

General Instructions

- Pakistan's sustainable economic recovery is not linked with foreign aid but with its political stability. Discuss.
1. Give numbering to headings
 2. Do not write lengthy paragraphs. Write medium sized paragraphs with headings.
 3. There should be around 15 headings for 20 marks question.
 4. Draw figures/diagram/flowchart where needed.
 5. Start new question from fresh page.
 6. Each answer should start with Introduction and end with Conclusion.
 7. Give more weightage to expressly asked part/s of the question.
 8. Change colour scheme for references to give them more visibility.
 9. Manage time well.
 10. Wide page borders are discouraged. Should be reasonable.
 11. Avoid writing wrong references.
- Introduction:
Pakistan will move towards the path of progress. The political stability will be a turning point for sustainable economic recovery. Since its inception, Pakistan has been facing the political turmoil in the country. Pakistan had been ruled by ^{dictators} as well as civilians politicians, elected by the people. However, Pakistan received the aid during the era of different rulers. The foreign aid received by Pakistan helped to boost up Pakistan's economy and also the GDP increased. Although Pakistan was unable to ~~retain~~ ^{retain} its economy and its economy never became sustainable for a longer period of time. The major problem has ^{been} the political instability in our country. Thus, to get back its economy on track and the political stability will play a vital role for sustainable economic recovery. In other words, The political stability of a country is directly linked with the sustainable economic recovery.

You can give subheadings for these paragraphs

Day: _____

When ^{did} Pakistan ^{receive} get Foreign Aid?

Pakistan had received Foreign aid multiple times. Pakistan had received aid during Zia period as well as during Musharraf period. Millions of dollars received by Pakistan and Pakistan's GDP grow by 7-percents. But when the era of these rulers ends, Pakistan didn't get any foreign aid and economy of our country continue to paralysed. The economic condition of our country became deteriorated after seeing the sharp rise of economy for a shorter period of time.

During the natural calamities and disasters, Pakistan had received aid. In 2010, the earthquake turned everything into rubble and in 2019-2020, our country is hit by the COVID-19 pandemic. Everything was ~~shutdown~~ closed including Business, industries. Pakistan at that time had to pay the debt and we paid off debt by giving lame excuses of COVID-19. Fortunately, the countries, whom we had to pay the debt, absolve the debt. Along with that we get the foreign aid.

In 2023, due to flood, our economy suffered alot. The country's situation was getting worse day by day. Again we got I.M.F loan to stabilize the country. In return, we had to meet the conditions of I.M.F. Although our country was on the verge of default.

but by getting loan, Now Pakistan on the bank of the river, the government deal with I.M.F saved Pakistan from default.

How Pakistan's Sustainable economy is linked with Political stability?

If we critically analyze the situation, we find that Pakistan had received foreign aid and economically did progress but for shorter period of time Pakistan needs long-term policies that is only possible with the political stability. If the country is political sustainable, then government would make long-term policies, will act according to it, as a result our economy will be sustainable.

The government would take certain steps to make the economy sustainable. The certain acts/policies are given below. ~~that~~ By taking certain steps, only government would lead the country towards economic sustainability.

3) Tax Collection:-

When there will be political stability. The government focus will be to work for the welfare of the state. It will make policies to collect tax. By collecting tax, the revenue will generate. Government

would use that revenues for the benefit of the state that will lead a country towards economic stability.

c) Spending on Education

When governments has would have revenues, it will allocate 4% of the GDP for the education. By spending on education, children will grow and be able to use technology and will develop the skills. The youth is the essence that can work for the betterment of the society / state. As a result, they will work for our country and indirectly our economy would be prosperous.

d) Spending on Health sector

Government from ~~has~~ its revenues ^{would} spend 7% of the GDP ~~for~~ on health sector. People would be in a better condition. And will work for the country. Thus, our economy will be boost-up. Good healthy person will use their energy to work with states and economy will be recover in that way.

e) Government focus or ~~first~~ priority will be only state.

Due to political stability the government primary focus will be the state and its people.

Government will focus on people's needs and would try to resolve their problem then would work for the people by spending on them creating jobs for them. In result, poverty would alleviate. Now 10 million people are living below poverty line. After getting jobs, ~~a poverty~~ more people would be above the poverty line.

(e)

Spending on Agriculture

Government would give funds to the farmers. As farmers will invest in agriculture sector, more exports will rise. As a result, exports would increase the GDP of our country. Government would give subsidies to the farmers and will provide the technology in agriculture sector. Our agriculture sector will grow rapidly. It means our economy will grow.

Critically Analyze -

Foreign aid helps the country for a shorter period of time. Economy of our country grows rapidly but for a shorter period of time. And again after some period, people of Pakistan faced the same situation that is worse. Due to this ^{deteriorated} situation, many people have been

leaving the country. First of all political stability is necessary. If there will be no political stability, then rulers of the country wouldn't focus on the internal problems of the country but will try to arouse emotional sentiments in people to save their regimes. But if the political stability prevails, the focus of the government will be state and its people. The problems of people would resolve first. Government would ~~grow~~ generate revenues, make such policies that would help to generate revenues and then invest more GDP percent in different sectors of the state and in this way the country internally would be strengthened and economy of our country will be stable.

Conclusion

To wrap up, the long-term economic policies of a political stable government would lead a country towards sustainable economic progress while foreign aid is not linked with the economic stability of a country as it, by the economy declines when foreign aid stops by any country.

It was Iqbal, not Quaid e Azam.

The History of Muslim Nationalism underwent a subtle change after the Allahabad Address of 1930. Discuss how it helped in popularizing the idea of a separate Muslim state

Introduction:-

At the Allahabad, Quaid-e-Azam Address the nation in 1930. He delivered the speech about separate nation that turned into reality. The Pakistan movement gained impulse after the address of Quaid-e-Azam at Allahabad. Furthermore, in 1906 the All India Muslim League was formed that worked for the Muslims, and helped the Muslim people to form their homeland. However, after the speech of 1930, different writers by writing literature and opening school, give awareness to the people, as Allahabad Address ignited the sparkling wishes of the people of having separate homeland. So, by struggling finally Muslims got their separate land which came into being on 14 Aug, 1947.

In all-India Muslim/ Subcontinent, different schools were established. English Language was introduced and neglected the Arabic, Turkish language. People were getting education of history and English. There

was no Madrasas for Muslims and even they didn't have sayings in the administrative work. Muslims leaders felt the need to have their own homeland.

In 1930, Quaid-e Azam at Allahabad delivered the speech that Muslims and Hindus are separate. They have separate culture, language, religion, and we can't be one nation. There is diversity among Muslims and Hindus. To practise the Islam, we need to have ~~their~~ ^{our} homeland where we can perform the teachings of Islam, where we can live freely.

This address of Quaid-e-Azam ^{had} given awareness to the people and became a pulse to ignite the sparkling ~~need~~ ^{wish} of having separate homeland. After this inspired Ahmed Khan visited different cities of sub-continent and after returning from the visit, he established schools and colleges for the Muslims and wrote literature to ~~give~~ spread awareness regarding education and told people that English learning is important to ~~go~~ recruit in civil services and to be equal to the Britishers and Indians.

Due to the efforts of Muslim leaders, Muslims started taking admission in colleges and in schools. People of Muslims of Sub-Continent felt the need to form their separate homeland. Muslims of all-India Muslim sub-continent demanded that Muslim majority provinces should ~~make~~ ~~give~~ their be given the name of state of Muslims. It means Muslim-majority provinces should given title of Pakistan.

The Lahore resolution was passed on 1940, that was the result of Pakistan movement. In Pakistan movement, the minority Muslim states wanted their separate land. The province of Punjab, Sindh, Balochistan, North Frontier was given the name of Pakistan and all these efforts Pakistan came into being on 14 Aug, 1947.

Critically Analyzes

Hindus and Muslims had separate/different religion, culture, language. But Muslim leaders felt this and give awareness to Muslim people that they need to have their home where they can freely practice their Islamic teachings. After addressing to the ~~people~~ ^{Muslims} people, They also felt the need. The Allahabad

address opened the eyes of Muslims of all-India Muslim sub-continent. Different writers awoke the Muslims through literature. As a result they struggled to gain independence from British rule.

Conclusion:

To wrap up, Pakistan movement was run to gain independence. In this movement the Allahabad address played a significant role to stimulate the movement by spreading awareness of need to have their land. So, after struggle, the ~~land of dream~~ of separate land turned into reality on 14 August, 1997.