

Q.3
Ans.:

Introduction

The development of any country is interlinked with its governance. Good governance not only helps a country in managing the resources efficiently but also helps in the country's socio-economic and the political development. The practicality of this good governance can be easily seen in different part of the world. In this region, we have a example of "Kerala Model". Kerala model is just a visionary which gives the countries an insight over of effective and efficient governing policies. "Newzealand" is another example of good governing model. According to Transparency International Corruption perception Index 2022, Newzealand is the high

participatory country in the
transparency

— Key indicators of —
good governance

→ participation ←

participation is one of the most basic features of a good governance. That means governance requires participation of everyone to operate fully. In the a good governance model, there should must be a **cohesion**, that is a social cohesion along with **mutual consensus**. There is a great example of a **European Union** which depicts these very features by confirming their participation.

3 Rule of Law

If there is no rule of law there would be a no governance. Rule of law provides the country a basis of good governance. Rule of law ensures the basic fundamental rights of all citizen. Like **The constitution of Pakistan** ensures fundamental rights of its citizen in Chapter I, Article 2 to 28.

3 Efficiency

Efficiency is the very prominent feature of the good governance. For resource management and their allocation, efficiency is required. Efficiency needs in things like **policy making, policy analysis, allocation etc.** resources

→ Transparency ←

For the work done in a given timeline, Transparency is required. And Transparency only comes by the way of **Accountability** **Checks & balances** made process of transparency clear.

→ Accountability ←

While discussing transparency, accountability comes along the way.

According to **Jassonkotte** who wrote in his article in 2012 that

“An inclusive state give everyone opportunity to access resources”. This would only happen when there is a accountability in the system of governance.

Responsiveness

If the institutions are more responsive towards their duties and the society, the system would run more smoothly. Like in Pakistan, the active and timely responses of the organizations under the government has always been done by the respective institutions.

National Disaster Management System is one of the examples which respond in any case of calamity (Natural) with its true potential.

Inefficiencies of good Governance Indicators in Pakistan

- * Lack of mutual consensus among key stakeholders lead to low participation

There is a huge problem of mutual consensus

whole policy analysis.

The Sanctionary machinery of the state often got break down in its various part because of lack of consensus. And one of the major reason in this regard is maybe a short government tenure & lack of interest in public-centric reforms. As most of the officials stuck in different problems.

presence of non-state actors undermine the rule of law

Since 9/11 Pakistan has got hit by the attacks of terrorists. Pakistan fought with the evils with its full potential and successfully undermine Terrorism in the country. However, in recent time along with economic and political grievances,

Corruption hinders the country's very Capable system. TTP } only this year in 2023 only has projected many attacks including the state institutions.

* **Lack of Checks & balances over Institutions undermining the process of transparency and Accountability**

According to the critics of Plato ideal state system absolute authority makes ruler corrupt. By this mean, there must be a system of checks and balances over the state institutions and public policies in order to ensure the transparency and the accountability. For instance. According to corruption perception index 2022 Pakistan ranks 140 out of 180 nations in corrupt practices. The only reason

for that is the absence of checks over the system.

* Lack of Infrastructure and available resources often a reason for the irresponsiveness and inefficiency.

The country is currently facing a huge economic downturn. Where socio-political problems are accompanied by it. Most of the time the institutions are unable to respond and the reason is not their capability rather it is the lack of available resources and infrastructure.

Conclusion

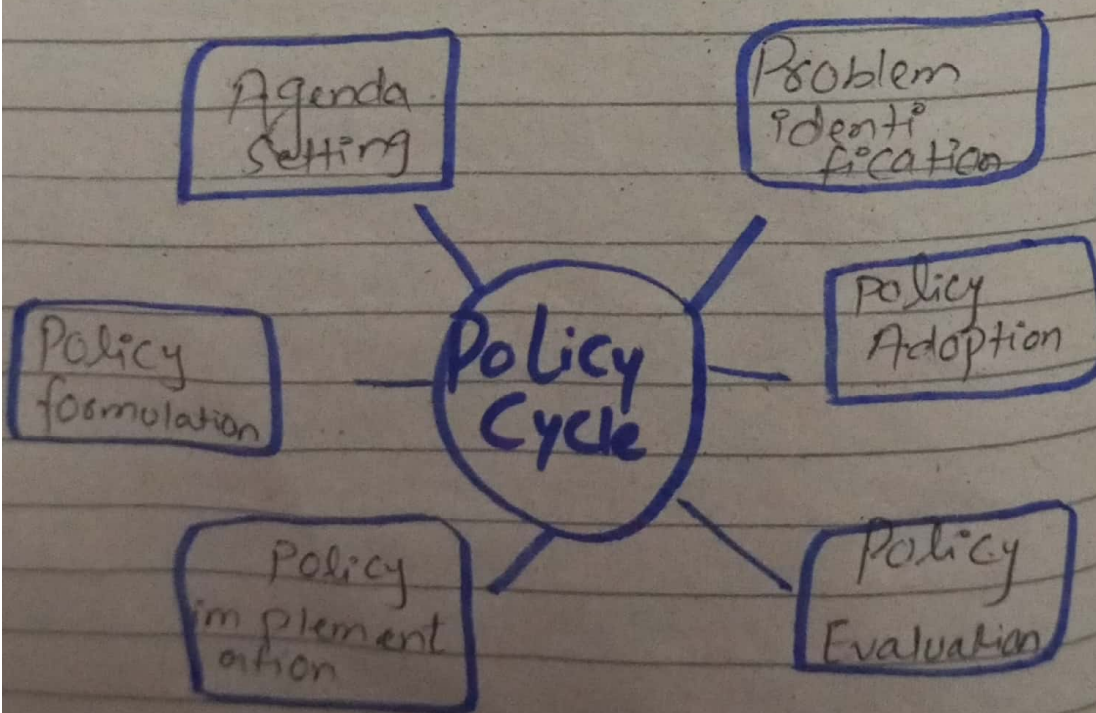
Good governance is a by product of the factors like efficiency, transparency, accountability, responsiveness etc. However,

all of them are join hand
in the completion of
programs. They all together
work to made model
of food governance. Pakistan
is an developing country
however striving hard
for the betterment of
its position, along with
facing threats from
economic down turn and
socio-political factors.

Q: Ans

Introduction

Planning is not happens in a single thing. There are various components of the planning. From problem identification to the policy evaluation each single step has its own value and gauge for the action. **Policy implementation** is the a fundamental part of the a 'policy cycle'.



Concept of Policy Implementation in Pakistan

An entangled process in a policy cycle

The policy implementation in a country requires to follow various steps from enacting a bill to the grass root level. For instance to pass a bill from a National Assembly of Pakistan according to the Constitution of Pakistan it requires a simple majority of $\frac{1}{3}$. But it is not that much simple at all, as the bill often never pass due to the vested interests of the politicians who stands opposite. We there is a example of "Kala Bagh DAM".

Top to Bottom & Bottom up approaches

These are most of the policies which needs top to bottom approach in the process of implementation for instance.

"State Bank of Pakistan gives policy rates to all the commercial banks in a country"

Similarly,

"Federal Board of Revenue responsible for the tax collection is

a kind of bottom up approach or a hybrid.

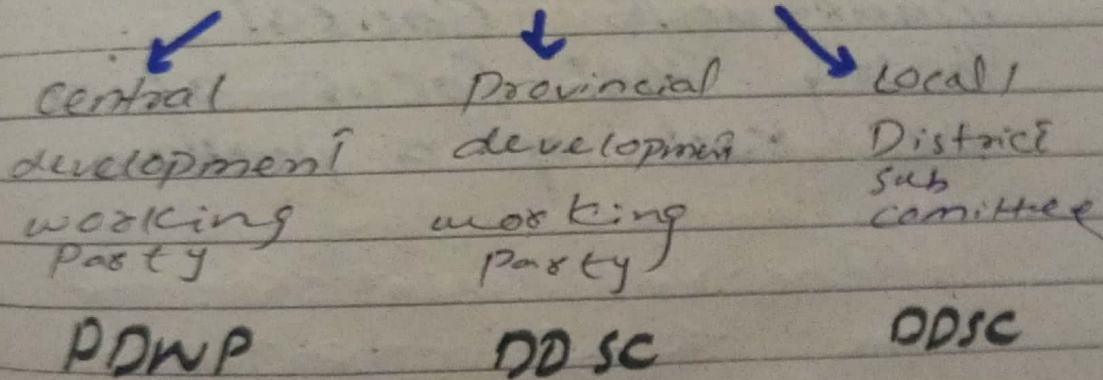
Separate Organizations work under respective institutions

In Pakistan, there is a 'Planning Commission'

work under the ministry
of planning and Development
division.

The planning Commission
has organized system
for policy implementation
divides on three levels.
Including

Planning Commission Sanctioning bodies



Challenges In Policy Implementation in Pakistan

Inconsistent Objectives

The problem identification
is one of the major
issue most of the time
policy makers are unable

to deliver and the
reason mostly is the
prioritization of goals.
for instance in Pakistan

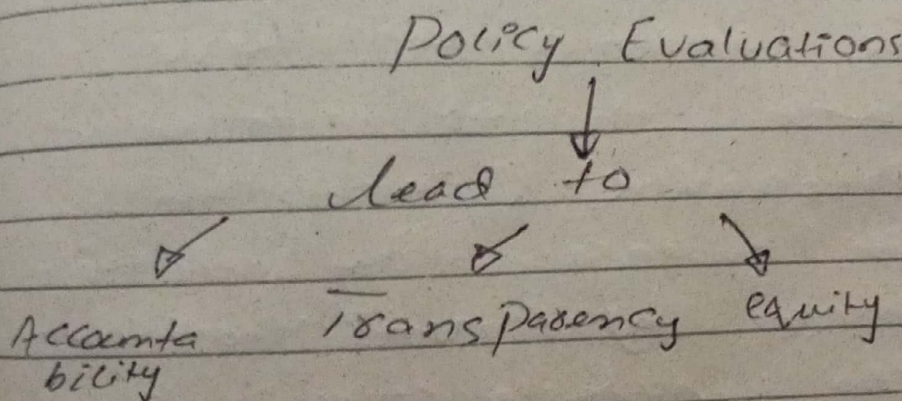
"Poverty Alleviation" should
be the top priority
as according to the
Global Hunger Index 2022,
Pakistan ranked 99
out of 121 countries.

**Inadequate Causal
theory that focus of over
the root of a problem**

It happens most of the
time that policy
analysis lacking with the
fundamental feature of
public policy.
Pakistan has been with
billions of losses and
damage in the unprecedented
flood last year, where
now people not only
requires shelter but
also the proper

built Climate resilient
featured one.
Lack of
Policy evaluation on
a regular interval

Policy evaluation is not
the last step of a
policy cycle rather it
requires on every step
of policy cycle.



Unavailability of funds
for running the projects

This is always the a
huge obstacle in a
way of implementation.
Many education and health
related programs get stucked
because of funds unavailability.

Lack of political will hinders the implementation

"Kala Bagh Dam" is one of the major examples of lack of political will in the implementation of the public policy.

Lack of Infrastructure and FDI

The absence of these two things is quite problematic. Pakistan is having low foreign direct investment ultimately low infrastructure that hinders the inherent capacity of a country.

According to Economic Survey of Pakistan 2022-2023 the country's FDI drops to, **23.2%**.

Recommendations for effective implementation Strategy

proper planning and
evaluation mechanism

This system should
must be introduced
to work in a
true spirit.

"System of checks and
updated reports are
required"

Encourage and motivate
foreign investors

The countries with
good economic condition,
especially attract the new
source of investment. like
Denmark, Italy, South Africa,
Singapore, Vietnam etc.

Oblige politicians and
interest groups to abide
by the law & build mutual
consensus

NO one is above the

the law. And when there is a matter of public interest, every body should has to make their role

Conclusion

Policy implementation is the integral phenomenon of public policy. However, in Pakistan is not working in a proper manner. It needs to adhere and required mutual and strong consensus to take pragmatic approach. Along with it, implementation requires the subsidiarity principle an accordance with the law.