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## NOA - Mock

Date: 20-9-2023

Muhammad Rahim (0344 2822432)

WhatsApp

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### Economy or Politics: Pakistan's conundrum

Outline:-

#### I Introduction:

Thesis statement: Although, Pakistan has been facing numerous politico-economic challenges since its birth, Political instability is the biggest conundrum of Pakistan.

#### II Economy and politics are interrelated,

A bird's eye view of Pakistan's political and economic history.

#### III Economy is real conundrum in Pakistan.

A counter perspective.

A Economy is necessary for education

B. A strong economy promises a strong foreign policy.

C. Technology, trade and exploitation of natural resources all need budget.

#### IV How is politics responsible for all conundrums in Pakistan?

A Economic progress is not possible without political stability in any

Do not write how important economy is, write how it is a conundrum for Pakistan. For example unstable economy means low spending on human development

Make the headings specific about Pakistan

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country

B. Political instability <sup>has</sup> weakened the institutions.

C. Frequent changes in political landscape of Pakistan declines its foreign investment ✓

D. Due to political hurdles, major dams such as Kalabash could not be established

Very specific to an incident  
Generalise the problem you are trying to point to

E. Politics has hurt ~~the~~ national cohesion in Pakistan ✓

F. It is also a major cause of corruption ✓

G. Foreign Direct Investment directly linked with political ~~instability~~ stability. ✓

I. Independent foreign Policy, which is key to economy, is not possible without political stability at home. ✓

V Some steps to improve politics in Pakistan.

A. Re-orientation and Reorganization ✓ of political parties.

B. Educating the masses.

C. Role of media for raising awareness. ✓

D. Accountability elaborate

VI Conclusion



Politics plays an important role in the progress and development of a nation. It refers to the system of making and breaking of government in a country. There are different political systems in the world. Some states have single political parties while others multiparty system.

Pakistan is a multi-lingual and multi-cultural country. That's why, politics in Pakistan has <sup>been</sup> mixed with numerous problems. As the socio-economic stability depends upon the political stability of the country;

redundant expression due to which Pakistan is facing many socio-economic and political problems. Political turmoil directly impacts the economic growth of a country. Foreign investors cannot invest their capital where political uncertainty prevails. Similarly, due to uncertain political atmosphere business community can be under a constant fear. From Zulfikar Ali

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Bhuttos policy of nationalization to recent discussion of privatization, it is evident that economic state of Pakistan is fluctuating. In same way, no visionary and long term policy is possible in such an atmosphere. Politics in Pakistan has ~~hurted~~ the national cohesion. Today, no province is ready to give its resource to the federation. For example, Kalabagh dam, Rieko Dick <sup>spelling</sup> mines and other resources are in pearl? due to strong opposition of local population. This is because of politics and the interests of different political leaders. Along with this, internal stability is a pre-requisite for formulating a strong policy. The role of a strong and independent foreign policy for building a strong economy is important. It can be witnessed from countries who have ~~are~~

Sum up the detail mentioned from the outline



independent in establishing their foreign policy such as India, Iran and China. In short, for having a stable economy, political stability is imperative. Unfortunately, Pakistan's history shows otherwise. However it can be corrected if sincere efforts put in place. There is denying the fact that has been facing numerous politico-economic challenges since its birth, Political instability is the biggest conundrum of Pakistan.

Introduction is too long

Economy and politics are inter-related, because without a political stability economic stability is not possible. It can be observed from the history of Pakistan as well. In the beginning, <sup>spelling</sup> there was a political instability in Pakistan due to death of its founder and first prime minister. Thus the first decade of Pakistan was both economically and politically unstable. In 1960s,

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despite having a military rule  
 -the economy of country progressed.  
 It ~~was~~ called as golden ~~sixth~~ 60s  
 in Pakistan. However, because of  
 political instability of 1970s, Pakistan  
 lost its east wing. Similarly, 11 years  
 of Zia <sup>ere</sup> ~~was~~ <sup>than the</sup> somehow economically  
 better the decade of 1990s to 2000,  
 where the frequent political changes  
 had crippled the already weak state.  
 Thus, one can say that politics  
 and economy are interrelated  
 without one other is not possible.

According to one  
 school of thought, economy is the  
 real conundrum in Pakistan because  
 without a strong economy, political  
 and socio-economic challenges  
 cannot be removed. According to  
 them a proper education

General discussion  
 not specific to Pakistan

needs funds. People cannot be  
 educated unless, educational  
 infrastructure <sup>is</sup> updated. Schools, colleges  
 and universities all need money.



A poor state such as Pakistan cannot update its basic infrastructure and the education system. Thus, people cannot get education and illiteracy is one of the main reasons due to which politico-economic development is not possible.

The whole argument should be about Pakistan

Similarly, a country whose economy is not stable cannot establish strong and independent foreign policies. As such a country need funds and bail outs from other friendly countries and the international donors which can ask the respective country not to do a specific thing. For example, Pakistan could not participated in Kuala Lumpur Summit due to Saudi Arabia. As Saudi is our close ally and she has been stood beside us through thick and thin while Kuala Lumpur summit was arranged by the adversaries.

Again make the whole paragraph about Pakistan, not just the example. The topic specifies that you are to discuss problems of Pakistan not just discuss basic relationship between economy and politics

write in 3rd person

Phrase it like Pakistan is dependant economically dependent on KSA so independent foreign policy is not a possibility for Pakistan

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the kingdom. This is how, economically  
unstable country cannot establish  
independent foreign policy choices.

Moreover, Information  
Technology and even the  
exploitation of natural resources  
need budgets. For example, space  
missions need specific funds for  
their execution. Similarly, for  
exploiting one's own natural  
resources, heavy machineries and  
high technology needed. Thus, if  
a country has no economic  
stability, it had to give its  
projects on lease to other  
countries. For instance, Pakistan  
has given Riko Diak gold  
mines on lease. Similarly, outsourcing  
of posts and ~~disposts~~ <sup>disposts</sup> of a  
country are due to economic  
constraints. In short, according to  
this school of thought, ~~and the~~  
Pakistan needs a strong economy  
to get rid its all conundrums.

Make it specific to  
Pakistan



On the other hand, it's a fact that the politic is the monster in Pakistan. In fact, it is the political instability due to which Pakistan could not stabilize its economy. As the economic progress is not possible without political stability in any country. From Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) to stabilization of markets and from satisfying a business community to removing the fear of foreign investors, political stability is the key to socio-economic and political challenges. Thus the real conundrum in Pakistan is politics not the economy.

Covers everything, too broad for one paragraph. Also no defined argument

Today, Pakistan's institutions are weak because of this country is facing various challenges. For example, the police has failed to curtail the street crimes in Pakistan. Today, one can witness

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street crimes in big cities such as Karachi and Lahore and the gangs in rural areas such as Kacha Area of Sindh and Punjab. Similarly, other institutions such as National

Accountability Bureau (NAB) badly failed in curbing corruption.

You need research based evidence as well

These institutions basically weakened by involvement politics. Police department is politicized and NAB is used as weapon against opponents. In short, due to politics state institutions weaken and this leads country to numerous conundrums. Thus it can be said the real problem of Pakistan is politics not economy.

In addition, frequent changes in political ~~base~~ landscape in Pakistan declined the foreign investment in country. One of the reasons for weak economy of Pakistan is decline of Foreign Direct Investment,



which in turn produces many problems in Pakistan. As weak economy is the root cause of all messes in a country. Thus FDI's decrease means decrease in economy which in turn give rise to many conundrums. Thus it clear that the real trouble maker of in Pakistan is politics not the economy.

How much FDI has decreased in the recent bout of political instability? Give statistical evidence.

Moreover, major dams such as Kalabagh ~~can~~ could not be materialized because of politics. The dams are very beneficial for the economy of any country. Today, Pakistan's major ~~part~~ budget is mostly ~~follows~~ swallowed by energy bills.

Had the Kalabagh dam been built, the energy, economic and other crisis would be ~~mitigated~~ <sup>Reference?</sup> lessened.

This is the dirty politics

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which dragged country to brink of economic disaster. That's why, one can say its -the politics which have wreaked havoc in country in the terms rising inflation, street crimes, and other socio-economic problems.

Not only -this but also, -the politics has hurt~~ed~~ the national cohesion in Pakistan.

There are nationalist and religious parties. Their business i.e politics cannot continue unless they spread some tribal or national

Tone and expression

emotions. The separatist sectarian violence and tribalism is direct result of dirty politics in Pakistan.

This national disintegration is one of the main causes of today's prevailed situations of Pakistan which in turn is a direct result of politics rather economy. So, politics is the real reason of Pakistan's challenges.

No example



In same manner, corruption is one of main causes of all the circumstances prevailed in Pakistan today. Politicians in Pakistan have no accountability whosoever got seat in government is free to do whatever he wanted. The funds embezzlement and <sup>dilapidated condition of</sup> the roads, bridges education institutions, etc. are the result of corruption. Corrupt elements are protected by the politics. In simple words, it is politics who protected the corruption in Pakistan. ~~Explain~~ In short, one can say, corruption which is cause of all problems of Pakistan is the result of politics.

example?

How is corruption related to political instability

Last but not least, foreign relations is very important for the economy of any country.

Make it specific to Pakistan

And this is the only possible when economy of country is strong. For example, India can buy Russian oil and <sup>can</sup> have

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relations with Iran, Chahbar port is an example while How is this because of politics?  
Pakistan cannot bought  
Iranian gas. This is how a ~~strong economy~~  
political stability  
and strong economy can edge  
a country in formulating foreign Unclear argument  
relations. All of this possible for  
India because It has a  
strong political stability in  
home. Political stability is a  
key to formulating foreign policy  
which in turn help strengthen  
the economy of that country.

Pakistan has to  
 re-orient and ~~strongly~~ re-organize  
 its political parties, and all  
 the existing systems. There  
 should be merit in the  
political parties. This is the  
 only way to get rid of  
current political turmoils. No example  
Lacks argument

Similarly, educating mass  
 is also one of the most



important steps for bringing political stability in country.

Moreover, Role of media is perhaps the most powerful weapon to get rid of <sup>current</sup> political morbid from Pakistan. As awareness is the most vital tool for any change. Media is the most important tool for moulding public opinion. In same, across the

No reference

board accountability is another important step for bring stability in Pakistan. The NAB and anti-corruption institutions should be used for accountability rather political victimization and revenge.

To sum up, it can be said that politics is the real monster in Pakistan. Although, economic

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problems are a strong factors for Pakistan's ~~of~~ ~~conundrum~~, the political ~~instability~~ is the biggest ~~conundrum~~ in Pakistan. As the socio-economic

stability of any country depends political stability. That's why, Pakistan is facing so much problems today. In short, it is the need of the hour that Pakistan should correct its course. Political stability is the need of the day. ~~the~~ As the proverbial stick on time saves nine so it is high time for Pakistanis to get rid of political turmoils in order to save beloved country.





	<b>Category</b>	<b>Total marks</b>	<b>Obtained marks</b>
<b>Content</b>	Qualitative analysis	10	2
	Quantitative analysis	10	2
	Validity & Reliability	10	1
	Relevance	10	2
<b>Language</b>	Sentence structure	5	1
	Vocabulary	5	2
	Clarity	5	2
	Command of language	5	1
	Expression	5	1
<b>Structure</b>	Outline	5	2
	Introduction	5	1
	Body paragraphs	5	2
	Conclusion	5	2
<b>Coherence</b>	Cohesion	5	2
	Coherence	10	3
<b>Total</b>			26