"PART 2" Q3 Populetion growth causes depletion of netural tartitivith the introduction of Countriet nie one of the most forward countriet nie of the most for the previous Census in 2017, Pekisten has 220 million People. And Pekisten nos 2-1. growth rate anully of Population which is a grave onistential surgert for Pekisten Moreover, abundance in population leads to resource depletion with tremendous Depletion of Natural desources: Population explosion is a flyest for the economy and for the Natural resources. endreme not weedner, we nove carcity of water and we experienc oughts as well. Fus her more, desorgestation sol prosion and floods are encephating the Problems Another Serious alixed is of wheat. Pakitten being an agragion country, still we are not producing enough what for our regule and the resson is that Pakistan's featile buds is age converted to nousing facieties and Ther forming for practices are being done on it. Apast from wer and wheat, we see abouting decrese in our Hat Pekistan has lost 63 ha 63 face cover. The faces are used for

furniture Paper and many more products. But DISCUSSION PUNISTROPHIN our cosbon sinks, trees work like marde it. unforfunction, we are fulfitting and Short SWDPERCHPOS long tem dengeosis dust will nount is in futur more Remedies a for population growth and natural resource protection: Pakistan needs several strategies to control its population growth and its natural Engramment. Some Possible remedies are: Family planning: Do Planning. This will aduce the population and subsequently, our demond for consumption of natural resources would also decreese. water conservation planning: 2 water is life; water is neccessary for survival. So we need to use loss Joseph water and preserve it for the futur generation Some concrete steps to conserve water are: Pour water howestry, building small water brownges, pootecting lakes and doip water majorion 848 tomo Reforestation: existing forest over on protect our natural resources and hope in fighting climate dange. Ronewell energy: in import of Gabon hydrocorbons. Pakistan

Short and incomplete Should Stop as Silve It and invest the money on greenwebs energy saurces to prosect the environment from greenhouse gas emissions.

Sustainable growthm:

Adams the provide from productive years seeds to partice more for the pulsion of polyston. In this more for the pulsion of particles. Pakiston. In this monner, we prosent our natural resources and for our population. Thus, Pallistan on Tuge population is not a good sign. It leads to population selection of COPI Capacity Stopping in Significant in the control of the contr Renewable energy.

Cong previoling energy and water ongs. No doubt, Pakisten's Political chites are not adolarssing these issues, they ever just pakisten has has long history of energ and water coisis. Further, these two issues led to Social and elemmic unvest in the country. Mostly, these crises are attributed to lack of political will and stretgic planning. Energ (DISIS: We are witnissing it of for many decades. Frequent govercuts are the new norm. The Primary reason of fnersy onsis 18 blooming in teams of population but aux electricity generation against is not upgraded, which regults in power outages.

This Problem is due to lack of must mail In energy sector by our governments.

Overselience on fossil fuels. This parkular Shortwand a Worken - the Situation of bad policies and back of political will Pokisten nes reservirs Pof fresh water but still p Pekisten is begging hourt

ACCOLORS CHARLES SKILLED 182 Fund

Protection to cogniculture the part of and on the control of the co Oles Still near most of country of the country of t Effective iggigation systems. One to the failure Salar Pole Estro Part of the Country is mevitable. So, 6 every and water on 318 in Pakisten is due to fat lack of political will and Planning. Moreover, the governuts Jailuse to muest in egoicultus sector, investing in execut of generation hunds of Pakisten. Actions are required to be I ellen and government must invest in the offerementiand projects for the better Julure of Pekisten. US-Led was against terrorm and 96 referensime on pakisten.

Ans. The US-lad Mot WoT, which Stepted in cory 2000's was to aliminate the floor of global terrorismo However, this very conflict had a fex-reaching Elect and long term depercussions, specifically for Pekisten. Short-team repeacussions Short fear defeatissions were quick and we saw it within days. The inflow of Afghan migrands were way too much, infact fley were in million? (UNIHCR). Fugthermore, wish miggets come ruge responsibilty cubact flow sessling we ful them in amperful we Saw a vise in stoed coince and position extremist ideology spoliferest . moreover, Pakisten faced terrorist affects fleurly in Peshawar. Polisteni teliban Pooliferedol in other cities of Pakistan which was a student to nestioned Security. In short term reflexations, we saw economic impacts our foreign regerves were only \$1.6 bn in 2001. Furthermore, our sour, In prolighty Suffered because of terronism in Pekisten. And to counter terronom, Pakisten had to spend on military more rather than education or hoth Long-torm repealusion: The long-term consequences were also greve for & Pakiston. The flen resident of US soud to Pekisteni counte port "with us or against US." Pakisten Just no choice but to became a non-nato ally of US. But this very step mound Peksteni Society and division in

Sectation conflicts arose at around in Pakistan. Pakistani were not in favor of soming this was and this caused anti-Amer; an Sentiments. Moreover, we saw till 2018, Alle refuse soblem in Pakisten which repusackal Pokisten resources. Some coase bounds Jobbloms for Pekisten are as well. The relation with prenistan deterioretal and border clocks also aros with India. However, this was negled Pokisten as well. We saw our molinetion towards chima grew and we distant ourselves from US. Witnesong "China Pokuston Economic Corplor."

nus, US-lad were on leggos had short and loss team reflercusions on Pakisten in tear of scally and economically The conflict miseson reflyees problem, Pakistan Suffered a lot nationaly and internationaly. Pakistan towaism industry was hit here and deliptus issus arose. But it also led to a shift in regional power alynamics. History of the evolution of the democretic 25, System of Pekisten. The The evolution of the democretic Ans Exten of Pekisen nes had a history of Polisical metability, week plannings and were with India. The country domocracy begain in 1947 and it was declared a secular demany by quaid-1-Azam; but nis vision was not fulfiled.

The first constitution was adopted in 1956, it established a parlimentary gystem of gavernment with Poime sumister our head of the bicameral legisleture. But at that I political instability and week marketime an't pere uby for Parliamentry for I government inashermon alle cour country for coup occurred in 1968 a decrole. The Second Problem was that when Pekisten held finst democratic elections, which resulted in the Sevor of Awami league in Eggt Pekistan. So Pakistan engulfal in Palitical Congis again and as a result, we last our eastern flonk eventually becoming Bongladesh. Howeve, in West Pekisten PPP formed government but in 1972, Zulfikar Ali BHutto, was overturaun by a milestery GUP. The miletest dictator general elections were held a formal a
new constituen which establed Presendential
System of governments respite "redurn to
democracy ofter a vilual death the democratic institutions remained wealt, and political instability continues. The country Saw several dismissals of elected governuts including in 1993 and 1999. In 2008. the people of Pakisten witnessed a peachel tognisation of paver and it was a milestone m country? democretic nigtory. Parliamoutry domocray has stougled to take not m Pakisten but due to weak institution

and Political metablety and militery curps refrained Pakiston from activity it. achieung it. So m 2008 the PPP government come into power and in 2010, the Eighteenth Amendment was fossabl Attempt by giving headings and attempt each question on 1-9 sides uniliterally, turn of along from a semi-Presidentiel do a prolimentoy from 67 government.
In conclusion, Paksian dace towards Parlimentry democray has been tivesome character gal by Political instability, week domocoestic institutions and miletary wife. However, with a lot of effort, Pokusten become the peoliementoy democracy in 2010, which is a huge success for 12/18/2m.