

QUESTION NO: 02

Congress Rule 1937-39 As Fore-runner to Creation Of Pakistan in 1947

Introduction:

The atrocity of British Congress in muslim during the period of 1937-39 acted as fore-runner to creation of Pakistan. Congress formed its ministries in eight province. The Muslims living in those areas were subjected to most inhuman treatment. This atrocity compelled muslims political leaders to give serious considerations to partition of India. The Muslims in India therefore decided to demand the partition.

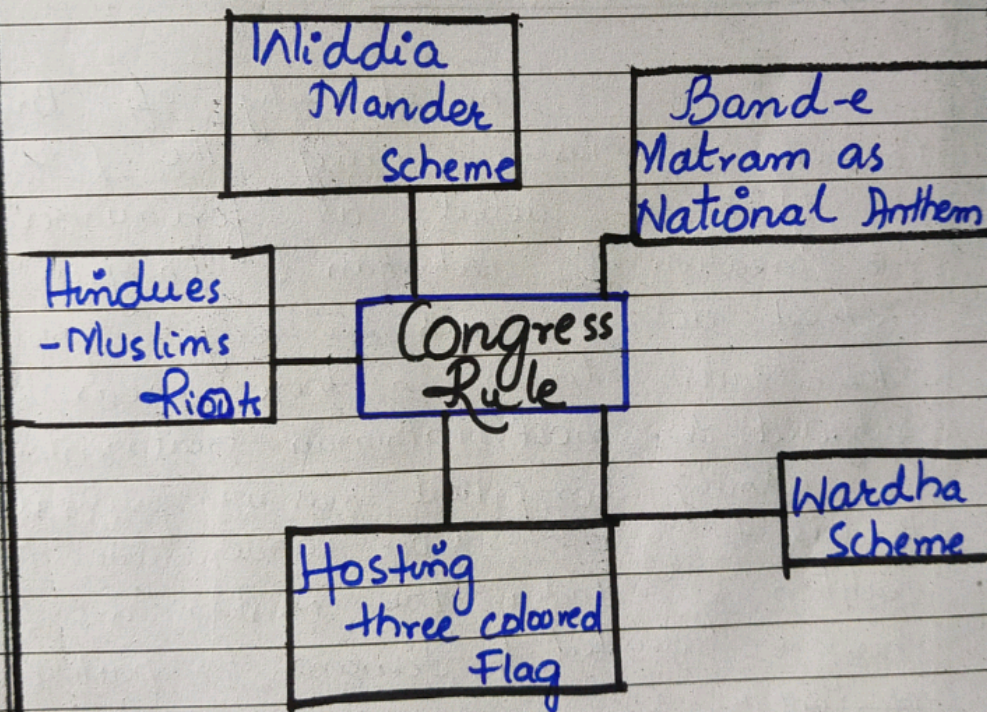
in front.

"It has always been taken for granted that muslims are in minority. The Muslims are not a minority Muslims are nation by any definition."

~ Quaid-e-Azam

Congress Rule (1935-1937)

Congress had adopted an unconstitutional method to rule the province and its administration did not conform to the parliamentary system as laid down in the **Act of 1935**.



Adoption of Band-e matram, wardha scheme, hosting of three colored flag, hindue riots and widdia Mander scheme all this events lead to creation of ~~pe~~ hate feelings against british in muslims. Thus, they asked for separate homeland.

Band-e-Matram

It was a song which had degrading remarks, were used against Muslim and Islam. The Song were used to play before start of official business everyday and was adopted as national anthem.

Widdia Mander Scheme

An attempt to erase muslim culture by introducing new educational system. It was introduced in all schools and educational institutions.

Hosting of three Colored Flag

Congress after taking over the government in the provinces, immediately ordered to host three colored flag along with british union Jack to prove there were only two powers in india that is British and congress.

Hindu Muslim Riots:

Hindu-Muslim riots were enhanced during Congress rule. Hindus were free to assault Muslims at their will in any area. Muslim houses and property were set on fire and various attempts were made on honor, property and lives of Muslims.

Impact Of Congress Rule On Muslim League:

Role of Muslim League was very active during such atrocities committed by Congress. Muslim League openly condemned its various steps.

Day of Deliverance

When Congress ministers resigned in December 1939 over Britain's decision to involve India in World War II, Jinnah declared the day as Day of Deliverance.

Political Revival Muslim League

~~and~~ after their political revival, Jinnah emerged as strong political leader and Pakistan through his efforts were established.

Impact of Congress Role on Creation of Pakistan

Alienation of Muslims

Strengthening Two
nation Theory

1940, Lahore
Resolution

Rise of Muslim
political consciousness

Alienation of Muslims

Congress policies such as ban on cow slaughter, and suppression of muslim culture alienated ordinary muslims, and this helped in movement of 1940.

Strengthening Two Nation Theory:

These discriminatory policies against Muslims convinced them that they are a separate nation with their own culture, religion and political needs. Thus leading to phenomenon of two nation theory.

1940 Lahore Resolution

When the sense of separate nation were created among Muslims, the Muslim League explicitly demanded a separate Muslim State. Muslim League held its annual session in Lahore, 1940, 21-24 March.

Conclusion

Congress rule paved way for creation of Pakistan as it created sense of separatism in Muslims due to their atrocities.

QUESTION: 03

Khilafat Movement: Evolution and Failure

Introduction:

The first world war came to an end and victorious allied countries were bent upon demolishing the **Ottoman Empire**. The Indian Muslims were very disturbed by downfall of turkey caliphate. Thus, a movement was created based on agitation of muslim allied with indian nationalism in 1919-1924.

"We are ready to sacrifice our life, wealth and everything we hold dear for honor of caliphate and the sanctity of Islam."

~ Molana Mohammad Ali
Johar

There were various causes of khilafat movement, that leads to its failure.

Evolution
of Khilafat
Movement
1919-1924
Causes

Fall of Ottoman
Empire

British Betrayal

Religious
Significance

Muslim Sentiments

Fall of Ottoman Empire:

In WW1 the caliphate of Turkey was deposed as British captured the Ottoman Empire. The defeat of Ottoman Empire, which were seen as the guardian of Muslim Ummah was a main reason of Khilafat movement.

British Betrayal:

Indian Muslims had supported the British during the war, expecting the caliphate

to be safeguarded. The betrayal of this promise sparked resentment and mobilization in Muslims.

Religious Significance

The Caliphate were regarded as symbolic leader of the Muslim ummah and his removal was seen as an attack on Islamic unity.

Khilafat Committee:

Moulana Mohammad Ali Jinnah was appointed as General Secretary of Khilafat movement. The Committee was supported by National Congress.

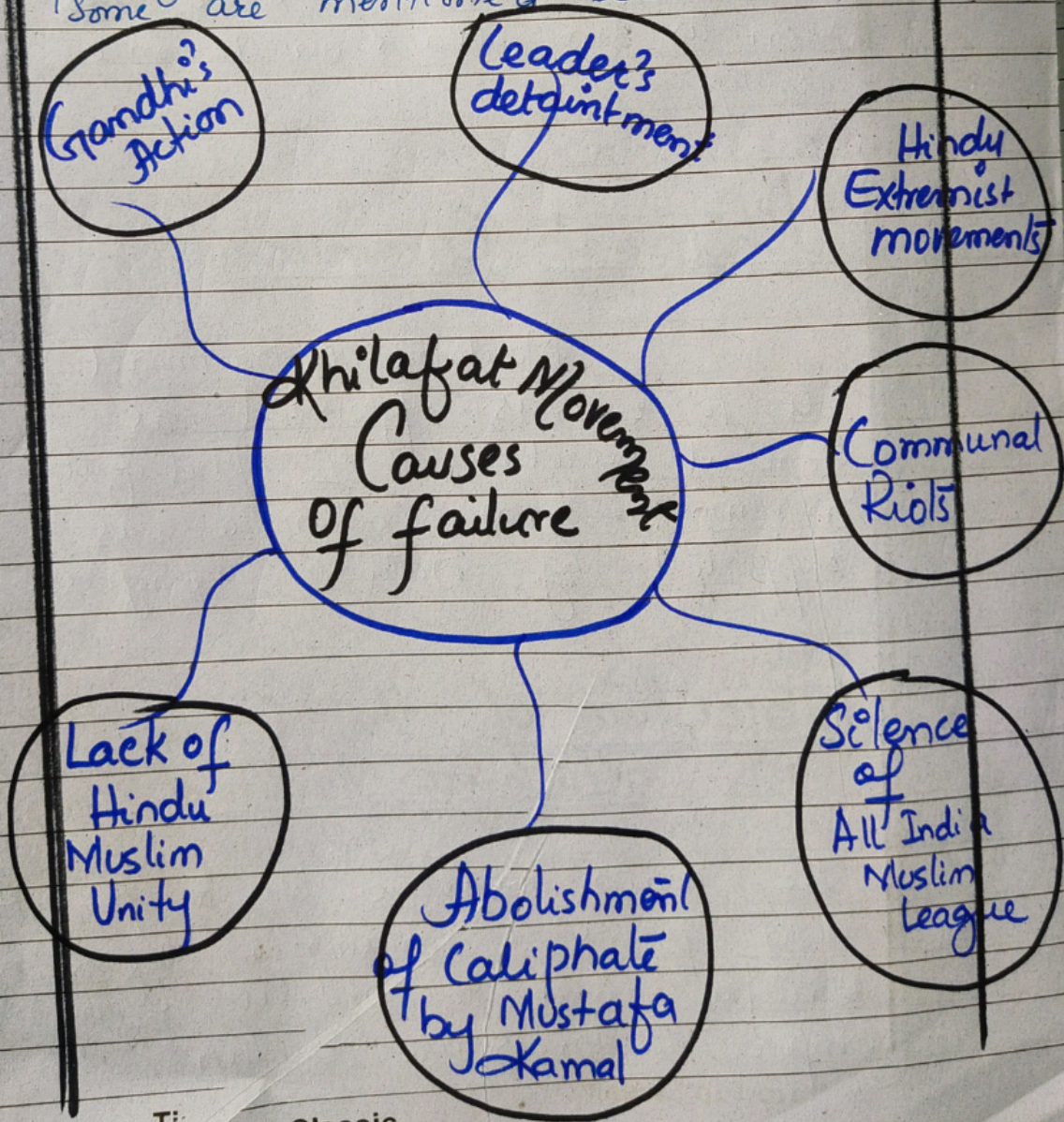
Objective of the Committee; Khilafat Movement

The main objective was to protect holy places of Muslims, defend Khalifa and to protect Ottoman empire to pressurize British, to

preserve the Caliphate, authority of Ottoman Sultan.

Failure of Ottoman Empire ^{Khilafat} Movement:

There were various causes of failure of Ottoman empire some are mentioned below.



Gandhi's Diplomacy

Gandhi's action of calling off Non Cooperation movement, was a severe set back to the movement.

Arrest of major leaders

Government arrested all the major leaders of movement and adopted repressive measures on the masses to quell their agitation.

Hindu Extremist movements

Movement such as Shuddhi and Sughtan began converting muslims to hindues.

Increased Communal Riots

The communal clashes and riots erupted in the country which adversely affected the people.

Silence of All india muslim League

AIMS gave no response all major leaders remained silent during

the movement.

Removal of Hindu - Muslim

Unity:-

Unity achieved at Lucknow pact, disappeared in beginning of the movement.

Abolishment of Caliphate by Mustafa Kamal

The grand national assembly of Turkey abolished the institute of Caliphate and banished Sultan Abdul Majeed from Turkey.

Conclusion

The dramatic fall down of Ottoman empire evolved the movement known as Khilafat movement. It was supported by Congress (Indian national Congress) but despite that it failed due to various reasons.