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(Q2)

Introduction:

Good Governance is essential for the effective sustainable development and a better quality of life for all. Pakistan has made some progress in improving governance in recent years but it still face challenges.

1) Participation:-

Participation is the involvement of citizens in decision-making processes. It can be direct through voting and other form of civic engagement. It can be indirect through representation by elected officials. Participation in political and public life is low in Pakistan, due to poverty, illiteracy and cultural barriers. For example every year turnout of public engagement is low. Participation is important because it ensures that government is responsive to the

need of the people

2) Rule of law:-

The rule of law is the principle that everyone is subject to the law including the government. In Pakistan, the rule of law has been undermined by issues such as corruption, slow judicial process and influence of powerful individuals or groups in legal process. This can erode trust from the justice system.

3) Transparency:-

Transparency is the disclosure of information to the public. It is important for building trust between the government and the people and for holding the government accountable. Pakistan has struggle with transparency particularly in areas like public finances and procurement. They cause corruption and reduced public trust in the government.

4) Accountability:-

Accountability is the obligation of the government to answer for its actions to the public. Pakistan has faced challenges in holding officials accountable for corruption and human right abuses. Weak enforcement mechanism and political influence can shield those in power from consequences.

5) Responsiveness:-

Responsiveness is the ability of the government to respond to the needs of the people in a timely and effective manner. In Pakistan, responsiveness has been hindered by bureaucratic inefficiencies, red tape and lack of coordination among government institutions. These issues can result in slow response times to crisis and citizen needs. It is important for building trust between the government and the people and ensuring that the government meets its obligations.

to the people.

6) Efficiency:-

Efficiency is the ability of the government to achieve its goals with the least amount of resources.

Pakistan has faced issues related to government inefficiency including a bloated public sector, misallocation of resources, and inadequate service delivery in sectors like healthcare and education.

Conclusion:-

In a conclusion, Pakistan has made effort to governance. It is necessary to Pakistan to improve their governance system to achieve sustainable development and a better quality of life for all. The government needs to take steps to promote participation, uphold rule & law, increase transparency, improve accountability.

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Introduction:

A framework for public policy analysis uses a systematic technique to review, evaluate and suggest changes to public policies. A framework of this type often include a number of essential element

Comprehensive Public Policy Analysis Framework

1) Policy Identification:

The first step in any public policy analysis is to clearly identify the problem that the policy is intended to address. This involves identifying the root causes of the problem, its impacts on stakeholder and the desired outcomes of the policy.

2) Policy Formulation:

It creates precise policy objectives and goals that are line with resolving the noted issue. Investigate

and evaluate numerous policy possibilities. It considers the possible effect, advantages and disadvantages of each policy choice such as interested policies, professionals in the formulation of policy.

3) Policy Implementation:-

It determine the government entities, organization or agencies in charge of carrying out policy. This allocate the resources financial and human that are required for successful implementation. It create a through implementation strategy that includes deadlines checkpoints and performance measures.

4) Policy Monitoring:-

The establishment of a robust monitoring and evaluate system to track the progress of policy implementation. The collection of data and evidence to assess intended of policy.

5) Policy Evaluation:-

It conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the policy's impact effectiveness and efficiency. It compare the actual outcome with the intended objectives and goals.

Applying the Framework to a Specific policy issue

i) Policy issue :- Climate Change

ii) Policy Identification:-

Climate change is a serious threat to the environment and human well-being. It is caused by the release of greenhouse gases into the atmosphere.

iii) Policy Formulation:-

The policy formulation is through reducing greenhouse gas emissions and adapting to the impact of climate change.

iv) Policy Evaluation:-

An evaluation plan for climate change

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policy would need to track progress toward meeting emission reduction target and assess the effectiveness of adaptation measures.

Conclusion:-

The public policy framework is a helpful tool for developing and evaluating ~~process to~~ policies to address complex problems such as climate change.