

Why Men Fight ?

Outline:-

1) Introduction

- human history
- Reason

~~2) Thesis statement~~

2) Biological factors

- Survival of the fittest
- Testosterone and its influence on aggression
- Genetic tendencies towards aggression.

3) Psychological factors

- Role of ego and pride in behaviour
- impact of security and fear
- Psychological need for power
- influence of past trauma.

4) Social and cultural influences

- Societal expectation and concept of masculinity
- Cultural norm glorifying aggression.
- Peer Pressure
- Media portrayal.

5) Economic and Political Motivation

- Competing for money, jobs and social standing.
- Economic differences that cause anger and lead to violent behaviour

6) Historical and Philosophical perspective

- Historical example of wars
- human nature

- The paradox of war a path to peace.

7) Modern Day

- The changing nature of conflict in a globalized world
- The role of organized sports and other groups.
- The impact of technology

8) Possible solution and Alternatives:

- Importance of education
- Emotional Intelligence
- Role of mental health
- changing societal norms
- Redefining masculinity.

a) Conclusion:-

Thesis:- The combination of biological, psychological, social, cultural and historical factor contribute to men's tendency for aggression and conflict highlighting the need for multifaceted approach to understanding these behaviours.

Introduction:-

War and conflict have been a constant presence throughout human history, with

men being the primary participants in these acts of aggression. ~~From~~ From the basic struggles of early man to the complex geo political disputes nowadays reason for male combat are deeply buried in the roots of human existence. While some people may say that this aggression is male nature the truth is far more complicated involving a combination of biological, physical, social and cultural factors. Understanding why will require a deep analysis of historical and modern influences on these behaviours.

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