

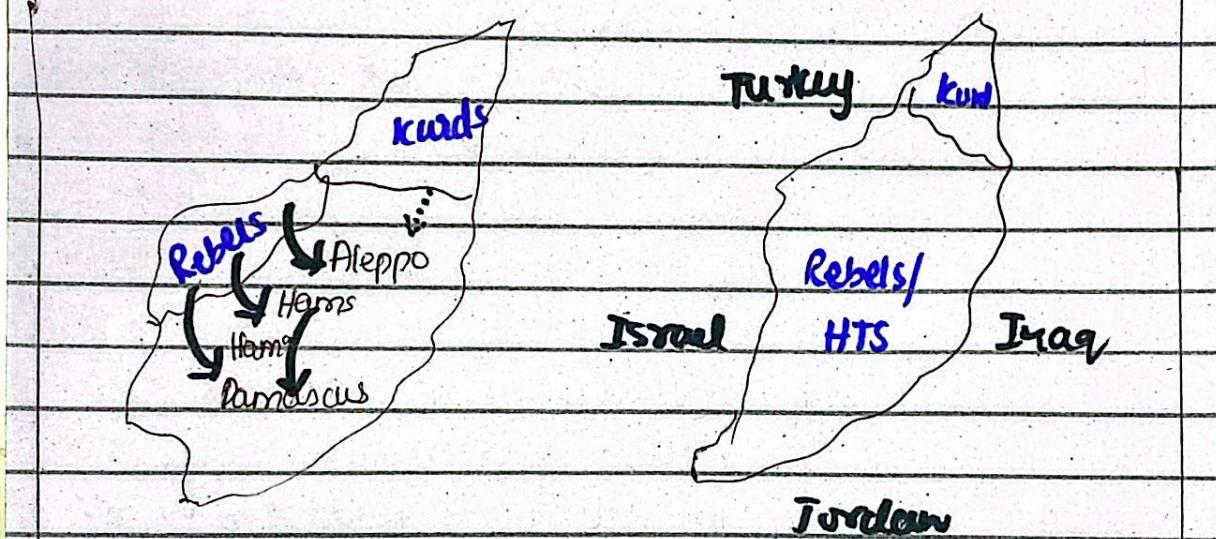
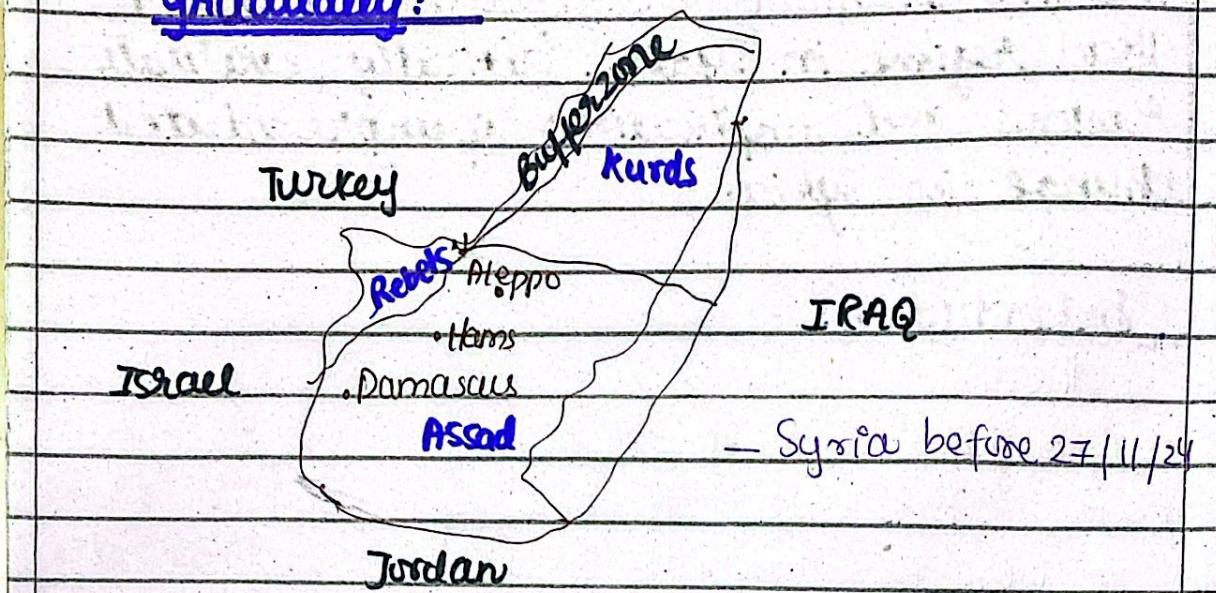
## Question #2 :

The HTS Islamist have toppled down Bashar Al-Assad regime in Syria. Critically evaluate reasons and implications of unprecedented change in Syria.

### 1) Introduction:

The Assad family ruled Syria for more than 50 years with an iron-fist. Bashar-al-Assad became President after the death of his father in 2000, who had ruled for almost 3 decades. In 2011, he brutally crushed a peaceful, pro-democracy uprising, sparking a civil war, in which more than half a million people were killed and many displaced. Recently, Pro-Assad Russia and Iran were involved in their respective wars. So, the HTS (Hayat Tahrir al-Sham); an Islamic militant group and allied rebels surprisingly attacked Northern part of Syria on 27-11-2024 and captured 2nd largest city Aleppo of Syria. They moved then to the capital Damascus as military collapsed and Bashar-al-Assad's government toppled down. An assylum has been granted from Russia to Assad — and HTS leader "Abu M. Al-Jolani" has arrived and told Syrians that "The future is ours".

## 2) Syria, HTS and How they captured Syria gradually:



## 3) Reasons behind Unprecedented Change in Syria:

### c) Political Regression and Authoritarian Rule:

The regime dominated by alawite minority (Hafiz Al-Assad), ruled with an iron-fist. Civil liberties were

L limited, political opposition was crushed and intelligence services maintained a pervasive atmosphere of fear (CNN)

### b) Socio-Economic Inequalities:

Decades of economic and resource mismanagement enriched a small elite while impoverishing the majority. Also, the rising unemployment throughout Syria created frustration among Syrians especially in youth (youth)

### c) Sectarian and Ethnic Tensions:

Syria's diverse population includes Sunni Arabs (majority), Alawites, Kurds, and Christians as well - long-time favoritism towards the Alawite minority created tensions among Sunni majority contributing to sectarian polarization and eventually to conflict. (Inst. of study & war)

### d) Emergence of Rebel Groups:

The opposition in Syria consisted of Islamist groups, Kurds, and secular (minority) group as well - The presence of Al-Nusra once associated with Al-Qaeda and FSA (Free Syrian Army) and other multiple escalated conflicts.

### e) Regional Rivalries:

The conflict became a proxy war when international players came in Syria for their geo-political interests - where Russia supported Bashar-al-Assad's government and same did the Iran mainly because 'Alawite' is slightly connected with Shia community of Iran - Russia came to have access of Mediterranean Sea and to bring Russian naval bases in Syria.

However, United States of America supported and backed Rebel groups by providing financial assistance, weapons and intelligence services just to contain Russia. Israel, Turkey and other multiple made Syria "a battle-ground".

### 4) Implications of Unprecedented Change in Syria:

a) Regional Instability: The Syrian crisis has destabilized the region and it might lead to intensifying the already threatening rivalries between Iran, Turkey and Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Sectarian conflicts may expand towards Iraq, Yemen and Lebanon as well.

### b) Global Security Threats:

The Revival of groups like ISIS and other poses a threat to global security. Armed proliferation and terrorist networks could emerge from the chaos.

"United States of America, United Kingdom and Europe has declared HTS and other as terrorist organizations"

(BBC)

### c) Energy Crisis:

Escalation of war and instability may disturb trade and energy markets, affecting global prices. The world might see hyper-price-hike in oil and gas prices as Russia is involved directly and may see perceive another set of Sanctions - The same could be done for Iran.

(CNN)

### d) Humanitarian Crisis:

Humanitarian crisis includes

- ↳ Scale of suffering
- ↳ Refugee crisis
- ↳ living conditions
- ↳ Psychological impacts

About millions of people have suffered and are suffering due to poor living conditions, economic disparities and mismanagement

Hundred of Thousands of People have displaced and has chosen to be a refugee in this ongoing instability in Syrian. The children and other masses have suffered malnutrition and majority Extreme Torture in Seydnaya Prison all resulting in Humanitarian Crisis. (CNN)

### 5) Critical Analysis:

From Socio-economic inequalities to regional rivalries multiple factors have contributed towards Syrian unprecedented change. The impact would be widespread and would take time to properly come in front of the world. Global International governmental and non-governmental organizations have started to analyze and predict the future. However, whatever the analysis come, one thing is bound to happen and that is the regional and global implications. As the Professor Kishor Mahbubani said:

"It will impact the world order"

### 6) Conclusion:

The Islamist rebel group named as terrorist group by United States of America captured northern Syria and toppled down Assad's government. The process was the result of multiple factors including the

Root causes as Socio-economic inequalities, sectarian and ethnic tensions, authoritarian rule, emergence of rivalries and rebel groups resulted in uprising in Syria. The toppling down of Assad's government have some serious implications including regional instability, global security threats, energy crisis and humanitarian crisis. Significant measures are needed for betterment.

### Question #5:

Dollar & SWIFT being used as a weapon by US against the countries of Global South. Critically evaluate how BRICS + could counter this to get rid of western exploitation permanently.

#### 1) Introduction:

Due to "Petro-Dollar Agreement", an unannounced agreement, between KSA and USA, the largest oil producers and exporters dollarized its trade. US with help of KSA prevailed upon the world - resulting in the world's largest commodity oil became dollarized and so does international trade.

United States also established a international transaction system "SWIFT" for global transactions. Due to this US got the capacity

to freeze foreign bank accounts and reserves of any country. Global South is the major affected part of the world of frozen accounts. Russia, Afghanistan, Iran, China and North Korea's accounts have been frozen already. The frozen accounts of mentioned countries proves the western exploitation and weaponization of dollar and SWIFT system.

## 2) How BRICS+ Could Counter Western Exploitation Permanently:

BRICS+ is the acronym of Brazil, Russia, India, China and South Africa and the plus represents other members of the organization made in early 2000's. The organization was originally BRICS - just of 5 countries but gradually they've started to expand. Inclusion of Iran and other significant names prove it. Majority, this organization focuses on trade, and cooperation but this has also expanded to avoid western weaponized dollar and SWIFT.

Following are the ways BRICS+ could counter western exploitation:

### a) Trading in Currency Swap Agreements:

A decades old phenomenon where countries would mutually swap currencies for trade. By following and

adopting this phenomenon BRICS+ can counter western aggression as they would not anymore rely on dollars only. They would've their currencies for trading and other purposes — in case of sanctions.

⇒ China, India and Russia have started currency swap trading but it is in initial phases.

### (b) Common currency for BRICS + Members:

Common currency is also not a new phenomenon - European Union has already opted and are using single currency - the whole Europe now uses 'Euro' as their currency. China and BRICS+ opting and going for common currency would be a major success in stopping the western exploitation.

⇒ More than 40% of global GPP contributor are BRICS+ members - They opting for common currency would be a major setback for dollar.

### (c) Establishment of New Development Bank:

The establishment of new development bank would be an unparalleled setback to IMF and WB. The

organizations like IMF and WB provides funds and loans to developed and developing countries for multiple factors. They provide funds also in dollars. So, if someone needs to start something they're to take that in dollars and would not be able to take/receive funds if they are sanctioned. Hence, BRICS+ need to establish a new development bank that would use either the common currency of BRICS+ or their respective currency of a country.

### (d) Alternative to SWIFT system:

A Brussels based international transaction system operating world widely having access to hundred of thousands of accounts and data. If BRICS+ wants to get rid of western exploitation — the way Russia has faced — they need to bring an alternative financial transaction system. Be it either operating in single or common currency.

China has their own SWIFT alike but it is limited to only 46 countries.

### 3) Critical Analysis:

From Petrodollar agreement to dollarization of trade to weaponization of dollar especially towards Global South proves western exploitation - BRICS+ needs to take significant measures in order to remain relevant and in avoiding the western exploitation. The BRICS+ expansion and the steps they are facing would shape the world order — mainly could become a multipolar world and would have a new direction of world.

### 4) Conclusion:

Dollar and SWIFT being used as a weapon against global south leads BRICS+ to think about countering the exploitation either by making an alternative to SWIFT system, or opting for common currency, establishment of new development bank or going for currency swap agreements & trades. Significant measures have been taken and are needed to take if BRICS+ wants no exploitation from dollar and SWIFT.

## Question #8

Critically evaluate the reasons for slowing down of CPEC Projects. What options to rejuvenate the project ...  
CPEC - II a tangible reality.

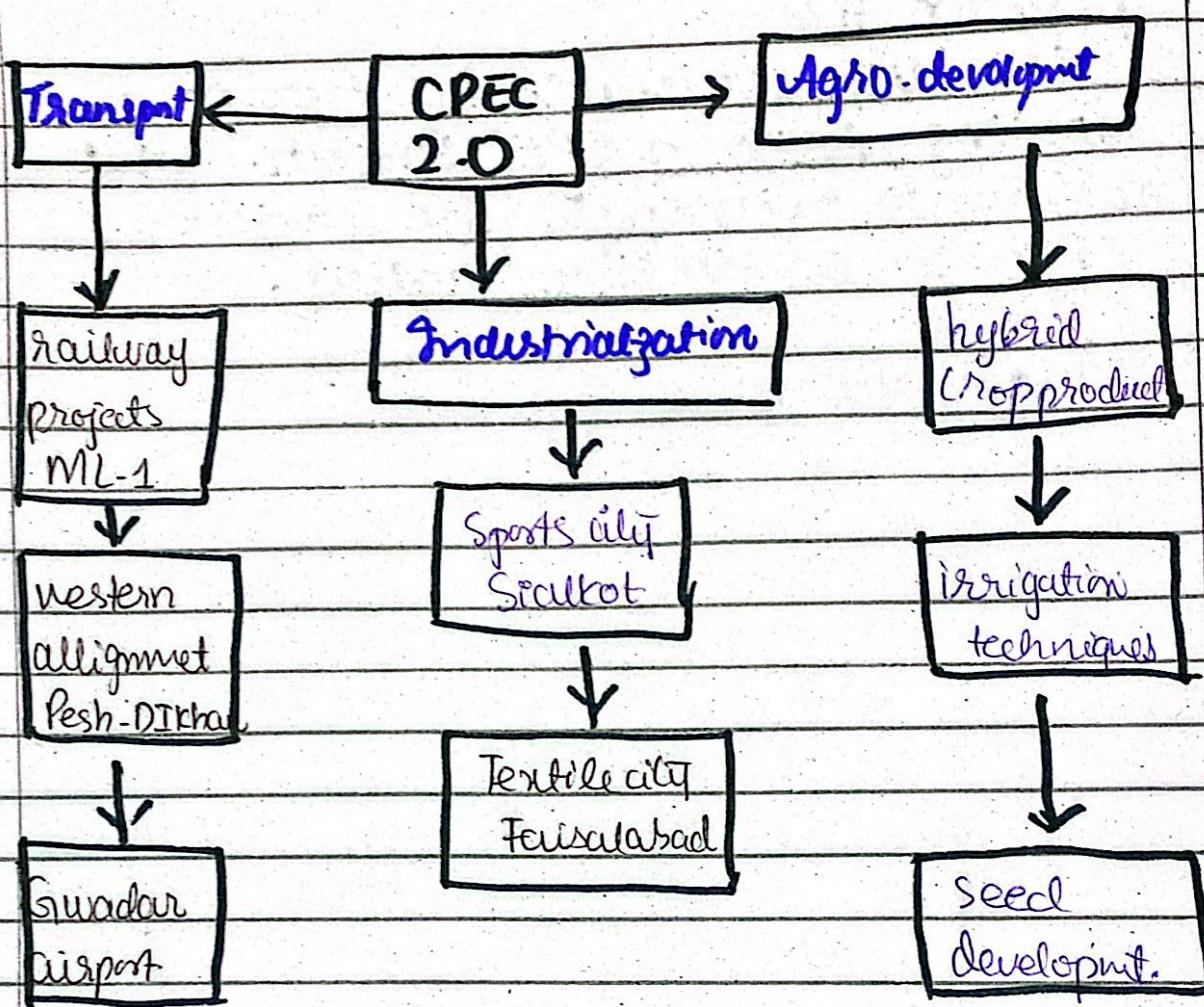
### 1) Introduction:

China-Pakistan Economic Corridor is a framework of regional connectivity and a win-win situation for both countries i.e. Pakistan and China. CPEC holds the vision to improve lives of people of Pakistan and China by building an economic corridor promoting bilateral trade, connectivity, construction, transport, industries and people-to-people connections.

After the completion of CPEC phase-I, it is now thriving and striving towards CPEC phase-II. Phase-II includes transfer of technology to Pakistan, multiple industries and industrial goals, transport and infrastructure projects and SEZ's in Pakistan.

### 2) CPEC 2.0:

CPEC 2.0 or phase-II includes multiple projects of infrastructure, technology and industries and energy, agriculture as well. Following illustrates the CPEC-2.0:



### 3) Reasons for Slowing Down of Projects:

The CPEC and CPEC-20 faced slowdown of projects. Following are the reasons.

- Geopolitical and security risks
- India's nefarious designs to Sabotage CPEC
- Peace in Afghanistan in Question.
- Political Instability in Pakistan.

#### 4) Steps needed to re-invigorate slowed down projects:

##### a) Improving security conditions in Pakistan.

Pakistan has faced and is facing the menace of terrorism. The recent terrorist and separatists resurgence mainly targets "Chinese national and personnel" for personal gains. Pakistan needs to improve its security conditions and ensure Chinese safety in order to re-juvenate the slowed down projects of CPEC 2.0.

##### b) Improving Financial transfer from China.

China has taken multiple loans and might face some serious issues regarding economy and that would directly affect the BRT project (CPEC 2.0).

c) Delayed MI-1 project shows and proves the financial mismanagement.

Hence, in order to contain slow pace of CPEC projects - Beijing needs to ensure its financial management.

### c) Ensuring Political Stability in Pakistan:

Pakistan being one of the most unstable (politically) country becoming multiple time politically unstable becomes an obstacle in achieving the goals - Political instability hinders the pace and slow-down the CPEC projects. Islamabad needs to take political instability into consideration.

### d) Increased focus needed from China:

China has diversified its economy and has started and indulged itself into multiple giant projects which hinders and shifts the focus from CPEC projects slightly. China as Pakistan both needs to prioritize more than anything those projects which have been slowed-down.

### 4) Critical Analysis:

BRI projects (CPEC had its phase-I completed and CPEC 2.0 has and is facing some shortcomings - Both countries need to realize its importance in the growing Nexus of US-India-CPEC 2.0 would be soon completed and would have a huge impact internationally.

## 5) Conclusion:

CPEC 2.0 has faced some projects being slowed down mainly due to multiple factors including geopolitical and security risks, peace in Afghanistan question, political instability in Pakistan and India's effort to sabotage CPEC. Both Pakistan and China needs to assure and re-assure confidence in each other in order to achieve common goals.