07.05.2 Shehsawar A. Zafar Pol. Sci. (II) ite Question no. 8.8 Introduction 1.5 dawn Pe Alter science Tho me was mad de was 142 nh RA mine an scie accord this was - Canadia SCR PDU America m utur R Background the star happeing in Events century predic coul itima trad normative on

Redefined Unit of Analysis: 1 LOIN! To make Political Science compate with pute science, it was hanis change noms mative rom 50 Graditions Scientific emperico stence, human "behavior" was declared -Ohe new SUS ana MM Concept 2 (Sa 5 7 4 -101111 The main features D. Hastm's concept given Bengvist 9 below: mon has Nam Regularization: Human behavior is i. science unitom with regulation SO 16 anan as while Science Stud ying poli 1124(13 iv. Verifiabil ne an De data & science verifico verifiabl 50 Kech cannot Be iRNI ye science iii. Technique: Since human behavior now regularized is also a

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(3) so the same techniques can verifiable than or 100 app scientific dete ene staticac analysis, deviation 2 description should be on se -ication : 11. Luant 4-5 lines matleast. ·er fiab analytice should be Values-free: V. 47 biaser rom and nom researcher scient Systematization: Research and Vi. should practice SUDI Science: Political Scien oure science anne a ie.s. mathematic cub chemist 1511 nearad nowledge 2.01 pol 1 hilosof Fronomics ana a studied b in

Advantages easil 3 now can lily ww. an napper the even This theory e ma 2. POLITIC Valuis comp nence Politica 3. underston V an other SUB uplines sience ec criticism SUCICR Dure Las Science ODS in POLA emphosizea 600 mi understa Science 0 behavior miman ra conditions an a m valies enm enson 10 Re 9 becau 200 researche met blases. DYRO could ier 1a Jom a 9 1.2 e (1) was

short answer. add more arguments. Conclusion Hence fte 7/20 cias one effort the Por Cubio Cel ON ily ce etud \$7 science pure Question no."2 Introduction nelodin politica saltens have been Differe the in 10006 Cour evolved thes ad suits their idna reeds and with matches Thorn Graditions. The peak fation POTUS sui two after 11 the se full form. potus e pm(uk Comparative Analysis comparison Main points are 01 given Form Govt 0 preside SIL

which HOS and HOG are persons, hence lenjoys govt m ame exec all itic powers UK: Here amenta onists power divi de HOS (monarch 7 MOG PM HOS HOG HOS HOG Same Executive powers: Executive powers ii. Legislature -Executive Relation Separat Powers US POTIO separate salure branch The legi Parliame 114 :1 DIRE to supremaco atar me a devi nence cannot thei m Views at. a CON gx. 644 31 . HOG HOS 4104 HOS US

iii. Elections 5511 US: Elected no mairerl PUBLIC. No one im. ftre UK HIDS the mor Eeder 10 thei the DYW 42 9 100 the ae 07 0 P mmm A as R D MA 1124Y 69 21 11 HO electoral college 1145 Symmony leader PO Viole from HOC PN 1 9 Confi dence **١**√. 50 as well no He rove his ask him Car one e the m ar ma tran 100 KING Sena 5

3 direct UK: Monarch can Pm the he to prove the CANY No ence: VO Responsi ((Collective and then Cind Power ETO Ti De V ise molinary 1 PKPK 115: OTUS san 13 1/15 Lock Pochet VETO NÉ 3 61 legislati certan a do HOC SU Veto hal and Power Ordinance Vi. issue CC . 4 an ord sime power certain Wence dogni UK: He HO nien with any Kind na Declaring War US: Congress War vii. reales deil 9 rp 9 poner D

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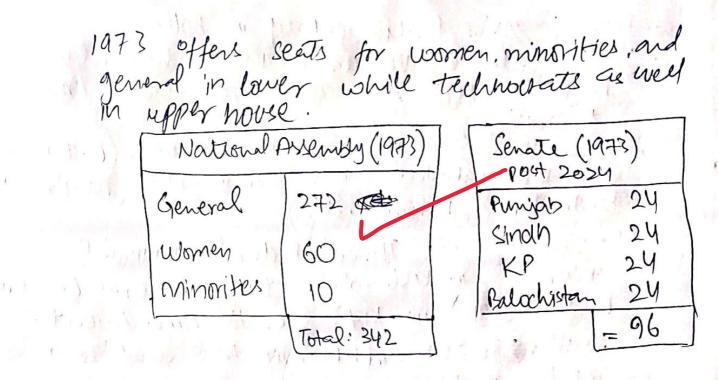
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apphara 104 Congress. 170 VIA UK: Monard makes these HOS-XI Foreign Relations US: n relations yei receives diplima treatiles angre Being the 10nam xii. Grantina Relie to Conv 10 pordon, 10 demency an tepy er 0 the milie DK. Thi ento the XIIII Summonina House 220 an Summon adjourn DAM 7 0 muses 1.1 5 No (un). bi HOGIN NU.D. Xiv. Gerry mander's 10.00 alast change

electroral districts to delimitations 6 electione favor OK. UK: NO tan such in tho Conclusion short conclusion. we have Alence en ta mean H improve the a paper presentation. (e 10/20 Question no -18 troduction: ratt Since Padistanis Independence. nas 1956, 1962 Hitrons, namel 15 une amer rischa amen th tice n antson is rigine CoPs of 1956 G Comparison - Form of State: Federation both. in

- Form of govi. Pauliamentary in both. - Nature of rederation: Weaver in 1955, while relatively Stronger in 1973 after write full stitutional Amendant titutional Amendant Act (2010). - Federating Units or Provisentences in 1956 (East Baugal and West Paliston) PITZ (Punyab, paragraphs. Smah, KP, and Balochistan - Legislative lists: Three (Federal, provincial, and concurrent) in 1956 while two (Federal Legislatic List I & II) in 1973 ger 18th Amendment. - Length: 23 234 articles in 1956 and 280 articles in 1972. - Principles of Policy: Absent in 1956 while present in 1973 (Articles 29-40). Basic Human Rights: Resent in both 1973 Republic: Head & faile clerted in both 8 to 28. Legislature Houses: Unicameral (House & People); attempt these points while bicameral (Pailiament) in 1973 by giving has upper house as small while love subheadings as National Assembly. Seats (Total): 310 in 1956 while 342 in 1973 constitution for tower, as for upper (96 por 2026) Distribution of seats: Party basis in 1956 generate while party for upper house and population for Lower nouse in (A great drawback) Women Province Population Represe General Ravine Gast Bengal 150 55'- 50% E. Bengal West Pak. 150 W. Pahirta 45% (1956 Seats)

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Executive

Since gout was Pachiamentary in both the executive powers were divided between the President (being the Head of state and the Rome Minister (being the Head of Govt).

Judiciary

Same structure of judiciary (supreme Court in Federal while ingh counts in each provinces) in both the constitution

Responsibilities and High Treason

Responsibilities: No declared responsibility in 1956 while in article 5 of 1973, these are intogality to the state 1(2) openience to republic.

High Treason: None in 1906 CoP while given in Article 6 of 1973 CoP as at an act of abbrogating the constitution. With an a

Islamic Provisions:

- Name (Official): Islamic Republic of Palistan in both. - Objective Resolution: Present in 19th, while made a substantial part of 1973 cop vide 8th And (19.85) in its protice 2A
- An Islamie Council: Present in soth, to bring the enciting laws in continuity with Islam (non-binding role). Renamed as CEI Council of Islamic Ideda

Exclusively in 1973

- . word "Muslim" defined in anticle 260(A) as believive in Prophet (PRUH) finality as well.
- · Annali & Lahone declared non muslims under article 260(8) via 2ng And · (1974).
- · Stall religim is stam in 917-2.
- . Art 62,63 for the character of pailiamentaise and MPAS.
- · federal sharat court, can stille down, existing laws if repugnant to Islam.
- · Non-muslim, cannot be a muslim. PM.
- · Other provisions as prohibition of riba, alcohol, facilitating citizens towards underst -andling Islam, consumptiopoor structure.

Center - Rovine Conflicts: Different bodies formed as Convite full paragraphs Interest (CCI), NEC, NFC Conclusion

Hence we have seen the differ 8/20 the CoP & Palistan; 1936 & 1973.

: Question no. "4" :-

Introduction

Turkey is an Asian country algred on the modern. It is a rather unique the the country that ils military is tasked with preserving the secular nature of the short introduction.

Origin of Role

1. In the fifth and the current constitution of Tuelley (1982), The first 3 articles are declared entrenched or unamendousle clauses and the military is tasked to potent these. These are

Article # 1: Stall of Tuelley shall be republic. Article # 2: Turkey shall be democratic, social, secular, and kemalist

Article #3: Terejtory, flag, language, and the Capital (Anhara).

Alence this responsibility is given by the current as well as the previous constitutions to the military to protect its basic mature

2 Under article # 148 of Turley's Military sules.

Reasons

Different reasons can be attributed as to why its military is entristed with this responsibility:

6 1. To retain the secular nature 7 Turkey as envisaged by its for attempt by 2. Weaker position of politic subheadings in Turkey In the post. In the past The fainding father (Attaturk, "Father of the Turks) was vinself a military figure. 3. Urage There have been 5' successful attempts by military in this regard (such as 1960, 1981, 1997 etc.) via coups of military memorandum There was also a failed coup attempt against Tayyip trologan in 2016. Advantages · It has kept a check that power doesn't go into the hands of handwore leaders, in form of reactionary leadership to resurrent them forgotten glory of Offorman Empire. " It keeps a check on gout to stary on the right path as envisaged by the founder. allo all inverting that all a Criticism . The motive and stance of the military is highly objectionable. During 1960 Gup, it sided with the liberal elements while it was with islamists during 1981 coup. Dn 1997, it only issued a military menusrandum.

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It is utterly entrary to the democracy and popular sovereignty It conveys a nostile mage & traditional Picture the country to the corel. Conclusion 1stavy Hoo Hence thru it's constrishort and incolplete answer. we have discussed 1the not properly addressed. discuss Turkish politics. the 2017 referendum and how the role of military has changed. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. us ' Overtion 5/20 Introduction China, or People's Republic of China (PRC), is a country in Asia which is among those howing seen a company communist revolution. Political system of china China possuse relevant ? of the unique features worst its politicalheadings. It has a single party system, and that runs parallel to its legislature. It's single party is world's second Langest political pairty (ofter India's BJP). Its legislatione and party-system is shown as: It also has borgans of got instead & 3.

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Chima Population (1.42B+) 1,1 Baty membership (95 M +) 11 11 11:01 National People's Congress National Congress CPC (2, 980)Central Committee of Standing Committee 1376 NPC (170) Politburo (25) 1 1 1 1 1 5 Standing Committee 1) Polithuno (7). and all all and a manual the Powers & Functions headings should be It's the central law. myself PRC ¥ (legislature) in her and explanatory. of It carries out legislations, begislative amendment and constitutional amendments as recommended the State Council or the National Congress of CPC (which gathers every 3 years gter the elections for this puppes It's the etucameral begislation of PRC + indirectly idented and 18 It controls the sudgeting, finances, and taxes of PRC the ministers. answerable to At, are

Unique Powers & Functions

- * It checks The constitutionality of the begislation, i.e., can judicially review it - while it is a judical task in other complex.
- * It dects and high state of joined e.g. President (also General-Secretary of CPC), the Premier (P.M.), Vice Premiers etc. 1
- * It can also dismiss the scale mentioned officials via vote of no powers in detail by subheadings the wighest crust

Standing Committee & NPC

It has allegated responsibilities from NPC and works when NPC is not in session. It's strength is 170 members. It short answer · Interpret law (narial). and not · Summer Congress' Sersion (executi structured. Supervice the functioning fate courts et attempt a 20 Controls Army that CMC. marks conclusion question on 7-9 sides of Hence we have seen the unique powers a page. National Congress (lesistature). 5/20

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