

No: _____

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Q: 01

Synonyms:

- i. Morose → Sulky
- ii. Petrify → bewilder
- iii. Extirpate → eradicate
- iv. Ludicrous → absurd
- v. Elucidate → Clarify
- vi. Nonchalant → meditative
- vii. Prevaricate → equivocate
- viii. Archetype → prototype
- ix. Besmirch → defile
- x. Quash → Suppress.

Antonym

- i. Bellicose → Benign
- ii. Ascetic → magnanimous
- iii. Prevaricate → veracity
- iv. ~~By~~ Tranquil → perturbed
- v. Asserate → gainsay
- vi. Temerity → circumspection
- vii. Zealous → perfunctory
- viii. Banal → culmination
- ix. Immaculate → Sullied
- x. Avarice → berate.

Q.02 Precis

Occupy Wall Street Movement: Nuanced insights into group dynamics.

Groups define us, shaping our social identity and values. They foster shared beliefs, vital for societal structure and personal connections. The three sociological perspectives - Functionalist, Conflict, and Interactionist - are better understood through analyzing the Occupy Wall Street Movement. Functionalist perspective, a macro-level view seeing society as a balanced system, studies interconnected roles and societal harmony.

Examining the Movement, a Functionalist scrutinizes macro-level impacts like fostering economic awareness and influencing urban dynamics. Conflict perspective, another macroanalytical view, scrutinizes inequality's origins. Conflict theorists analyze the movement, exploring business manipulation leading to today's gross inequality and a potential two-class system reminiscent of Marxist ideas. Symbolic Interactionist perspective, a micro-level view, examines day-to-day interactions, focusing on leadership style and dynamics. In the Movement, interactionists explore group dynamics, questioning various between cities and exploring factors influencing de facto leadership.

Original text = 372 words
 Preci s = 184 words.

Q:- 03 Comprehension:

(i) Globalization is a process of urbanization. As the world becomes more interconnected on a global scale, the ordering of social functions is increasingly influenced by the construction and growth of cities. Therefore, the expansion of urban settlements and the development of cities play a significant role in shaping the globalized nature of societies.

(ii) External nature is termed "Cathedrals of the modern world" to signify its sacred, untouched quality in contrast to the hyper-industrialized urban life. This phrase reflects the ideological dualism perpetuated through media, portraying nature as both romanticized and commodified.

(iii) Advertising has led to the commodification of the tangible and the intangible (such as culture). Culture has been progressively more commodified as a result of advertising.

(iv) Cities serve as tangible expressions of human cultural invention, embodying our collective will and shaping societal functions within constructed spaces. They reflect the intricate interplay between humans, their urban environments, and the cultural narratives they cultivate.

(v) Humans create culture by shaping their societal functions through the constructions of cities and the physical environment, connecting infrastructure with knowledge and power. The built environment, even in urban spaces, becomes a medium for cultural invention.

Q. 4 Connections

- (i) I fed all of her fish, then cleaned their tank
- (ii) I can hardly believe what she said.
- (iii) I went for a walk because I ate dinner.
- (iv) We all ate fish and then had dessert.
- (v) It's the team's first win this season.

Q. 5 Idioms.

- (i) to push to the walls:
The mortgage payments for the new house really pushed Ali to the walls.
- (ii) to read between the lines:
When negotiating the contract, it's crucial to read between the lines to understand the hidden clauses.
- (iii) at daggers drawn:
The political rivals were at daggers drawn, exchanging heated words during the debate.
- (iv) from the horse's mouth:
The journalist always strives to get the information from the horse's mouth for accurate reporting.
- (v) to carry the cross:
Facing criticism is ~~the~~ part of the job, and politicians must be prepared to carry the cross of public scrutiny.

- B. ① Collusion: The executives were accused of collusion, secretly conspiring to market prices for gain.
Collision: The sudden collision between the skate boarder and the cyclist startled bystanders, but fortunately, both escaped with minor injuries.
- ② Delusion: Despite the overwhelming evidence to the contrary, his unwavering belief in the conspiracy theory showcased the power of delusion in shaping one's perception of reality.
Illusion: The grandeur of the ancient ruins was heightened by the mist, creating an illusion of a mystical city suspended in the clouds.
- ③ Hoard: The explorer discovered a hidden hoard of ancient treasures buried deep within the cave.
Horde: As the horde of tourists descended upon the popular attraction, the once tranquil site became a bustling and crowded place.
- ④ Persecute: The authoritarian regime continued to persecute individuals who spoke out against its policies, suppressing dissent.
Prosecute: The legal system decided to prosecute the suspect for embezzlement, ensuring that justice would be served through a fair trial.
- ⑤ Respectfully: Each team member presented their findings, and their opinions were respectfully considered during the collaborative decision-making process.
Respectively: The research findings were presented, and the conclusions drawn were discussed and critiqued respectively by the academic panel.

Q:-06 Indirect Speech.

In response to Helen's inquiry about John, Mr. West informed her that John has left the company. When asked about the reason, he explained that John had requested a raise, which he had turned down due to John's perceived laziness. Helen inquired if John has found a new job, and Mr. West confirmed that he is now working in a film company. ~~As~~ Answering her question about John's salary, Mr. West mentioned that he believed John earned a substantial amount. She asked whether John was happy with his new job, to which Mr. West replied that he had no idea.

Q:-7 Translation:

In the history of three hundred thousand years, man has accomplished two feats that distinguish him from other creatures. One is the invention of language, and the other is the evolution of law. Law is a human creation that maintains order in the society and people are held responsible for their actions. Even if you are just sitting at home drinking tea, some law will apply to you; legally, you will be bound to pay the bill to the government for the gas \$ you used to make tea. As soon as we go out, a series of laws start applying to us unknowingly, and we actually consider ourselves under the shadow of these laws, but we do not realize this.