

Day MC	TWITE
Date	
II. Impacts of Political Interference	
on Judiclary:	
V	
a. Exosion of Public Trust:	
1. Delayed Tustice	
ii. Blased Decisions	
iii. Sidelining Rublic interest.	
b. Compromised Rule of Law:	
1. Selective Justice	
ii. Favourifism	
ii. Sarving Political Agendas. iv. Prosserve by the political elife.	
- M. Messine by	
c. Weakened Democratic Institutions	
Or Weakeness Democross	These are impacts on public, state and judiciary not on
1. Weakened Accountability.	judicial independence
ii. Encouragment of Corruption.	
ti. Under mining superation of pou	viens.
iv. Undermining checks and bolance	4
in governance.	
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d. Impact on Kuman Rightse	
· Clark Colored Condental	
i. Failure to safeguard fundamental human rights.	This is a completely irrelev
ii. Marginalizing vulnerable commun	outline. The examiner is no
- Comment of the state of the s	beyond this point. Basic gammar and structure is
e. International Repercussions:	being evaluated.
· Miorina in sistema	
1. Weakened state identity in the	
international arena.	
11. Loss of international investme	ats.

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	f. Internal Divisions in Juditsarry:  i. Polarization  ii. Affiliation to different political  parties.  iii. Battle for the Ihrame.  III. Measures of Ensure Judicial Indepen-
	III. Measures of Ensure Judicial Independence;  i. Transparent and regramed judicial appoint meil processes.  ii. Strengthened institutions autonomy. Town in Public augments and engagement of civil society.  iv. Lowering political interparance.
	1. Significance of Judicial independence  and it's situation in Pakiston.  ii. Judiciary as cornerstone of the  Justice and call for sytematic  reforms.

Day MTWTF8 Date. No headings in an essay. Introduction: Irrelevant to the context. Make it specific to the given context. Also, lacks -lhree the Judiciary one in impact. pillars states -the known be ensure the democracy clear admin nowever unstable and sufferec arance This relates to judiciary not judicial independence sol Iho and oheck Keep egis lative erecutive balance on is often ound Also this is not powers discussed in the 2 ditical No structure to intro the outline Also, It's short. the turn Should be 200-250 in compromis words. Law and Dowers anc scuss each point in a an weakened GENTOCKAKE -the Ofnternationa

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civilian judiciary	does not holds
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Day MTWTFS Date hirdly when judiciary is dominated by the executive and legislature democrate Institutions cradebillity. This can be proved as the accountability gets inept, which results in encourage meet of corru weak accountability and helplesmes of NAB in cortain high profile cases like that of Asif Ali Zardari's fake bank accounts case, that is still pending without any resolution. This reflects the judiciary's inability or unvillingness to hold the powerful individuals accountable. Furthermore, the Fudiciany is in solving the Kanachks Cand grabbing issues by powerful land mafias with strong uphold in politics still remains a persistant problem. In addition the reports of financia irregularitis in PIA have surfaced decades ago, but significant Nave octured political interfarance. Besides all this the sugar crisis implicated prominent political familles but investigations stalled reflecting institutional weakness. On top of that the Judicial Comission's arepost on 2013 elections highlighted procedural flows but dind not result in significant accountability. The events above shows how the democratic institutions fall a prey to the crimes of convuption and money landering when the Judiciary loses

it's independence. In Pakistan, historical aling the fact that the Judicchance to strengthen gets
self and haccourtablet the other democratic institutions for the crimes and misconducts that and stable democratic instability like a cycle. As B Further elaborating, the weakened democracy, there comes a more democracy, there tomes a more

concrete thing that is the saperation

of powers and checks and balances

in governance. Superation of powers is

a fundamental principle of democracy
where the three branches of government operate independently to

prevent concentration of power in a

single back, mantaining an equilibrium. The Judiciary here acts as

an impartial arbitrator, monitoring
the laws and actions of other traditional
branches are with the constitutional bounds. However, when the Judiciary gets dominated by the political interference, this disrupts the equili bosum, and when one thing in equilibvium is disrupted, it's a phenomenon, that the whole system would fall down. Same is the case with Pakistan

treatment and so on, when it's

	THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF
	Tunne (INC.
-	under political influence. There are
	several cases that unreveals the
***************************************	fauth that judiciary has been worder
-	the influence of the power holders.
	the influence of the power holders.  The prosecution of Joverellists like
	Hamid Meer and Imran khang the
	execution of Arshad Sharif gives
	a ciear picture of how vulnerable
	We create of audicione has become
	the condition of judiciary has become
	under the influence of pourtaceof
	empowered individuals. Furthermore, there
	have been enforced disappearamees and
	forceful deteutions of sixilians, espacially
	trans the thinks of the transfer
	TATA The care of sounder
	Balach Magain who disappeoined in 2009
	and whose family has continuously sought
	Easach Magain who disappeared in 7009  Basach Magain who disappeared in 7009  and whose family has continuously sought  Tustice, examplifies how from and un  trustworthy the Judiciany has begome  for the common masses who has the
	trusting the fire judiciony has begome
	In the common mace who has the
	for the common masse with has the forevost right for justice further more.
	judiciary has been retretant to yold law
	judiciony has been neutron to torure and
	The conference of the contraction
	in way come process
	going child labourder who was allegely
	tostured by the police , hading to
	this there are cases like property rights
	violations, for example Bernia Town's
	land dealings and women rights
	violations like thonour killings are
	stell not advessed by the Judiciary
N N	due to political polarity and lack
	of interest in human rigues issues.

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cleanances. The privation of state	
award interprices has been merred	
by legal battles, with fourts delaying	
of Shitqueline privation excerts.	
These disruptions contribute to	
a loss of Envostor confidence	
in Pakistanis economic stability	
and governmence, wis, political	
fustability coupled with a judical	
my no percielled as weak, has	
discouraged long term investments	
En key sockers of the economy	
At last, internal divisions within Pakin	
fan's Judiciary have deepened due to	-
political interference, leading to a	
compremised systm of Justice. Political	-
tyfluence over judicial appointments	
and decisions has created rifts among	
gudges, under mening the judiciary's	
craclability A prominent exaple is	
2007 judicial crisis when president	
Perver Musharraf attempted to dismiss	
CJC Iftikhan Ni. Chaudany, leading to widespread profesty and eventual restoration	
widespread profesty and eventual restoration	
of Judiciary's independence. Despite this,	
political pressures continued notably in	
high profile cases that of Nawaz Sha-	-
raised concerns over the impartiality	Jan Jan
raised concerns over the impastiality	
of Judiclary Divisions within the	
blanch were clearly seen during	
that period as certain factions	
seemed to align with political	
	CHARLES TO THE STATE OF THE STA

weakened the Judiciary's ability to function independently but has exaded public trust and confidence in it's ability to deliver impartial Justice, hindering the rule of Law in Paki's tam. Finally, the political interference continues to fuel these fractures, undermining the Judicary's role im upholding Justice.

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To ensure rudicial independence in Pakistom several measures need to be implemented. First, transporancy in Judicial appointments. Is crucial. A

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	Tuulda appointmenter daes la metite
	interfarance, could enhance caedability.
	Second strong thong institutional auto
	nomy is essential for the judicion
	to dunction without external money
	h function without external pressure. Don't merge all the solutions in a single paragraph.
	ection from political reprisals, and
	Safeguording buticial lasicione L
	political manspulation. Third, promoting
	public awareness and engagement
	of civil society can create great
	-ex accountability. By educating
	an Independent Judiciary, civil society
,	an magienau judiciais, and society
	can act as a watch dog, prossuriaing
	the government to respect Judicial decision.
	Lastly Ity imporative to reduce positival
	Interfazance en judicial matters. Political
_	leaders must regrain from influencing
	Judicial outcomes, while the Judiciary
<u> </u>	of the street only linguity
_	los a sold sold resistance
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	lau build in a lau bu
	protects cité sons! rights in Pakiston
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play a pivotal note in ensuring the judiciary remains accountable. Ultimately strengthening Judicial Independence is crucial on Pakistan's democratic future, ensuring Justice for all citizens and reinforcing the integrity of ity institutions. Without meaningful repains, the continued exosion Judicial independence will hinder progress and the exte-