

# Dos and Don'ts for General Science & Ability Paper

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Hi there, you've done well. Know that acquiring knowledge is one thing and reproducing it in paper according to what's asked is another. There are a few things I would like to highlight.

1. A 5 marks part requires at least 2 and at max 3 sides of a paper. Know that there can be two or three parts of a question and their marks are divided accordingly. So, address all of them in a just manner.

2. Focus on time management. You get 35 minutes to solve one question and about 8 minutes per 5 mark part. Manage your time accordingly.

3. You need to understand that your paper is supposed to look more scientific than theoretical. So, add flowcharts and diagrams where required.

4. Your handwriting and neatness can be really impactful. Avoid cutting and overwriting.

5. Focus on your spellings and your grammar. Here in GSA there's no deduction in marks but your expression will definitely create an impact.

6. In ability portion, give explanation for analytical ability question in words. You need to understand that a 5 mark part requires all steps written and explained.

Good luck for CSS 2025. You're gonna rock in sha Allah. :)

## Causes Of Malnutrition

Malnutrition is more common in under-developed and developing areas of the world especially due to poverty. Following are some causes listed;

- (i) Reduced dietary intake
- (ii) Increase utilization by the body
- (iii) Reduced absorption by the body
- (iv)

Reduced dietary intake is one of the most common and important etiological factor of malnutrition. This may be due to poverty, unavailability of food, or consumption of repeatedly same food everyday that may fulfill the appetite but doesn't accomplish body's needs. Another factor is reduced absorption and reabsorption of nutrients inside the body. It occurs due to underlying gastric or intestinal problems such as deficiency of intrinsic factor causes pernicious anemia or celiac disease in which intestinal villi are lost which are important for food absorption, there may be some other factors like intestinal surgeries, other abdominal surgeries that severely effect process of absorption. Malnutrition can also be consequence of increased utilization by the body, more than normal requirement of body. This may happen due to some normal conditions such as during growth of baby or lactation by mother or increased utilization can also

appear due to underlying diseases, major trauma or burns etc. These all factors highlight root causes of malnutrition, a deadly disease for thousands of newborns.

## Consequences Of Malnutrition

Consequences of malnutrition can vary from mild symptoms to severe conditions of body. It affects every organ of the body including muscles, bones, lungs, heart, GIT, kidneys, hairs, skin, nails, etc. Every system of body gets shadow of malnutrition.

Weight loss: Depletion of fat and muscle mass, is the most obvious sign of malnutrition. In children it appears as Cachexia, ~~Kachexia~~ and Kwashiorkor. Initially when food reserves are depleted, fat is utilized for energy requirement, after fat depletion muscle mass is used by body resulting in severe weight loss.

Muscle Function: Muscle function is impaired initially due to depletion of nutrients resulting in cramps, muscular pain, weakness etc. Insufficient dietary intakes results in shutting down of energy dependent cellular membrane pumping mechanism. To meet this requirement, functions reserves such as adipose tissue, muscle mass, bones are consumed resulting in alteration of body composition.

## Gastro-intestinal Functions

Adequate nutrition is required for proper functioning of body. When nutrients are depleted their alter pancreatic exocrine function, intestinal absorption mechanism, intestinal blood flow, villous architecture etc. Colon loses its ability to absorb electrolytes and water which may result in diarrhoea, which is most important cause of death in severely malnourished patients.

## Cardio-respiratory system

Heart and respiratory system are the most vital systems of the body which are severely effected due to malnutrition. Their muscular mass may be reduced, severely effecting pumping mechanism of heart. Electrolyte imbalance such as alteration of potassium level can produced irregular heart beat, arrhythmic or may be heart attack. Electrolyte deficiencies may also reduce cardiac output, reduced respiratory perfusion, diaphragmatic weakness, increased accumulation of secretion inside lungs etc which may increase spells of infection of respiratory tract.

## Immune system

Our defence mechanism is also effected, increasing risk of infection due to impaired leukocyte function, cytokines, complement system, phagocytes, etc. These factors increased risk of infections and delayed healing mechanisms.

Above all were some of the major consequences of malnutrition, that can be addressed with balanced diet. Adequate intake of nutrition can reverse most of the impaired function and helps in maintaining growth, development and normal functioning of body.

(b)

### Difference between food contamination and food adulteration

Food contamination is addition of foreign material into the food, these contaminants are removed during food cleaning or processing. Food contamination may be physical such as hair, dust, metals, soil, plastic, glass or other foreign substances. It may be chemical such as pesticides, insecticides, toxins, herbicides etc or it may be biological such as bacteria, virus, fungi, parasites or other insects. Then comes the term <sup>Food</sup> adulteration, which is deliberate contamination of food to increase benefits such as addition of contaminated water into milk or addition of soap powder, chalk powder into milk, brick powder added into chilli powder, addition of food colourings into various products to increase their profitability. Injecting water into fruits to increase their size, growth and improve their colour etc. These all are acts of adulteration done by seller for their benefit.

## (c) Computer Buses

Computer buses are the parallel lines that transfer data between components of computer, or outside computer. Amount of transfer of data depends upon number of <sup>data lines in</sup> buses. One bus transfers one byte. Number of data lines increases capacity of computer buses. A bus with 32 lines carry 32 bytes. This architecture of computer buses is present inside CPU for communication and transfer of energy. Types of buses may be:

- (i) Data bus
- (ii) System bus
- (iii) Control bus

## Difference between RAM and ROM

### RAM

- RAM stands for random access memory
- RAM is a volatile type of information that is lost when power is cut
- Contents of Random Access memory can be accessed and processed as well.

### ROM

- ROM stands for read only member
- ROM is a non-volatile memory that is permanent memory holding that remains even power is switched off.
- Contents of Read Only Memory can only be accessed but can not be processed.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• RAM stores immediate instructions that are required by processor</li></ul>                              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ROM contains only boot-up information or instructions for the computer</li></ul>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• RAM allows data to be read and written at the same time irrespective of physical location-</li></ul>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ROM has gap of time between reading and writing of data due to mechanical gap.</li></ul>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examples include CD, DVD, <del>hard</del> hard disk.</li></ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ROM contains non-volatile chips that can not be processed, they are put permanently inside computer the only way to change processing is over-writing through special softwares.</li></ul> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• RAM has multiple data line to increase its capacity such as 16-lines, 32 lines, 64 lines etc.</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ROM is necessary for computer functioning so that it knows what to do when computer is switched on, start up instructions and proper functioning information is inserted.</li></ul>        |

## (d) Geo-Stationary satellites

Satellites are the machines that are sent into space through rockets. These machines spin around planets or stars. The term satellite is used for moon, planet or machine orbiting the star or any planet. Geo-stationary satellites are those machines which orbit from west to east over the equator. It looks still or stationary because it travels at the same rate as that of earth and in the same direction as that of earth. These satellites are moved in the orbit when gravitational force of earth balances it to keep satellite there, if satellite is moved from the particular orbit it will either fall into space or fall back on earth. Geo-stationary satellites are mostly used as communication satellites or weather satellites to keep them permanently in sky and they appear motionless despite the fact that they are in motion.

Explain the differences properly

Difference between Natural and Artificial satellite.

Natural satellites are naturally present in space orbiting since millions of years such as moon ~~earth~~ revolving around earth, earth revolving around sun, several moons orbiting several planets these all are natural satellites. Whereas, artificial satellites are machines

sent through rockets by human beings into the space such as communication satellite, weather satellite, Navigation satellite, astronomical satellite and earth observing satellite etc. These all have specific function such as global positioning system (GPS), observe clouds, rainfalls, weather prediction, making phone calls, internet, networks, monitor ~~the~~ space and take detailed photographs of space etc.

Jupiter has one artificial space aircraft named "Juno" sent by NASA for detailed study of Jupiter.

Q3

## 9. Double Circulation of Heart.

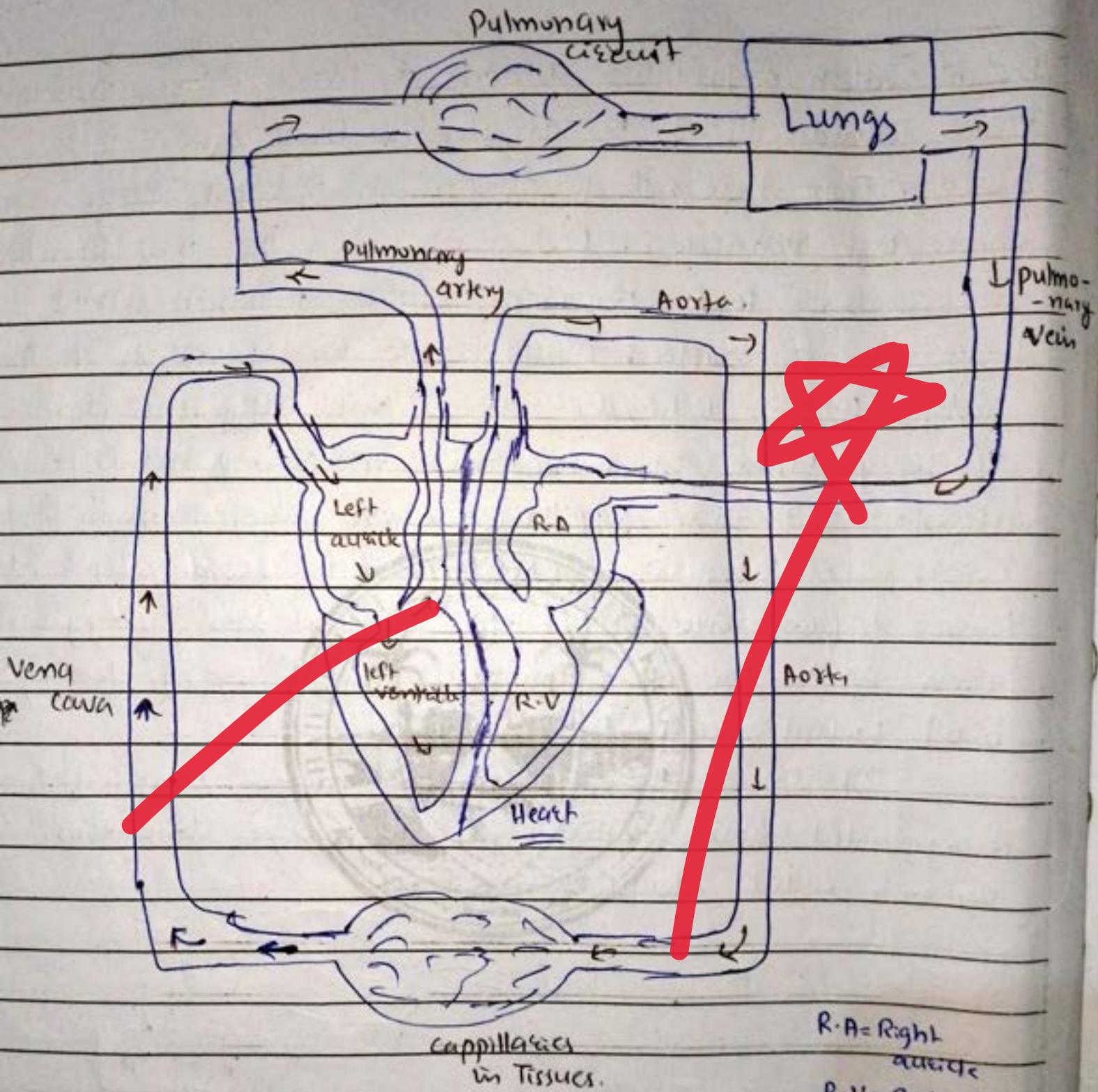
Human heart has double circulatory system because blood flows inside and outside the heart twice during single passage of blood into body and heart has 2 separate circuits for oxygenated and deoxygenated blood. Circulatory system consist on major three components.

- ① Blood
- ② Blood vessels
- ③ heart.

Blood is the fluid that contains plasma and blood cells, blood vessels are passage lines in which blood flows through the whole system and Heart is the major circulatory organ. Heart consist of four chambers Right and left auricles and Right and left ventricles. Initially deoxygenated blood from all parts of body is concentrated in vena cava, the largest vein of body, vena cava brings deoxygenated blood into right auricle. From right auricle blood passes through tricuspid valve into right ventricle, from where it is taken by pulmonary artery towards lungs. Lungs carry out oxygenation of blood where Oxygen ( $O_2$ ) enter and Carbon-dioxide leaves the blood. Then,

bright reddish oxygenated blood is taken <sup>through</sup> ~~into~~ pulmonary veins towards heart. The oxygenated blood enters left auricle. From here, it passes through bicuspid valve and enters left ventricle. Left ventricle is the most muscular chamber that pumps blood towards whole body through aorta. Aorta is the largest artery of the body which distributes blood into different parts of body. When blood reaches arteries, passes into arterioles and then capillaries, here oxygen from blood enters into tissues and carbon dioxide from cells and tissues diffuses into blood converting it into deoxygenated form. Again, the cycle continues by bringing deoxygenated blood toward heart. 9

It showed the separate circuits for oxygenated and deoxygenated blood which flow in separate lines this system is called double circulation.



R-A = Right atricle  
 R-V = Right ventricle.

## Double Circulation. Of Heart.

(b)

## Liver is a chief chemist

Liver being the largest gland of body is also considered as a chief chemist. It is the centre of metabolism where synthesis of proteins, carbohydrates, fats and other compounds takes place. Other significant functions like detoxification of toxins, degradation of complex compounds, production of bile, digestion, immunity, vitamin storage etc. Liver is called chemical factory because more than 500 chemical functions are carried out by liver. It produces enzymes, chemicals, clotting factors, Albumin, globulin, lipoproteins etc. It produces bile which helps in digestion of fats. It detoxifies waste from body such as drugs, alcohol, toxins, ammonia, allergens etc. It acts as storage source for vitamins, glycogen etc. Liver has capacity to regenerate itself. Due to its diverse functions it is known as chief chemist of the body.

Elaborate properly

(c) Greenhouse effect is a blessing

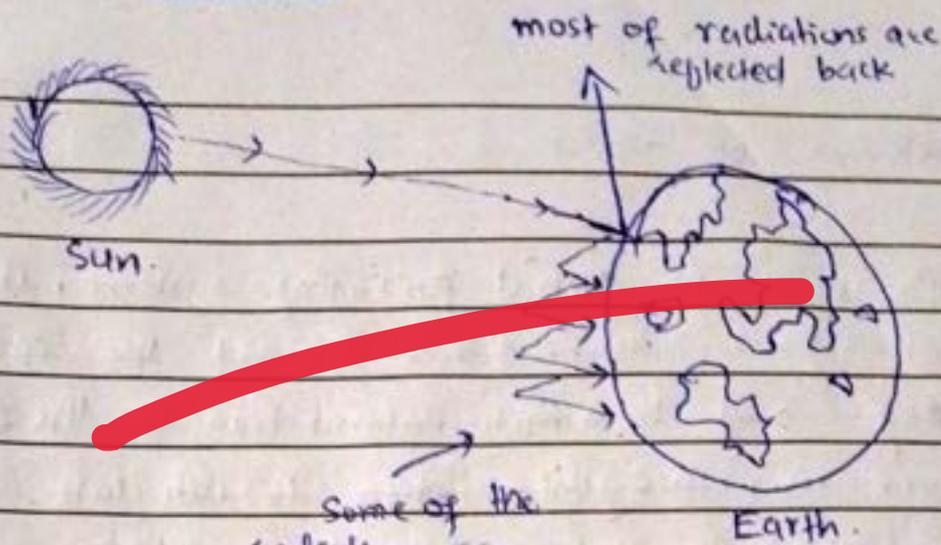
Greenhouse effect is a natural process on earth which insulates the earth from freezing temperature. It is a process when sun radiations reach the earth atmosphere, those radiations are absorbed by greenhouse gases which retain sun's radiation on earth keeping a balance of temperature on earth surface, which is average temperature for human beings to survive. Without greenhouse effect earth could have reached temperature of  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$  which could halt survival of living organisms.

Rise of population in the world has immensely increased human activities such as burning of fossil fuels, excessive release of greenhouse gases, over-release of chloro-flouro carbon (CFCs) in the atmosphere which has significant role in breaking of ozone layer. These all factors have increase greenhouse effect which seemed a blessing in initial times but now it is contributing to increased temperatures on earth known as Global warming. It is addition of carbon dioxide and methane into the atmosphere which has risen atmosphere of earth by  $1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  since the industrial revolution.

Separately deal with all the parts

## Greenhouse Effect

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Some of the radiations are absorbed into greenhouse gases, maintaining temperature of earth at optimum level.

(d)

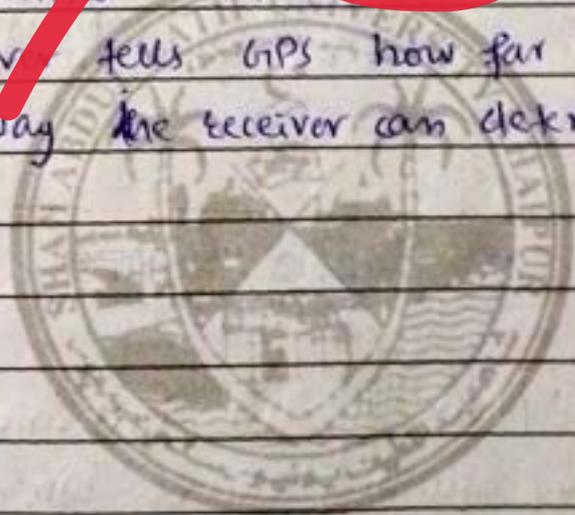
## (b) Working of Mobile Phones

A mobile phone is an electronic device that works over a radio frequency carrier. When you make a call electromagnetic radiations are emitted from phone also known as radio frequency energy. These radiations are received by nearest mobile phone tower's antenna. Antenna receives these electromagnetic radiations and transmit them to switching centre which functions as an exchanger of mobile phones. Here call is connected to another mobile phone or telephone.

Properly explain it

## (a) Working of GPS

GPS, stands for global positioning system, it is an artificial satellite that orbits around the earth twice a day and transmits information to the earth. GPS receiver uses this information to calculate user's exact location. GPS system measure the time a signal was transmitted with the time it was received. This time receiver tells GPS how far the satellite is. In this way the receiver can determine user's position.



## SECTION - II

Q6:

(a) SolutionNo. of pupils in 2022 = 850.  $\rightarrow$  (i)No. of pupils in 2023 = ~~1150~~ 1120  $\rightarrow$  (ii)

Increased percentage for enrollment = ?

Total increase in no. of pupils are:

Substrate Eq (i) from eq (ii)

$$1120 - 850 = 300 \rightarrow \text{(iii)}$$

To find percentage of increased enrollment

$$\text{Percentage} = \frac{\text{Given} \times 100}{\text{Total}}$$

$$\% \text{age} = \frac{300}{850} \times 100.$$

$$\% \text{age} = 35.29\%$$

So, there is 35.29% increase percentage for enrollment.

(b)

Data

let age of <sup>son</sup> ~~man~~ be = 'x'

age of his ~~son~~ <sub>father</sub> = 5x

Two years ago; their age was;

$$x^2 + (5x)^2 = 114 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

present age of his son = ?

Solution

lets find value of 'x' from eq: ①

$$x^2 + (5x)^2 = 114$$

$$x^2 + 25x^2 = 114$$

$$26x^2 = 114$$

$$x^2 = \frac{114}{26}$$

$\frac{114}{26}$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{114}{26}} = \sqrt{4.38}$$

$$x = \sqrt{4.38}$$

$$x = 2.09$$

$$\text{Present age of son} = 2.09 + 2$$

$$= 4.09 \text{ years}$$

So, current age of his son is 4.09 years.

(c)

$$\text{no. of heads} = 48$$

$$\text{no. of feet} = 140$$

Let 'x' be no. of hens and 'y' be no. of cows.

So, total no. of heads are;

$$x + y = 48$$

$$x = 48 - y \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

total no. of feet are,

$$2x + 4y = 140 \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

Put value of 'x' from eq ① in eq ②

$$2x + 4y = 140$$

$$2(48 - y) + 4y = 140$$

$$96 - 2y + 4y = 140$$

$$96 + 2y = 140$$

$$2y = 140 - 96$$

$$2y = 44$$

$$y = 22$$

To find value of 'x' put value of 'y' in eq ①

$$x = 48 - y$$

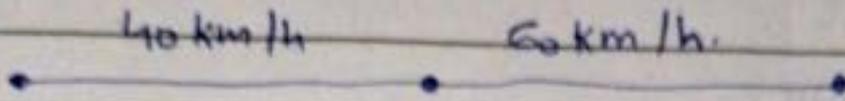
$$x = 48 - 22$$

$$x = 26$$

So, Total no. of hens are 26 and no. of cows are 22

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(d)



$$v_1 = 40 \text{ km/h}$$

$$v_2 = 60 \text{ km/h}$$

average speed = ?

$$v_{\text{avg}} = \frac{v_1 + v_2}{2}$$

$$v = \frac{40 + 60}{2}$$

$$v = \frac{100}{2}$$

$$v = 50 \text{ km/h}$$

Average speed of car is 50 km/h

Q7

(a) let number be 'x'  
'x' is divided by 6 and 50 is added

Total = 60

$$\frac{x}{6} + 50 = 60$$

x = ?

As,

$$\frac{x + 50}{6} = 60$$

$$x + 6(50) = 60 \times 6$$

$$x + 300 = 60 \times 6$$

$$x = 360 - 300$$

$$x = 60$$

So, the number is 60.

(b)

series → 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48

odd one = ?

$$1 \times 8 = 8$$

$$2 \times 8 = 16$$

$$3 \times 8 = 24$$

$$4 \times 8 = 32$$

$$5 \times 8 = 40$$

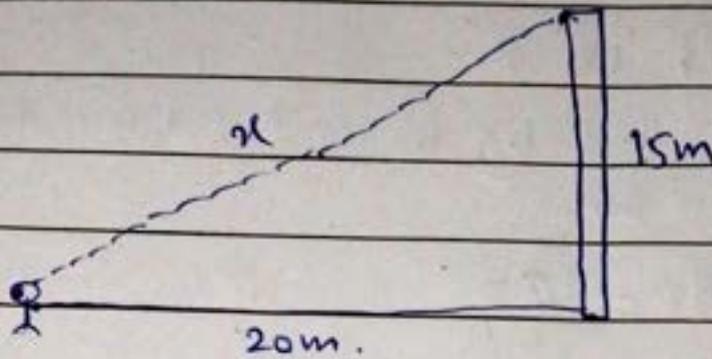
$$6 \times 8 = 48$$

As all above numbers are multiples of 8, so odd number is 32

Explain in words

6

(c)



$$x = ?$$

As it forms right angled triangle  
So from Pythagoras theorem

$$(Hyp)^2 = (\text{Base})^2 + (\text{Perp})^2$$

$$(x)^2 = (20)^2 + (15)^2$$

$$x^2 = 400 + 225$$

$$x = \sqrt{625}$$

$$\boxed{x = 25\text{m}} \text{ Ans.}$$

So, aerial distance from top of tower is 25m

(d)

tariff for odd dates = 1000 Rs

tariff for even dates = 2000 Rs

Total paid = 30000

started from = 5th day

Total days = ?

