and several:
	climate related pacts. These
	committements entail that Palciston
	ensure implementation of the

said treaties and goals. inter nal hactors regard political stability, commitment to as at governonce home democracy people's toust is maintaining essential perceived as to being scoious the conten der 01 cupia national level. A brief exploration of thise īs hactors given below Keep the description of a. Single argument a bit brief and increase the number of arguments instead.

Choices made to Strengthen democracy:

Pakistan repeatedly conveys to the world on all important horums that is committed to democracy. Locally, the reality has been rathor dipperent. Pakistan has been struggling with democracy and its commitment to democratic norms has been questioned on mony levels. While globally there are different models of political organization being practised, respect on the international level is given to countries that ean make any given system work properly. Pakistan really wants then democracy

	Date:	
	needs to make proper reforms that implement democratic	
	norms not only in lorm; but	
	in substance as wells. In this	
	be taken are given below:	-
•	and independence	· · · ·
a	Ensure neutrality of all institutions	
(1)	participating in the political	
•	process.	
	p.oces.	
(2)	Ensure consistent and hair application	
. (~)	of rules (rule of law)	
(3)	Respect popular sovereignty	
(4)	Adopt constitutionalism and idevelop	
	norms that protect the	
	constitution	
(5)	and the second of the second o	
	Ensure that there is consensus	
	on all motters of national.	
e a la	impostance.	
	the transfer of the second of	
	la l	
	Ensure political stability	
	Another metric by which	
	states judge other states is	
	the stability of the internal political competition.	.'
	political competition.	
144		-

	Political' instability has been a	
7	consistent. peature of Pakistani	
	democracy. This prevents Pakistan	
	from projecting power effectively	
	on the international stage.	
	The repeated breakdown of	1./1
	democracy and tolerance	
	signify a severe contestation	7
	hos power among the various	
	actors in the political process.	
	This results in polarization of	
	the polity and prevent	
	Pakistan poom generating	. (/)
	much needed consensus on	
	important matters. Add and highlight references/examples against	
	these arguments	
1	1 0 000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
-	Competent Joveanne:	
	Ever il those is a larget la de	
	Even if there is a breakdown	
	instability is rampant, governance	
	can remedy a lot of issues.	<u>e</u>
	Governance has direct	
	implications on how well any	-
	system is working. Pakistan	
	needs to cadopt principles of	-
	good governance to ensure	
	efficient public service delivery	
	teading to alleviation of	
	poverty and dissatisfaction omong	
	HS PEOPLE.	
× 3		:

	Principles of good governor	ce
	and the second of the second o	
	that need to be adopted:	
	77	
i)	Toansparency ii) Accountability	1
iii)	Rule of law iv) Fundamental rights	1
v)		;
vi)	Eppiciency and spectiveness Decentralization	
vii)	Sajety and security	
7	Addressing trust deficits	
	between people and	
•	State:	
	The health of the social contract	- r
e e	depends upon from well the	* **
	government addresses the	
•		
	Pakistan wants interpational	
	community to give it respect, it	
	must find ways to first gain	
*	the trust of its own	
	people. In this regard, the	
	following grievonced must be	til. P
	addressed to ensure that	
	people are facing in the	
	same direction as the	
	state.	ta:

-	Date:	
i)	Ensure pair and equitable	
	distribution of resources.	
ii)	Allow representation to all	
	excluded from the political	
	process.	
111)	Make decisions that are	
	pro-poor not anti-poor	
iv)	Activate the council of	
	the poinciples of a Attempt by giving subher	
	the poinciples of a Attempt by giving subher not points	dings;
	Peder atto.	
1/)	Avoid heavy-handed responses.	
<u> </u>	because they't justher alienates:	
	the populace.	
5.	By ensuring internal strength	
	and stability, Rakistan	
· -	viill be perceived a serious	54 1
	player willing and capable.	,
	of performing its role on	
- 1	the global development:	
•	agenda. Without these measures,	
	it will continue gaung.	
	diplomatic isolation and its	
	international: relations will	
	continue to be transea	
	tronsactionary.	
	X X	

Date: Day:= Backgoound: When Deng Xiaping was asked about China's described the approach as, "crossing the river by leeling the stones". This statement captures the challange of organizing a long term economic plan while mainting plexibility to deal with problems arising in the short term. Ux Ishaat Hussain in his book "governing the ungovernable states that hoom its inception starting from 1960s to 1990s, Pakistan was one of the justest growing economies in the region with an economy growing roughly at rate of 6.10 per annum. He further states that after the decision nation alization important 199019 the industries 10

		_
	Inspired by the success of	
	central planning in the	
	soviet junion, many developme	7
	countries embarked upon top-	1
	down policy making initiatives	\parallel
	to ensure economic growth.	
	In this poolod, Pakiston's	
	middle class grew, state service	
	were jairly retrable and growth	,
	was consistent despite	
	two wars and a politically	
	unstable climate.	
	the transfer of the state of th	
	period of uncertainty.	
	(1990s-present)	
	(17103- present)	
	Apter the nationalization	
	of key industries, political	
_	interference caused the	
_	state owned entities to become vehicles of political patronage	
_		
_	grew and most subsequent	
_		
	same practice of dishing out	
	subsidier to prevent on	_
	Uncompetitive public sector from.	
_	collapsing. This proclice has	_
-	caused a rapid deterioration	
	of public sector. and worsening	-
_	domestic debts.	

Perils of a reactionary economic policy: Inability to prome a longterm economic policy has led to a reactionary economic policy. This has caused the state to be in crisis-mode and has prevented a vision. behind which the economic decisions can be rallied. Reliance on donor hunding has (2)boom-bust eycles each worse than the previous one. Initiatives of decentralization such as leso privatization and public private partnerships have caused not been implemented in substance. Consensus jor these initiatives : has been weak because they are part of donor U conditionalities. Without consensus, implementation has Sub-optimal peen hence

Use subheadings

(4)	Consensus building measures	
	are must to encure	
	compliance.	
(6)	Economic growth connot occur in	
	a politically unstable environ-	7.
	ment and a worsening	
	security situation purther	
	prevents investor confidence.	
	from reaching optimum levels.	
	V .	
	In a nutshell, Pakiston's inability	
	to create home grown	
	solutions has forced relionce	
	on aonos financo cond	
	strict conditionalities which	
	prevent it from growing.	
	Bac governonce prochèes and	
M	creating on environment in	
	happen is a must.	
	noppen is a most.	
	X - X	
1		

	Date:	
•		
a)	Importance of education	
	in the light of Quaid-	
	e-Azam's Quote:	
1)	Education as a matter	
-	of Suggival:	
	A Charles I Charles I and a market	
	Quaid-e-Azam's quote accurately	
	education in ensuring	
	survival of the state. Without	- A
	advancements in education,	
	learning suppers and people	
	become reliant on solutions	
	that are ill-suited to	
	Pakistan's specific context. This	
	makes people uncompetitive	
	and in time larger portion	
-	of the popullation alopts	
	consumentm' and subsistence. based living practices. Quaits	
	conclusion is bence year	
	accurate that without education al	
	advancement, not only is	•

revels.

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all

	Date:
	of school children, more than
	60 % are girls which highlight
	growing levels of socially
	regressive practices.
	(i) Lack of bunding: In
	Fy 2024,
	hunding 108 education et ands at
	a dismal 1.8% of the
	gdp. Since there is also
	corruption at multiple levels,
	the actual spending is considerably
	less than the stated
	higures.
12)	Conociona iconoc
(d)	Quantitative issues
	191. Ouglitu al aducation
	(i) Quality of education
	outdated nature
	of curriculum:
	The current educational.
	system is 911-suited to serve
	the need of Pakistonic
	economy. What is being
	taught in schools have
	little to no coprelation to
	the local or global requirements
	from students. This is evident
	Vin the statistic that en
	Patistan , the number of

	Date:	
1	research publications doesnot!	
1	correspond to increase in	, ,
	problem solving capacity.	
	(ii) Quality of teaching:	- 1
	The teaching methods.	
	often emphasize distipline	
	and blind adhovence to	1
	rules instead of fostering.	
	critical thinking.	
	relation and of the resource in the second	
	(iii) Languge gap!:	
_		
	Another issue is that	
	Pakistani students spend a long	1
-	postion of their ocademic	
	career jouving on learning	16. 1
	english while stodents joom	
	urban areas excell, students	
_	prom rural areas suffer	
_	because of weak joundoisonal	
- 1	understanding of english. This	
_	peopetuates colonial era	
	inequalities.	
_		
_		
		,
		!!

C) Solutions:

- Addressing both the quantitative ond qualitative issues should be prioritized. Increase in schools, teachers and funding should be complemented with improvement with quality:
- Home grown solutions should be prioritized ac opposed to importing best practices from other parts of the world which in turn are ill suited to the specific environment that exists in Pakistan.
 - (3) Capacity building of the province should be looked at as education is a devolved subject.
 - Consensus-oriented and evidence-based palicy-making should be adopted to prevent subjective opinions from dominating.

	Date:	
(5)	The heasibility of adopting	
	artificial intelligence as a	
	compositone on educational	
•	policu should be assessed	
	as multiple experiments have	
	demonstrated the effectiveness.	
	and low cost of A-+ in	
	this regard. Pakilstan should	
	take advontage of the	
	AT revolution that 18	
	happenning right now to	
	privent becoming a consumer	1 - 1
	eg 0711y.	
	In a nutshell, good-e-Azam's	
	warning should be headed and	
	education should be made	
	a top priority with hi-partison	
	suppost.	
	X - X	
,		
		•
•		

	Date: Day:	
	Date:	
	W ():	
10)		
(4)	Joint in akistan's	
	The state of the s	
	. Oreign Dolicy:	
/*		
(1)	When the world was	
,	primarily forming relationships	
	on the basis of national	
	interest, Pakistan put emphasis	
	on its islamic values of	
	brotherhood and promoted a	
	brond of boreign policy that	
	prioritized emotional dispositions	
	of its people as oppossed to	
	progmatism and rationality.	
(11)	The Harman almanda	
(11)	Then the norms changed and the global community emphasized	
	the importance of josming relationships based on economic	
	interests. Pakistan still regarded	1
	its values as superior and but had	
	started to embrace national	
	interest as the core value	
	and guiding principle of	
	poreign policy.	
	·	2 7 7

	other states can predict our	-
	response. Clarity also entails	
	considence and gonerates	
	legitimacy.	
	Clarity in message and	
	action mould garner	
	legitimacy"	
	the first and the state of the state of the	
2)	Clarity ensures effective	
•	communication: Pakistan's	
	Pakistan's.	
	enability to:	* 1
	trame the Kashmir Issue!	-
	In the light of indian	
	aggression has allowed the issue to become first	
,	a bilateral and now an	e.
	internal issue of India in	
	the eyes of international	
	commonity.	*
	This means that	
	lack of elear and	
	effective communication has	
	caused ombiguity as las	
	of important	
3 5	issues are concerned.	
	The state of the s	-3
	The state of the s	

•	Dato:
(3)	Coherence determines
	seriousness:
	Pakiston's claim of wanting to advance regional connectivity is in stork contrast against
	its neghgible trade with all its immediate neighbours but chima.
	effectiveness of our foreign policy of important to moteh it with domestic
	reality so that the words carry greater meaning. Course to meet
	juture challanges
	Caution over opportunism: Instead of taking
	reactionary measures, Pakistan needs to exercise caution. The global geo-positical security situation is fragile and mistakes can have massive

	Date: Day:		
	repercussions especially when the		
	the internal state of alpairs		
	is equally delicate.		
2)	Quality relationships		
α_{j}	Quality relationships		
	over quantity of relationshi	P5:	
			_
	Pakistan can still take		
	advantage of its existing		
	relationships by builting its		
	promises and povoiding placing		
	of undue expectations over		
	its allies.		
3)	Rationality and Pragmatist	n —	
	as core principles:		_
	de corè buirentes.		
	Instead of humanizing		
+A	State-state relation chips,		_
	Pakistan should adopt rationality and pragmatism of its core		_
	principles. This would allow		+
	Palcistan ta maintain		_
	Mexibility while also toll prevention	ng	1
	poreign policy from	-4	1
	deterseurating to ad-housmo		- Control of the Cont
	X X		1