Day / Date	
	Essay Mack
3)	Imbalance of energy mix in Pakislan and its consequences.
	Outline
D	Introduction Thesis Statement: Pakistan continues to suffer from
	persistent energy crisis years of neglect and apathetic altitude towards the energy sector has
	OVICE WILL TO THE TOTAL OF THE
	contributing to the current pright of the country
	veforms and stern policies, the shipwrecked
ne head i figs	country an be steered to safer shoves. Why is there an imbalance of energy mix
nge the 2nd to overview nergy mix	is Pakistan.
3	Major factors that have led be an imbalance of energy in Pakistan, represented means of
	Heavy reliance of hori- reliander
	generating energy b) Kick backs and commissions on imported hydrocarbons Keeps government from switching over to renountle sources commissions the energy sector.
	Keeps government from switching over to retuited of the chargy sector. (a) Government's apathy towards the energy sector. (a) Long-term agreements with Independent power.
	Long-term agreements with Independent former with Superior
	and of aminous that
	can superintend the transition from non-venerable to renovable energy sources. Maxim

him an edge over his counterpart led him to was his per eventually win quality persistent hard work. Pakistan is blessed immense intellectual country's lack of commit have : coused of global superiority that can gra ppline heavy veliance on energy vesources, prevalent corruption, properly overview and brain dra your outline why from energ miz However, by introducing stern policies, the shipwiecked be steered to safer shoves energy mix refers to a of energy p towards one source. In con sources whove are disproportionately skewed Pakistan, the probl problem non-venewable on

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This does not corresponds with the respective heading in the

producing power, offine pically involving hydrocarbo natural gas. Balanced energy mix, on the other hand, to generate electricity. This can involve both renewable and non-venewable

One of the critical, if not the most cyucial, veasons for such an imbalance energy mix lies in Pakistan's over-dependence on non-venewable means of producing power. Contrary to other advancing contries, pakistan remains adamant on solely relying on such antiquated sources of energy production.

Many countries, regional and global, ha rightly understood the significance of a sustainable production mechanism for a prosperous future, and in doing so have completely vevamped their system to derive energy from an eclectic mix of sources Regrettably, the situation in Pakistan is quite different. Reinforcing the thought, International Trade Administration indicates that Pakistan produces 63% of energy from fossil fuels. These stats underscore the flaws Pakistan's production sector, and serves as a clarion call for improvement.

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Directly address the argument in the topic sentence the the anyone accustomed the pervasive corruption should Pakistan, and personalities of such s such stature have repeatedly beracused : of For people of such ilk, their agriyan disement first, even at the cost comes country's interests (ceaseless corruption ands stymied the Kick backs have also sector Many ministers, for their and pilferage, want the country to countries foveign hydrocarbons the veliance on former primeminister of the country, shahid was also accused of committing multi billionrupee corruption import contract, [Dawn News, 2019]. This the fact that interests of few individual of the entire interest will outweigh the natioy-

The dilapidation of the energy sector can att also be ascribed to the apathatic attitude of govern governments in fixing the issue for many decades, the energy production sector has been ignored, landing to its eventual enfectblement. The growing energy related crisis should have served

as a wake up call for change,
the ruling elite remained heedless. The Day / Date for change, but current energy sector is inefficient and grappled with many problems. The limelight of such governments is to initiate frivolous but tangible projects that can be highlighted during their election campaigns. Since I vanishioning to diverse and sustainable energy sources browns little attention of public, such significant truks are reversed Profil by Pakistan Today indivites relate this congression tasks are ignored-Profit by Pakistan Today indicates
that, in the fiscal year 22-23, the government
allocated 75 billion for power sector subsidies. Such immense allocation of subsidies reflects
The government's intention of fizeing the matter temporarily through cosmotic measures and measures the coming government to the long-term careless agreements with Independent power producers have also married the energy production capacity of the country.

Little Such contracts might seem invituous, but have a profound becaring on power generation It means that IPPs can continue with the antiquated means of energy production with Immunity. The government loses its perovogative to Maxim

mix imbalance

demand IPB to update the production means unless the contract expires and weds to be renewed. More over, the agreements stipulate that the government of these IPB, meaning government has to pay them invespective of whether they produce electricity or not. This is compared amoning indictment of the government's incautious spending of the people's hard earned money.

The ineptitude of the power sector can also be attributed to the prevailing brain drain crisis engulfing the country. Most of the talented and skillfull individuals have no Left but their employment endeavors abroad owing to the country's subpar and emaciated private sector that cannot provide for them. Consequently, most of the skilled professional leave recountry, which further contributes to the plight According DW news, around 200, 000 left Pakistan in the first 3 months of 2023, trends showing no signs abating. This excours of the country's Maxim

pad underscoves growing professional's of appable scarcity coun super intend emory production the form alobable Such - counterparts globally. Such a vital sector dive vepercussions for the which are not solely circumscribed to energy related crisis but span economic dimension aswell. Over-dependence on hydrocorbons to energy has immensely contri country's current account bydrocarbons from abroad International Trade Administration indicates that meet its energy demands. This underscoves the urgent need to address this issue for it allieviate the economic strain. Leftert Another consequence of having an imbalance in energy mix is that it invariably leads to shortage in energy production which, in turn, induces energy crisis. Deriving Maxim.

a major chunck of energy need from one source is always visky, in partirular when the source pivots on a country's imports.

Any fluctuation of overlay in imports and have dive vamifications. The experience of Europe serves as an excellent example. Who, in the walk of Russian invasion of Ukvaine and subsequent santions, have to deal with serious repercussions owing to Russia.'S halt of gas supply. This serves as an impetus for many countries like Pakistan to conceive self-sustaining power generation means.

Much like how narrow-range of energy sources can cause energy crisis, it can also make a country's economic outlook susceptible to global trends. This is because if a country's energy sector is intervoven with global supply chains, the slightest disruption can impair the energy production. International Monetary Fund indicates that, in the afternath of Russian invasion of ukvaine, severe disruptions in the hydrocarbon supply chain were witnessed, which drastically amplified inflation in many countries that heavily relied on GCC's

Day / Date

that hydrocarbons for energy production. This reinforces the belief that depending on external resources for hydrocarbon can make the power production sector more volatile.

Another major impact attributed to imbalance of energy mix, especially if energy source is dispropotionately skewed towards nonrenewable means of production, is pollution. There is remains no ambivalence that one of the major causes of pollution is the burning of fossil fuels. The rationale behind this is that fossil Heat velease Nitrogen gas when burned, which leads to the formation of smog and acid vain : Science Direct indicates that Pakistan velies on fossil fuel burning to meet almost 8 4% of its energy demands. Such extensive use of fossil fuels have permeated pollution to most parts of the country with notable cities like Lahove ranked the most polluted in the world such pervasive pollution gives all the move reason to switch to more environment friendly ways of producing Dower.

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Extensive use of fossil fuels can also deplete the natural vesources of a country Natural vesources take centuries to form and, if not used wisely, can without away. A country that does not invest in alternative power generation methods and solely depends on its mernods and solely depends on its

natural vescurces is bound to face problem:

Ministry of Planning Development L. special

9 nitiatives expressed concern over the depleting

local gas reserves which have fallen to

20, 951 Cft. The swift decline in the

9 as reserves underscore the severity of

the issue and serves as an impetus

for the country to revamp its belleaguered

production sector. production sector.

The embaciated energy production sector, albeit in a plight, can be ameliovated if robust actions are taken. One way to address the plight is through investing in the sector. As aforementioned, it took years of neglect to cause such to allocate adequate funds for the sector inorder to recomp it. Dawn New 2023, draws attention to mammoth

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subsidies atto worth over 181 trn for the energy sector for fixed year 23-24. However, these subsidies are a vather cosmetic maasure aimed for a temperary solution which would only add to the problem in the coming years The governments of Pakistan have committed horvendous, blunders in formalising producers. The current predicament of the country's dilapidates power sector should and will serve as a stimulus for the government to revisit these contracts. The government should practice utmost circumspection in reading all the terms, evadicating possible loopholes that might pose challenge for the country in the lover term.

Moveover, the contracts should be amended and should explicitly mention that all payment will be made in Pakistani Rupees. Brain drain, as mentioned earlier, is another problem for the country. The dearth of professionals make it all the more harder to pursue yesorms or making lawge-scale changes. The Evagile state of the economy and the regressed private sociol vepet expert.

The economy of the country would take a long time to stabilise but the government can embellish the ay package of experts in a bid may package of experts in vepatriation.

Such experts can directly work with the government, weigh in on any purposed reforms, and superintend mega - scale projects

Given the fragile state of the production sector, it is imperative that the country seeks foreign collaborations. Any investments in the renewable power projects can not only be fruitful for Pakistan by can yeild luxualive returns for the investor. The government should also try and embellish the energy sector by providing incentives, and removing unnecessary hundes in order to make the environment of the power stimulating such collaborations the deteriorating condition of the power

sector can be miligated. Diversification is energy production methods can go a long way in yidding Pakistan from imbalances in the power sector. The government need to introduce variety of energy sources to create a move balanced and resilient energy mix. This can include incorporating renewalk sources such as solar, wind, and hydro. Moreover the amalgamation of these such electic range of energy producing methods can forge heightened synergy that can address the power related woes of the country. On a nutshell, Pakistan is grappling with a plethova of energy-velated problems. These challenges can have a very detrimental affect on the country, with consequence spanning energy, economic, and political dimensions. Years of neglect and seeking ve fuge in a solitary means of energy representation has vendered the power sector in effective. This might seem like a dawn ting task but with meticulously designed veforms, aimed at addressing the

	Category	Total marks	Obtained marks
	Qualitative analysis	10	3
Content	Quantitative analysis	10	2
	Validity & Reliability	10	2
	Relevance	10	3
	Sentence structure	5	2
Language	Vocabulary	5	1
	Clarity	5	2
	Command of language	5	2
	Expression	5	1
	Outline	5	2
Structure	Introduction	5	1
	Body paragraphs	5	2
	Conclusion	5	2
Coherence	Cohesion	5	2
	Coherence	10	2
		Total	29