

QNO 2:-

Introduction:

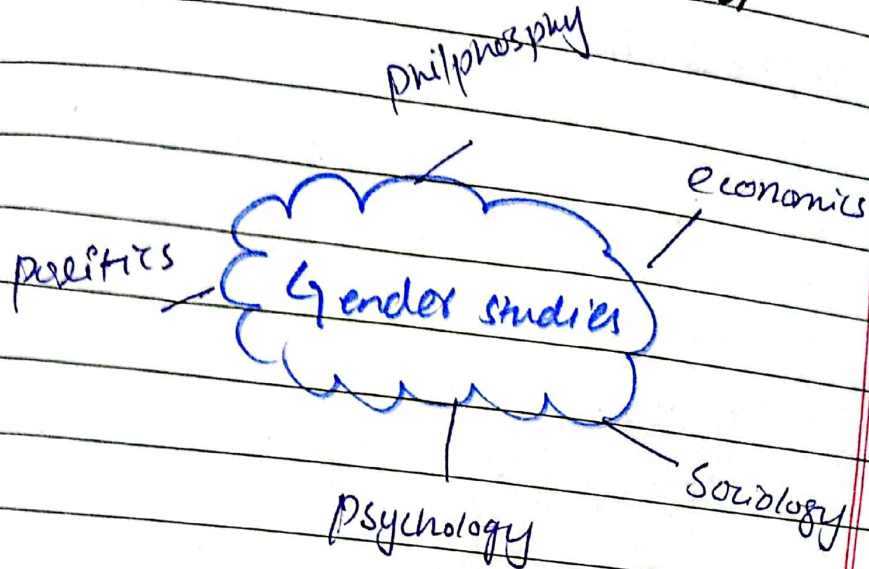
“Gender Studies is a multi-disciplinary field of study that seek to study the various disciplines of studies like, economics, sociology, philosophy, psychology and politics.”

White man college Report

Gender studies plays an important role in the field of study. Particularly, it is a multi-disciplinary study. Various subjects are studied in the field of gender studies like economics, sociology, psychology and philosophy. Economics and Gender is studied in the lens of development like WID, WAD and WAW. On the other hand, in the lens of sociology and gender is studies social progression of gender. Thus, gender studies is a multidisciplinary study and it has a great impact on the field.

of study.

Gender studies: The multi-disciplinary nature of gender studies

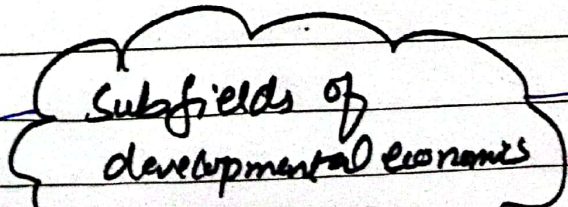


i) Gender and economics

Gender studies and economics play a significant role in the field of study. Economics and Gender Studies are correlated. Developmental Economics is primarily branch of economics that study impact of development plans and strategies on both genders

Subfields of developmental Economics that are concerned with gender studies

WID



WAD

3

a) **WID** - Women in development
Women in development studies
the different impact of modernization
theory on men and women. They contend
that women are left out of developmental
projects

b) **WAD** - Women and Development
They believe that women are
a part of development but
their inclusion serves capitalism.

c) **WGD** - Women and Gender and
Development

They criticized that women roles
are constructed socially. The
division of labour should be eradicated
from the society.

ii) Gender studies and Sociology

Gender studies and sociology
are interrelated in the discipline
of study. These are various roles
which affected the social and
gender roles like patriarchy, customs,
culture and religion. Leber in her
thesis "Social progression of gender"
light from birth to adulthood, all
the aspects of men and women

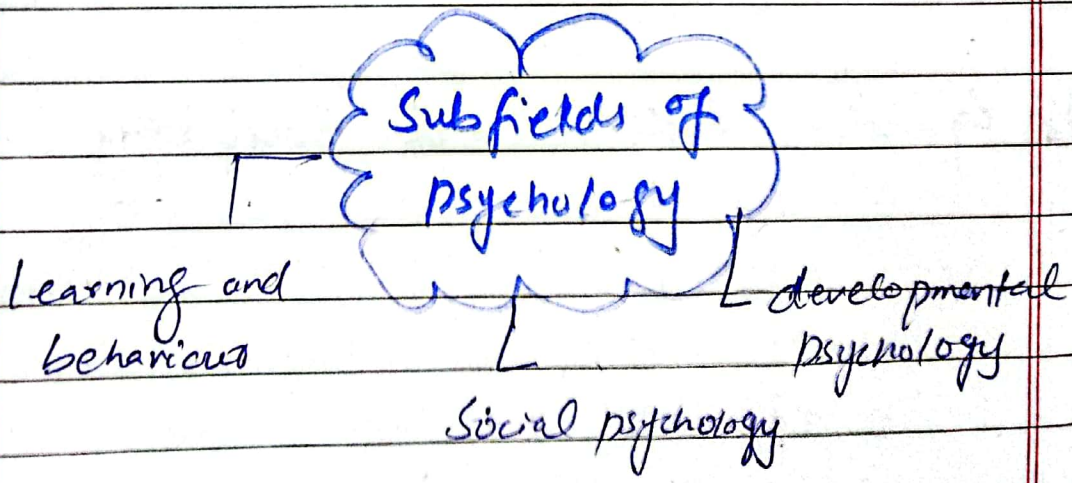
women's are determined by a society, religion and other social institutions.

iii) Gender studies and psychology

Psychology and gender studies are correlated in the field of study. Gender studies seek to study the cognitive make up of men and women.

The following are the sub-fields of psychology.

The sub-fields of psychology are relevant to the gender studies.



a) Developmental psychology

Developmental psychology deals with those changes which are occurring throughout the course of

life. The main areas of developmental psychology is cognitive development, physical development, psycho-social development and moral development.

b) Social psychology

Social psychology deals with how human interact one another. and Society plays a great role in the individual socialization. Thus, ~~Sociology~~ psychology and gender studies have a great impact ~~of~~ on social psychology.

c) Learning and behaviour

Gender studies and psychology also play a significant role in the learning and behaviour process of human beings. It emphasizes that how learning occur throughout the years in the individual's life.

iv) Gender studies and politics

Politics and gender studies are intertwined with ~~are~~ each other in the discipline of study. As Rubin Saigol says that "The fact that

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Several political policies are devised in keeping ~~view~~ into account in their possible impacts on gender ~~roles~~. The fact that politics and gender studies are deeply intertwined." Thus, gender studies has a great impact on politics. And some ~~politics~~ policies that affect the role of men and women like gender specific policies and anti Sexual Harassment and Anti stare books.

Conclusion:

Gender studies is a multi disciplinary study including economics, sociology, psychology, and politics. It plays a great role in the field of study. As Farrana bari says that, "gender studies and other all fields of study are correlated with each other." Thus, Gender studies intertwined with economics, psychology and physiology and politics.

Q No 7c-

Gender Based Violence and

its sites and forms.

1- Introduction

« Beating women is not cultural, it is criminal and it needs to be death as such.

Hillary Clinton

Violence against women is an indelible blot on human civilization.

The violence against women is endemic. The social structure of society is constructed on patriarchal, thus it provides basis for violence against gender basis. There are different sites of violence against women like beat, honour killing, feasting, abusing, battering and many more. On the other hand, a forms of Gender-Based violence are based on cultural, structural and direct violence. Thus, Pakistan needs to eliminate gender-based violence in the society. And also, it needs to fulfill its commitment to UN to eliminate the discrimination against women.

2) sites of ~~violence~~ Gender-Based violence

i) private sphere:

Gender based violence

is existed in private spheres of significantly within home:

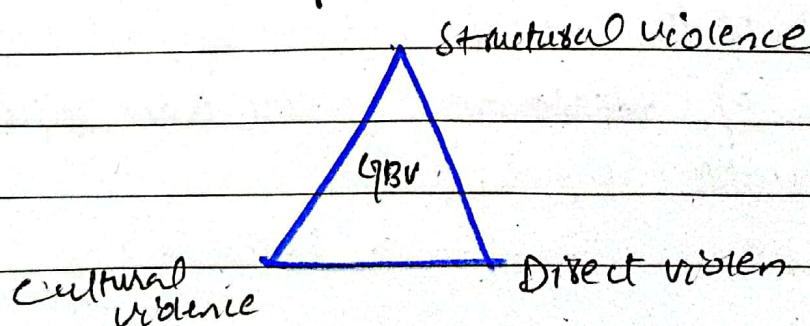
Women are facing violence at home in the shape of many forms, like, battering, abusing, bride burning, rape, honour killing and marital rape. All these offences are done with them by intimate partners. Thus, women are even not safe in their home.

ii) Public sphere

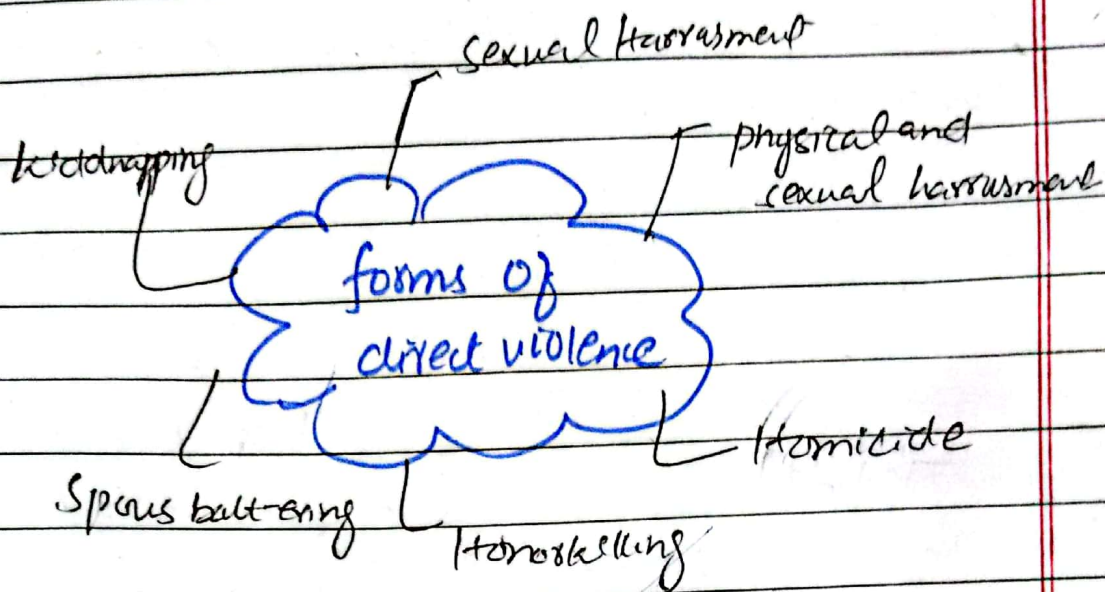
Women are not only facing violence at home but also at public sphere. They are harassed, teased and tortured at schools, street, markets, offices and work places.

^{sub kind of} Gender-based violence is rampant at public spheres like harassment, bulging, stalking, gang rapes and body touching and acid attack.

3. Forms of Gender Based violence



a) personal / indirect violence



i) Homicide violence

Women are facing a significant ways of violence at home. Women are abused domestically. And they are psychologically torture by their spouse and sometimes by their brother and family members. Human

Right watch claims that between 80 to 90% women in Pakistan have suffered some form of abuse in Pakistan. Thus, women ^{also} ~~is~~ ^{faces} ~~under~~ a severe violence at home.

ii) Physical or sexual assault

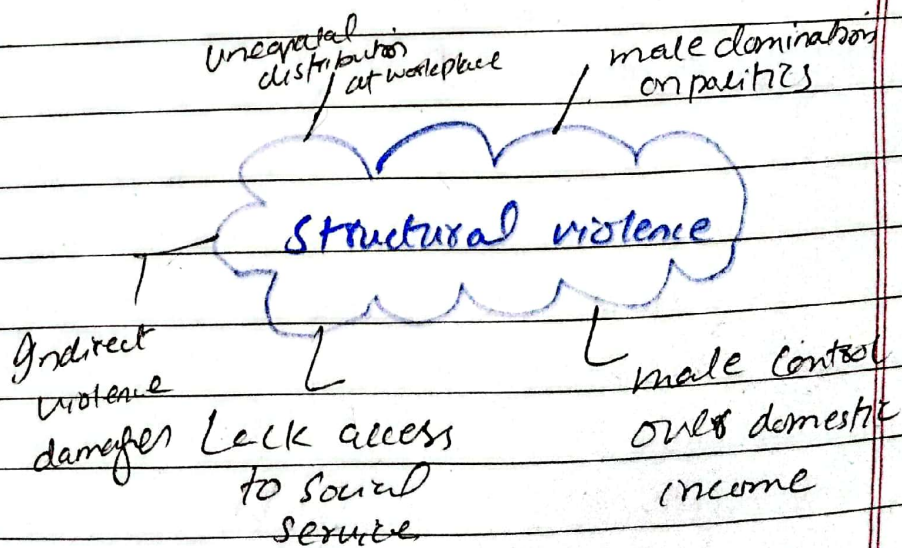
Women are also facing physical and sexual assault at

home and outside - Farzana Bari in ~~has~~ writes that 1 out of 3 women experience physical or sexual attack in Pakistan.

iii) Sexual harassment

Sexual harassment is also one of the forms of direct violence. Women are harassed at work place, offices and markets. They are facing sexual harassment at every where. In 2018, 800 cases are reported in Punjab. Thus, women are not safe in Pakistan at outside.

iv) Structural Violence



i) Male domination on politics
Women are not only facing

Personal violence but also indirect violence. Due to male dominated society, women are not allowed to participate in politics. There are a less number of seats are reserved for women in Parliament as compare to men. Thus, women are facing violence in political sphere too.

ii) Male control over domestic income

Women are devoid of domestic income because of patriarchal society. Although women earns herself, she has no say in her incomes.

male control over domestic income is also one of the structural violence. Thus, women are subordinate to men in every sphere of life.

iii) Unequal distribution at workplace

Women are also suffering unequal distribution at workplace. Women participation at workplace is around 24%.