1 25-9-2023 NOA MOCK (History & UCA) Muhammad Rahim (03442822432 on a clienter a to Part - II Question-3 Introduction: Amp: Redocatist's After independence, while drafting constitution, the US politicians divided in to two groups. The north south division led to a great debate. in Americal, called Jederauit Versus anti-federalist debate. The northern states were developed, industrilized and more educated while the southern were mainly agrarian and not so up to date both group presented their Thus of government. in the stance and own theories let us analyze each group <u>Proposed theories</u> of government by <u>federalist</u> and <u>Anti-fenderalists</u> <u>compairsion</u> of the <u>federalist</u> and government are given anti-jederalit's below. Do not write headings on the Central government ast line

the production Of the Mar Marin may F Views of Federalists: rederalist According be strong and state centre should governmenty should be weak Induction Anti-federalist: view They were in strong of a weak centre and states all george toose a the second īī Views on Politics. Federalist ... According to Jederaunt' elite and educated of the north should do politics - and represent - the Us in foreign World. a sond in the se Anti-federalist; Contrary to that 1 1 1 1 1 1 S Antifederauist were believe in politics of common men. Views on Economy: Proposel M mornhand Anti-Sederaust They were jarmers and they believe in come distribution of neat in common hands. Federalist: They belong to aristocratic

3 they that money were. indined Should elites, As they With northern deserve more. Bill of IV Rights :-Federalist . ١V Corecenter inn They do want bill be included the constitution to said that majority rights because they not be entertained other the m will bill included in the those signts. Anti-federalist .. the -that 10 Contrary stiblingly javoured were anti-federalist rights bill to inclusion 4 -lle constitution. the on clavery: V stance Federalist: They were against slaver Anti-federalist: On the mother hand anti-federalist was in slavery. As -they wore Javour 07 Properly explain your points

Give apt referencesScanned with CamScanner

ц grarian and thatsivhy - favoured intact because daver be to for agricultural slaves were useful south. VI Representation: Autoration Federalist . federalist According 10 representation should based be population population. As the cm north more 0 were and urbango in increasing also was Anti-federalits: . his there Contrary to anti-federalist demand Works of was should representation that be based 11 states in m 1-e meniver nt according congress 100 should. states. the to number Anti-federalist Concusion 4n shoot. there was between a hige gap redevalist

(5) and anti-federalist. Their Theories of government was entirely different. Thanks to connecticut plan the huge differences of were resolved but gsoups both the way of governing and the policies can be show the difference between federalist and. anti-federalist. For example, the suite of washington and Japarson and -they way handling governmental policies were different 20.000 Dour 1 Seperation of a What is press country Question - 40mo 1 1 10000 W. S. W. US IP Introduction: The United states of America's government system is based on the principle of seperation of powers. The three organs have check and balances another on eachother. The gramers of constitution

Concise your introduction

made the check and balances	
system to stop each organ of	
 government to override other.	
 Thus if we observe - Unrough	
constitution no one is powerful to	
 each other because each have a	
 Check on other. However, due to	
 party politics one can say the	
 president is the most powerful organ	
when the president and majority	
 of congress are from same party.	
 To under this more	
clearly one has to under power	
 seperation principle.	
What is seperation of power and	
checks and balances system	
 in US?	
 Each organ of government has	
 its own jusisdication and powers.	
 Additionaly some checks and balances	
 on each other. The following	
paragraph show checks and balances	
system in the US constitution	
, ,	2
성장 영상 실패 및 이상 이상 방법이 이 방법이 지지 않는 것 같아요. 이 있다. 이 있다. 이 있다. 이 것 같아요. 이 있다. 이 있	- Andrew Market

6

Executive which the series ol to Jest Contract Judician legislation legislation Judicial Review ٦ Executive : Executive checks on other have organs ine both can appoint judges and > Executive with consent of senate (T) Executive (president) can vetoria -> acts Legislative Legislature: president gt can impeach 8. chief It and appoint judges can inpeach et a iustice and Tudicias Judiciary has authority judicial review declare to or president 07 congress act an mull and it. statin 11 hand 10:00 nstil-

8 From above discussion it become clear that each organ has a check on other. However due to party politics, the US executive i-e president can be take as the most powerful the US congoverisme organ of Following factors show how the Us president 1-e executive the most powerful organ Us" government 12 (i) President belongs to majority:-In -une Us usually president belong to party. When presiden majority and legislative members are pin same party. It becomes president to do Vlaw making or whatsoever want because congress can not deny his own president. This read to executive to become the most powerful organ. President has power to by pass congress: (ii)

9 In cases to by pars Some а recalcitrant congress president has in same emergency power gase, it can bypass congress. (ni President Com cail special Session Congress: President has power to. Session special congress 0] call a at anythine. this That means is powerful. executive ĪV pardon: Power Provident has power torgive to person who av from supren death sentence This shows court even. hat . president is really a man in the US Conclusion: be clar AA 91 should constitution; that in the ramers trade no organ 50 ashans have powerful and all and has some equil powers. However now in practice jurisdichen.

(10) executive time. the over the and become powerful) the other than government. the two organs 0 legislative and president Ar 11 usuallin belong 181 mandor's najority 10 Same duc w alt president invincible become an want he he : whatever As Dower. congiens do the bes's majority and men being president part member c) deny me Was \mathbf{V}_{1} thrul amo the. com amon congress Say exective udiciary. the ang branches. the US government 0 al. power exective 'U in Clusion : Question-5 Introduction: President Theodore Roosevelt associated with -the is ena Drogiess

1 0 Weak structure of intro 1901-1809 A.D era- His tenure was was a conservative, educated He 1 progressive man. He introduced this policy which is called square deal. Beside this he also initiated big stick policy in Latin America mony ource domentic and and foreign policies. Theodore Square deal of Regulation . St Roosevelt The domestic reforms and of Theodre administrative policies -the square possevelt is called deal of Roosevelt. sime of the important inictives of his deal are given below. A. Conservation of nature: He made an of tree. In his tenure army 0 acres of mand ter million national received for that view envisonme He was in

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(2) should clean and clear ... B-Drug Act: He passed pure drug Act 1906 - As the muckrakers had companies and the food an and meat provider. Thus, after that act amalgamation in food drugs become a course and in United states of America. Regulation Railways : C-·At that time. Raivlays were taking hyper charges. from · poor farmer were exploiting They people s because repulation there was no President Theodore Roosevelt hailway no Daned Act 40 from stop railway exploiting 1 masses. Reforms in dustary: D has allo He worked Reform to the Industries

Theoche , Roosevelt passed maning acts and made bottor pays and working condition for Labours. Working day: He made working day 10 hours from 12 hours on same way he ensure theit all the industry and factor homenrs treating - their labour with dignity and giving the required facilities -then G. Panama Cona Canal Construction Perhaps it was the most important work of Theodre 12 cocevett because panam conal was economically vital for the United states of America. He used big stick become able to construct -Unis vital com passage which is very much important. Auc economic growth of etter United states. e the

(14 Finished monopoly of blg companies: At - mat time Amorica H. -le monopoly was experiencing comprises Roosevelt big I many acts and curbed assed big industrice the monopoly etc. Trust Busting: 1. Through Anti-clayton Law and other actions, Theodore Roosevelt busted many touts. Through his this act in time Howard Taft go toust busted, This is called trust busting in American history Give role in Conclusion: Theodore Roosevelts economic policies were very beneficial the economic growth - America .: His era way called era of roaring twenties or affluent to twenties. His three C's formula was a very policy in American Successful

(s) is domestic history. HAX Similarl deal ind. po l'eles square the policies such larger economic canal as construction panaina were proved seal + economic amic changer the ···· American growthe econon This is no) 10 question RASINTreduction introduction Foreign assistance Ċs essential and useful instrumen an foreign policy. It -lie US in in hand big a ma has sole power - US super the After world war II the world. an escential become component the oreign US 0 us analy ge how 10 policy. foreign beneficial assistance brove

(R) the United states of 102 America Give a brief account of the policy here Evidences of toreign assistance as an instrument by the Us coreign policy. world war II, The US After hás made foreign assistance as tool in & its a foreign policy Sume making the Important evidences are given below. Give proper elaborating Marshall plam: headings Tertvielue hole: Just after woord war II, the US announced Marshal plan. From - Unis The US given \$13 billion, Todays \$160 billion in add to European states for reconstruction. This becomes a helpful America: European countries for seconstruct - themselves and pay back the US debts would not be which others

(17) be possible for them to pay back to America. Thus American influence image relation and becahe stronger from economic this fice Link all of these headings to the main point 11 Development for Allies Agreement 1960 was another agreement this through which the US amounced aid pakage to Latin American Alies This also helped? American strong hold in world and latin. America pasticular Economic and Military 111 assistance to Greece and turkey: The proactive role of the established American strong US hold in greece and furkey which otherwise could fall to Communum. īv Economic Assistance to Israel establishing tor its supremary

6.8 rich Middle East:--lle After in 1948 independence of Israel Us has been supporting it militarily commically and one of the I most because it is important ally and strong und the 11 for having at eye on middle East. V Economic Aid to Pakiston and during cold war Through foreign assistance tool at joreign policy, Amesica prays its most impostant enemy USSR. Through economic the aid to Afghan Mujjanidin Pakislaw and Egypt and ollner. musting America hunded down its eveny number 1 in Ussiz. One can imagine how much tool was important for the Ustrate becomentisole superi in power in the world's

(19) U S Aid and other junding VI different Organazations to' such Food Programme, World World as Health organization, etc 10 funds Similarly, economic ·lle different countries and downtrodden sections of cocieties through United states Aid for International development (US-Aid) is conother tool for presenting the soft the US through out the world. In same manner, funding to WHO, Woold food prame the United and other areas of Nation help build image of US super of the world. being Condusion: Cutting long story short, Foreign assistance is essential instrument of the policy. Afor mention provide authentic US toxeign discussion

20 and proper evidences that this toole was very helpful 100 United states journey becoming a sole super power world was I. atter Through this the US strengthened its militarily and economically gsip Latin Americ to central tim Isial and from Europe to sice You have given all estations all to the main theme asked in your question : Casterilans