

		-
	Paris is considered to be a place of origin of prench Revolution There were many	-
	of hence Revolution There were many	-
	different factors that lead to french revolution	9.
	as dissussed below:	
No.	es risusea vina	
I.a.	Economic factors that caused french	
	revolution:	
	I.a. i) Bad harvest:	
	The eumomic conditions were bleak in 1780s.	
	The element conditions were creak an income	
	There were shortages of food, which was sesulting in undepread hunger. The bad	
	harvest of 1788-1789 engerbrated the	
	eumomic condition. Myse and more people	
	www. January Mar and was grayed	
	were joining the revolution sesultantly.	
Military and the second	1. a. ii) Increase in consumer brice index :-	
	T. a. ii) Increase in consumer price index:- The consumer price index increased despite	
	The increasing honesty CPI increased	
	the increasing ponerty CPI increased by 65.1, while the people were deep in	
A	crisis, facing abject ponerty	
	R.a. iii) Increasing debt :-	2 7 9
	Exerch government had accumulated large	
	amount of Debts. 601 of Expenditure	
	is spent on debt servicing. The french	
	involvement in American was added more	
	debt on government. The people were suffering	
	at home, whereas government was shoulding	į.
	for cause of other stat The expenditure of	
	Versailles court was also quite notosious.	
	Versailles court was also quite notorious. Trèse partors resulted in people rising in	
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	sebellion aganist government.	
11.9.	Role of Socio-political factors in during french revolution: Class system	
	grench revolution:	
	Class system	
	1.b.i) Ruthless tax system:	
	The tax system by french government was	
	unjustifiable. H. peacock in his book 'The	
	history of modern europe' tells that the	
	peasontary was paying 8 times more than	
	Mien fair share whereas nobility was	
	paying 118. Tan officials harshly treated	
	peasantary even if they have no nears to	
	pay las Crowenment imposed tax on people	
	When they needed capital justead of enganising	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and controlling expenditure	
	1. b. ii) Unfair justice system: Por peasentary in prench kingdom There was	
	for peasenlary in prench kingdom there was	
	no means of getting justice as the judge	
Name of the last o	and lawyer was appointed by nobility In	
	lace of dispute, me despion the would be	2.73
	brased. This worsens the already stuggling and wonder of pover people	
	when you per per	
	1. b. iii) Restricted promotion in army:	
	The meason has carn't get promoted to mank of	
	The peasonly can't get promoted to evank of commission in the army Those evanks were	
	Reserved for the nobility Nowever, they were	
	Jonced la perform military services People	
	were not able to gain exception from it.	
	were	

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W.	Achieved objectives by french Revolution:	
1 Ta	Abolishment of monarchy: One of the prime objective of french Revolution was the abolishment of monarchy and to end sule of dwine right of king. The sevolution has achieved complete success in this segard to P. Kropotkin and is in his book The quart french probation. "The french revolution brought about the abolishment of sortdom and absolution"— Establishment of 1st republic frame. The people of frame wanted more rights and recognition The ideas of John Locke's philosophy laid the foundation Though people's stuggle during people in they established the 1st people republic providing people with more spolitical rights Missingh representation in government.	
M.c.	Every and social conditions inproved: The factors that drove french sevolution got teller after the french revolution setthough, some financial issues were being faced after 1st republic of france but conditions and living conditions of people improved overall.	

STATES AND STREET OF THE STATES OF THE STATE

11	Shift in goal after Napolean's rise to power:	
	Republic to Dictatorship:	
	After the rise of Napolean, the government structure has shifted from representative System of government to Dictatoriship. This shift undo one of the main goal	
	out the economic stability sesulted in people's consent to it.	
	Focus on internal seforms to expression: The Napolean shifted the goal from internal seforms in the empire to expansion of the enquire Othough, Napolean code brought positive changes but people were depand of their political sights and he focused largely on expanding his empire	
Л.с.	Nationalism put an end to: The Napolean put an end to wave of nationalism and through his actions gave nu to monarchial structure By conquering territories and pulting his family members on throne he shifted the goal of nationalism to monarchy	
D	Conclusion:	-