

Question 2 - Allahabad Address and the idea of a separate Muslim State

"I would like to see Punjab, NWFP, Sind and Baluchistan amalgamated into a single state. Self-government within the British empire or without, the formation of a consolidated Muslim State appears to me the final destiny of Muslims at least of North India."

[Allama Iqbal in his Allahabad Address, 1930]

The Allahabad address is by far the most important event that helped promote the idea of a separate Muslim state for the Muslims of subcontinent. It proposed long-term solutions that became the foundation for the Pakistan movement. Iqbal advocated for a self-government of Muslims and their adequate representation in state affairs.

I A Separate territory for Muslims as a nation

Based and emerging from the idea of the Treaty of Westphalia (1648),

Iqbal understood that a separate nation begging for a separate state is no new a concept. In this way, he knew very well how to convince the British of the idea of territorial autonomy for Muslims which he did through the Allahabad address. He said,
"The life of Islam as a cultural force in this country very largely depends on its centralization in a specified territory"

II Emphasised free development that included Muslims, to counter the communal dominance of nationalist-Hindus

Under the unitary government proposed by Hindu nationalist, it would be impossible for Muslims to freely develop, Iqbal understood. Through the Allahabad address, he was able to counter communal dominance of Hindus proliferating and dominating Muslims. So a separate Muslim state was inevitable.

III

Underlined that the problem of India was international and not just national

Through the Allahabad address and its centerpoints Iqbal gathered the attention of the British and highlighted that the issue of the need for a separate Muslim state needed international attention, discussions and a resolution. This led to the subsequent three Round Table Conferences held at London which were significant forums to discuss the status of India and the fate of Muslims under it.



IV

Publicised Muslim's voice and advocacy for a separate nation that was acknowledged by prominent leaders of Pakistan movement

For the first time, the idea of a separate Muslim state in India emerged through Allahabad address. It was a public statement from a representational platform. All the prominent leaders of Pakistan movement, Jinnah and Liaqat Ali Khan acknowledged Iqbal's contribution in popularising the notion of separate Muslim state.

Critical Appraisal & Conclusion

As discussed, Iqbal emphasised in voicing minority rights at his historic Allahabad Address that would ensure that Muslims would not be oppressed or tyrannised in the future by Hindu dominance.

Question 6 - National Integration,
its constituents & how it
can be achieved in Pakistan

National integration is the backbone of any thriving nation that comprises of different groups, identities and ethnicities to be involved in the governance framework. It ensures that everyone, every citizen regardless of their culture, creed, caste or language is equally represented and contributes to the economy. It can be achieved in Pakistan through inclusive institutions, public awareness, promotion of various cultures and statistical representation.

Chief Constituents of National Integration

(i) Equal representation of all provinces and ethnic identities

National integration assures that all provinces are equally present and involved at important institutions regardless of ethnic differences.

(ii) Cultural inclusion and participation in socio-economic sectors

As the constitution of Pakistan

ensures, every citizen has the right to participate in any profession or sector they choose to and are not to be excluded based on regional differences. All citizens, regardless of colour, caste, language and culture, as well as religion are equal before law and state.

(iii) Participation of all nationalities in political affairs and governance
Through national integration, the notion ~~the~~ of anestion the one is Punjabi, Sindhi, Balochi or Pakhtoon is set aside. First and foremost, every citizen is Pakistani and that is what unites them. That should enable all citizens to work collectively for state growth and progress.

(iv) Women constitute an important part of national integration
As, Quaid e Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah said,

“No nation can thrive without its women side by side to men”

women are often considered an unimportant part of national and state affairs. Integration of both genders in the nation is essential for it to be successful and thrive on all fronts.

How National Integration can be achieved in Pakistan

(i) Inclusive Institutions

As underlined in the book 'Why Nations Fail', institutions should not be extractive and discriminatory to one nationality but inclusive. Pakistan can ensure that within each of its institutions there is inclusivity and a sense of "citizenship" that enables a sense of belonging for all people of the country barring aside national differences.

(ii) Public Awareness that ensures unity in diversity

In the age of rapid digital media growth, Pakistan can increase its public awareness regarding national integration through Television social media sites that are effectively monitored

and public campaigns that showcase the beauty of different cultures that are necessary for vibrancy of the nation and diversity is what brings us together. It makes us appreciative of co-existing and brotherhood.

(iii) Statistical representation

Numbers that show how much share a certain group gets in terms of finance or the percentage of political participation can be made more ~~rigorous~~ rigorous and effectively ensured through checks.

(iv) Gender sensitivity programs

It is vital that such programs are conducted throughout the country to break stigmas associated to gender norms.

Critical Appraisal & Conclusion

Pakistan has a long way to achieve most solidified national integration as fragments and fragments deter it from being so; however it has taken proactive steps to achieve it and if it enhances its focus on the

promotion of national integrity,
it will be sure to achieve it
very soon.

Question 7 - Pakistan's sustainable economic recovery, foreign aid, political stability

For decades now, Pakistan has heavily relied on foreign aid to recover its economic issues, but political stability is more important for its redressal.

Political instability in Pakistan has led to various consequences

(i) Detering investments and fluctuating stock exchange

As a result of various rapidly changing political regimes, the stock exchange market has been volatile. This deters investors from coming in the region.

(ii) Hampers Ease of Doing Business

Investment companies are hesitant to ~~make any~~ ^{spend} in the region as Ease of Doing Business is hampered due to changing policies or discontinued ones as a result of political instability.

(iii) Inconsistency in policies

Rampant political instability results in inconsistent policies that are only implemented short-term and significantly impact sustainable economic recovery.

CASE STUDY: MOUs signed between UAE and Pakistan as a result of political stability

~~4.1~~ Election announcement

The announcement of elections on 8th February 2024, immediately signalled political stability. This announcement was made in late November and very soon after that the MOUs were signed.

Investment cooperation discussed
Caretaker Prime Minister and President of UAE discussed global developments but most importantly, investment treaties pertaining to energy Sector, Port Operations Project, waste water treatment, Food security, Banking and Financial services and so on were signed on 27th November, 2023.

This bilateral meeting highlights the importance of political stability in Pakistan. It signals willingness of investors to invest in the region to lead to its sustainable economic recovery.

CRITICAL APPRAISAL & CONCLUSION

Here, foreign aid is more of an external factor that does hamper political Pakistan's sustainable economic recovery, however, political stability needs to be ensured first to make reform possible. Conditionalities such as raising budget and increasing tax net and reducing subsidy by IMF will also be better enforced if political stability is existent.

Question 4 - Population growth and socio-economic climate

Pakistan is the **fifth largest** country in the world in terms of population that continues to rise. Since inception, Pakistan's population growth has steadily risen. This is detrimental on many socio-economic fronts such as underutilised labour force, widening gender gap, health crisis, deteriorating urban development.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC CLIMATE

① Underutilised labour force

Because of massive population, much of the country's labour force remains underutilised in the workforce. Because rural areas witness more childbearing, the impoverished conditions hinder education acquisition and better employment.

The poverty line in the country has increased and as prominent economist Dr. Mahbub ul Haq said, 22 families possess all of Pakistan's wealth.

② Malnutrition

2.14 million children in Pakistan are malnourished according to the latest survey. Such a large number indicates the deteriorating

socio-economic climate.

(3) Gender Gap and Women's Health

Massive population results in widening gender gap at multiple fronts from low female enrolment rates to lack of adequate health facilities for women. Furthermore, 50% of the population are women and they are not fully representing or participating in economic affairs.

(4) Urban development at stake

The rise in Katchi Abadis is a signal call for the country to address its rapid population growth. It leads to congestion, air pollution, ~~etc~~ health problems and so on.

How Pakistan can effectively address population growth

(1) Case Study: China's One child Policy

The one child policy in China was very successful in tackling their population problem. Pakistan can apply this and keep a check on it to successfully curtail population.

(2) Awareness campaigns especially in rural areas

Such programs would be effective in educating people about the importance of controlled child bearing.

(3) Urban planning reforms

The redesign of cities and outstation centers would be an effective and innovative step to address population growth.

Conclusion - Pakistan has the potential to address its population growth

Through remedial measures taken, it is very much possible for Pakistan to address its population growth which will improve its socio-economic climate.

Rough work

The history of Muslim Nationalism underwent a subtle change after the Allahabad Address of 1930. Discuss how it helped in popularising the idea of a separate Muslim state

Assured
minorities
rights
no
no
no
rights for
sultan

Muslims get
their sep. state
just before
2 decades

6/ would
like to see
Punjab,

NWFP,
Sind &
Baluchistan
amalgamated
into a
single state.

Self-government
within the
British Empire,
or without,

the formation
of a consolidated
North-west
Indian Muslim
State

appears to
me the final
testimony of
Muslims
at least

of NW
India

First time the idea of a separate Muslim state in India emerged as promoted by the above words of Jinnah.

address is
imp landmark
in Pak hist

Proposed both short-term & long term solutions
separate

(i) A territory for Muslims

6 The life of Islam as a cultural force in this country

(ii) emphasised that free devt under the unitary govt. proposed by Nationalist Hindu ^{positions} countered ^{in the whole} communal dominance ^{India}

(ii) Underlined that prob. of India is international not national

— led to PTC and eventually. Could India Act 1947

Public
statement from
representative
platform

All the
leaders of
Pak movement
acknowledged

Jinnah's
contribution
such as
PAC

Q6. - National Integration?
Chief Constituents. How
national integration can
be achieved in Pak. Exp.

9/15

National Integration Def - backbone

Chief Constituents of National
Integration

- (i) Equal representation
of all provinces and
ethnic identities
- (ii) Inclusion of women
in the workforce
- (iii) No cultural exclusion
- (iv) participation of all
nationalities in political
affairs & governance

how...

- (i) Inclusive institutions
that involve stakeholders
in important govern. matters
- (ii) Public awareness regarding
unity in diversity
- (iii) Studies that promote
different cultures
- (iv) Statistical declaration of
the share of representation
of various groups

Q7. Pak's sustainable economic recovery is not linked w/ foreign aid but w/ its political stability. Discuss.

+ → pol. instab. has been rampant

→ Stock Exchange, ^{mlt}

Investments

Ease of Business

Continuation of policies hampered

mostly faced by
major
countries

Concl.

foreign aid is an ^{more of} external factor that happens in political stability is an internal requisite & the most immediate one to ensure sustainable econ recovery

Q4 - Since the emergence of Pak, pop growth has not been addressed. Underscore its effect on the country's socio-economic climate.

undutilised labour force.

malnutrition - health crisis

education gap. gender gap. 89%.

female enrolment rates spec. low.
Urban planning reforms
Big Katchhi Abadis

How Pak can address pop growth.

case study of - China's one child policy.