

Q2:

Ukraine-Russia War:

USA UNIPOLARITY

(1) Introduction

(2) USA unipolarity is challenged after Ukraine-Russia war

(3) Unipolarity to Multipolarity shift

(a) War led Russia and China alliance.

(b) Russian influence in Euroasia.

(c) Middle-East emerging under circumstance

(4) BRIC block and middle power

challenge power of status quo.

(5) Divided EU countries.

(4) Challenges to Multipolarity

(a) unintentional development that can be reversed.

(5) Conclusion.

Introduction

The Ukraine and Russia war reveals the complex international structure. The Ukraine-Russia war can not seen in isolation. As it has global effects. The Ukraine and Russia has challenged the USA unipolarity and taking it into multilateralism, although this is a direction but not complete change. The war triggered the multilateralism. The Russia and China have started to act as revisionist force, challenging power of status quo, amidst this there is vacuum, which is being filled by middle Eastern countries, the BRIC is surfaced and many ^{other} international developments suggest that the multilateralism characteristics of world have emerged after the war and challenging USA unipolarity.

(2) USA unipolarity is challenged after Ukraine-Russia war:

The war started when Russia felt threat by NATO when Ukraine wanted to join NATO.

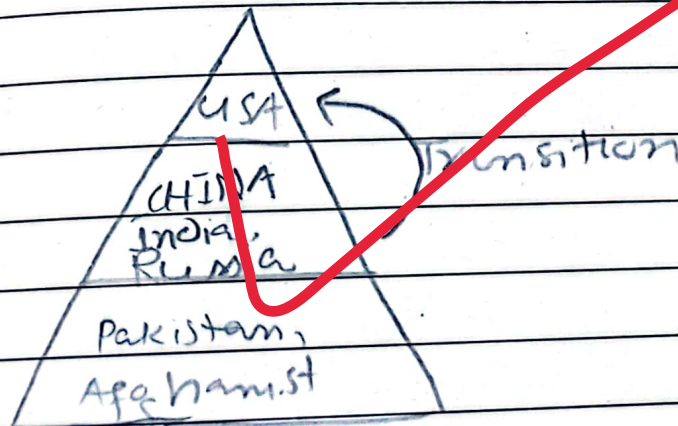
The alliance and membership was effecting Russian sphere of influence.

As the war provoked, USA wanted to maintain hegemony but it failed.

India did not condemn Russian move, Pakistan stayed neutral, Europe

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was divided in helping the Ukraine. On the other, the revisionist forces succeeded to come on a single platform. Russia and China made an de facto alliance to help each other. The transformation of unilateralism ~~comes~~ to multilateralism can be analyzed under the Transition theory which states that the revisional power always struggle to challenge the hegemon and become themselves power of status quo. (Morgenthau).



Unipolarity to Multilateralism Shift

(a) War led alliance of Russia and China:

Before the war broke, Russian influence was minimum and dormant. As the war broke Russia surfaced as a major player with the power of its ally China.

As realism assumes "the enemy of enemy"

of enemy is friend. This led to sudden shift at that time USA was checked by Russia and China. Although, they have not completely broke unipolarity, but are working on it.

Eurasia

(B) Russian influence in Russia:

As Makandee says "Who controls the Eurasia controls the world" Russia wants to influence in ~~Russia~~ Eurasia by attacking the Ukraine and ~~the~~ navigating in ocean of Arctic. The emergence of Russia will create another pole of power. Hence, the unipolarity of USA will be checked.

(C) Middle East emerging under circumstance,

As the war broke Russia was sanctioned and USA ~~was~~ ^{put} oil embargo on it. The war created space for Middle East. The war increased the oil prices and GCC were only countries to export oil after Russia. Now China is at Middle East, USA is at middle east and India is working with Middle East as well. The war increased the importance of middle east and now middle east has options to choose between the partners.

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(d) The BRICS Block and lack of dependency of Latin American, middle eastern and African countries:

The war broke, the China and Russia came closer to each other, they wanted to influence international arena. So, they are ~~are~~ empowering the BRICS, (BRICS+). This block is parallel to Brettonwood system which is predominately dominated by USA through IMF where USA has more stakes in decision making. In nutshell, the war in Ukraine give rise to an instite which is anti USA aspirations.

(e) Divided EU countries and America.

Russia was a ^{energy} supplier to Europe.

As when Russia was sanctioned, the EU countries do not wanted this as this could harm their industrial growth. On these circumstance, Germany was not on single page for sanction. The break up of EU consensus is the indication that USA is facing challenges over there.

CHALLENGES to Multipolarity

Q 5:

BRICS BANK: Global South and Bretton Woods System.

Outline:

(1) Introduction:

(2) Growth of Global South due to the bank.

(a) Improved socio-economic condition

(b) Political independence.

(c) Global leadership role.

(3) The bank threat to Bretton Woods System

(a) Abolition of Bretton Woods System hegemony.

(b) Global recession.

(c) Positive changes due to competitor.

(4) Conclusion:

Introduction:

In August 2023, the BRICS nations called a summit where many developments occurred which are exceptional in context to global monetary system. The BRICS nations have pledged to contribute in BRICS banks. The establishment of the bank has many positive effects on Global South which will experience positive socio-economic conditions political independence. At the same time, the bank threads the Bretton Woods system. The Bretton Woods System will have to compete with the BRICS and its institutions, it may cause recession in it or it may bring positive change in it. The BRICS bank will significantly impact Global South and Bretton Woods System.

Growth of Global South

(1) Improved Socioeconomic conditions:

The Dependency theory explain the difference of Global South as oppressed and exploited economically by Global North, exploited by imperialism. The Global North, according to theory,

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exploits using the institution like IMF and WTO. The Theory gives statistics of UNO Global ^{Inequality} ~~Political~~ Index (GII), where there is higher poverty in Global South compared to Global North. When the Bretton Woods system would be established, the dependency of nation would be less. They will have alternative with less interest rate option. Thus, the Global South will be prosperous and socio-economic condition would be improved.

(2) Political Independence:

The politics of Global South is dominated by Bretton Woods System. It influence the politics of nations by controlling their fiscal and monetary policies. The Global South is backward and always is search of investment and dollar flow. The BRICS bank loans are lenient and the BRICS countries pledge not to influence domestic policies of countries. Thus, the emerge of the bank is essential to political independence of global South.

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(3.) Global leadership in global affairs.

The BRICS bank is an avenue for global south to play their role in global affairs. The lenders such as Brazil and India can exercise their role in global affairs by contributing in banks. On the other hand, the borrowers can stabilize their economy and acts a semi-periphery in global politics.

The Bank Threat to Bretton Wood System

(1) Challenge the hegemony of Bretton

Wood System:

The BRICS bank is ^{visioned} parallel to Bretton Wood's system, this will ~~down~~ engulf the hegemony of the later. The BRICS bank aims to make a monetary system which will function on local currencies. It can be said it intends to dedollarized the global financial system. The presence of the BRICS bank will be alternative to the nation. The legitimacy that the western system holds, it will be not possible with the existence of ~~Real~~ BRICS.

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(2) Recession in Bretton Woods System:

The establishment of BRICS bank can trigger recession in Bretton Woods System. The Bretton Woods System operates on debt. The debt is as much as high as it creates "parallel economy". The slightest loss of confidence is enough to perpetuate recession, as evident in Great Depression. If the bank is established, the country ^{money} will withdraw from the western markets, it can yield demand of dollar, which is insufficient due to debt. As a result, the depression like recession may be future of Bretton Woods System (BWS).

Conclusion:

(3) Positive Change in Bretton Woods System.

In economics it is believed that the competition enhance the quality of goods and services. With the establishment of ^{BRICS Banks} Bretton Woods System, there is likelihood that that BWS may change the policies. It may provide loans at lower interest to global south and many other change ^{can} be forecasted.

Conclusion

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The BRICS Bank is potential competitor to BWS. It will pose threats to it like like recession, and collapse hegemony. The Global South can take advantage of the bank by obtaining loans at lower interest rates.

Stress more on IR theories

~~SWM~~

~~X~~

Q7

COMPARING INDIAN FASCISM IN KASHMIR WITH EUROPEAN

Outline

(1) Introduction:

(2) *Libersexum* and *Akhand Bharat*.

(3) Charismatic personality

(4) Concentration camps.

(5) Genocides / Ethnic cleansing.

(6) Conclusion

Introduction

Arundate Roy in her book say "Kashmir is time travel of German fascism". The accounts of history of European fascism and Modi design are indifferent. The German Nazi party talked about Lebensraum and Modi is talking about Akhand Bharat. There are many similarities between European Fascism and Indian Fascism in Kashmir.

(1) Living Space for German and Akhand Bharat of Modi:

The German nationalism political ideology was that Germans are great and superior nation, they want space for living beyond the limit. Similarly, India under Modi is propagating Akhand Bharat and revoking the status of Kashmir. He wants to maximum land of Hindus as did Adolf Hitler.

(2) Charismatic Personality:

Hitler was very charismatic person, as Modi is in India. The right extremist exhort him like Hitler. He was authoritarian and totalitarian ruler, as Modi is. He politically victimize

General Instructions for attaining good marks in International Relations

Add IR theories and approaches as much as you can

(3) Concentration Camps

use IR jargons to differentiate it from Current affairs paper

try reflecting IR concepts or words in your heading

no need to apply all theories in one question but one or two that may justify your arguments

Justify your arguments with at least 8-9 headings

Add current developments as an examples to support arguments

add IR philosophers e.g. Morgenthau, Mearcheimer etc. and their philosophies

add graphs charts and critical analysis for bonus marks

each question has 2 or 3 parts, give equal weightage to all parts

(6) Conclusion

There is no difference between the fascism of the European and Modi. He wants to make new history of brutality and violence.

parties in India as well as in Kashmir.
The leader of Nazi party established the concentration camps where he targeted Jews and persecuted them
Modi has made Kashmir a living jail where internet is banned, one on 7 person there is one soldier assigned. The conditions of Kashmir are dire.