QUESTION # 04

ANSWER

INTRODUCTION:

Pakistan is facing to unprecendent amount of chatlenges in the various sectors of economy. The poor policies in the form field of tax revenue, export, debt serving, energy coisis and many other provide cornerstone for the problems Pakustan 1s facing in the domain of economy. The fore most oxoblem due to which Pakistan is at the Verge default is decling foreign reserves by and by. The can be illustrated by \$3B only in current account of the State. Another problem the country is toying to cope up is import based economy. Pakistan's export have been subsided past few year due to wearing off many large-scale manufactory industries, bussinesses and multi-national companies The famous oil company "Shell" has announced to shut its services in the country on 15-6-2023. There are many problems in the Pakistan which Impose threat to the collapse of economy in SALMAN

PERFORMANCE ROBLEMS EXPANDARY DEBT: Tust few years of after the establishment of Pakistan, it faced many economic political and security threat due to which it end up taking huge loans. But the story doesn't end here, the country kept on getting loans and debt from multi-lateral and Bilateral Tenders. The dire need to revise the 9th review of IMF due in June 2023 is just another side of loin-Instead of focussing on long-term policies to stabilize self-dependent economy, Pakistan shows great interest in getting loans. The poor performance in debt serving can be seen demonstrated by the secent talk of finance minister of Pakistan, in which he give a clue for the "Restouchure of Debt" for the bilateral lenders. Eventhough, Pakistan has allocated 60% of its budget on debt, but considering the fading economy of the country, It is impossible for the state to Vature the debt or in due time. highlight the references. also add the source for facts/statistics.

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| |
| -> INCREASING TRADE DEFICIT: |
| Pakistan eronomy is not an |
| export based economy, due to which many sectors |
| |
| fells agriculture and health, p in the field of agriculture, |
| health, production sector and many other, totally |
| depend on imports. The major import of Pakistan is |
| trydopearbons (oil and gas). Due to Global economic |
| circle, the price-tike of hydrocarbons throws Pakistan's |
| economy in the abyss. It is not able to purchase hydro- |
| Carbons without support of other countries and lender. |
| The performance to cope up increasing trade defect |
| in unappreciable. Pakistan keep increasing its imports |
| without keeping an eye on fading export domain in |
| the country. |
| |
| -> POOR TAX* POLICIES: |
| Pakistan has very poor tax collection |
| system, due to which the Tax: GDP ratio is decreased |
| day by day. The economy of Pakaston is not |
| documented, accounted and transparent. No any |
| accountability for the tax evaders. The greatest tax |
| evasion occurs in the field of agriculture, where |
| feudals and lordlords do not pay tax, Second comes |
| |

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| performance of different sectors??? |
| CHALLENGES: |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Edminonia Collabora |
| -> ECONOMIC COLLAPSE |
| With only \$3B in the national |
| reserves, without any support from other countries. |
| and tender, Pakistan is at the verge of economic |
| default. Keeping the view of economic exists, pressure |
| of IMF to change politics, political unstability, the |
| major challenge for the Pakistan at this time is |
| to satisfy the International monetary fund to |
| bailout its 9th xeview of \$1.1B to the country. |
| Otherwise Pakistan's economy do not see light at |
| the end of tunnel. |
| |
| - GLOBAL INFLATION: |
| Russian- Ukrain war and the COVID-19 |
| pandemic poses a great threat for the world economy. |
| Due to which, world saw unprecedent global |
| inflation. Its after effects can be seen by 38%. |
| of inflation in May 2023 in Pakistan, which is |
| |
| highest in 76 years. The hydrocarbons Coll and |
| gas) on which most of countries economy de |
| short and incomplete answer. were seen record-breaking price surge |
| not properly structured and answered pan of time. This is major |
| challenge for Pakietan to combat Global inflation. |
| a 20 marks qs should have 15-20 arguments/subheadings. 5/20 |
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| | VTRODUCTION: | - |
| | Pakidan was made on the | |
| | egy of Jelamic principles, but the govern | me |
| | n evas established to the form of democr | all |
| | tan's evolution of democratic system has | |
| | a volles condex side, with vecurrent storehip and pupper democratic vulers. | - |
| | world particularly Pakistan is facing | |
| | y challenger to surtain the Lemocratic | |
| syste | on on the country. These challenges start | |
| aher | Pakistan faced its first deliberated | |
| | to over rule democracy almost a de | |
| , | the establishement. This was followed | |
| | three more attempt which exoded the essence of democratic system in | e_ |
| | Pakistan. | |
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| → | 88th AMMENDMANT 1. |
| | in 2007, after the governme |
| | of Pakistan, the country breathed a sigh of |
| | relief and worked for the preservation of |
| | democracy to this context, then government |
| • | Pakistan People's Party address the need for the |
| | chance to example the democracy and the |
| | to the Prime minister hold in the Government. |
| | Eeightho ammendment is the applaudable |
| | step toward the sustaining the democracy is |
| | the country. |
| | J |
| | CHALLENGES FOR DEMOCRACY |
| | |
| - | NON- REPRESENTATIVE INTERVENTIONS: |
| | Pakistan's democracy has been |
| | found many challenges, among them non-demo |
| | Interventions is the major one, due to which |
| | the political system of Pakistan is collapsing |
| | day by day. Democracy is the result of |
| | begging and smoothing is the result of |
| | people's opinion and their will for the bett |
| | of country. But the deliberated intervention |
| - | and dictation from non-representative entit |

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| | |
| | is a class for the tr |
| | The challenge of the transparency of democracy. |
| | The challenge the notional coverignity and security under threat on Global level. |
| | securify under threat on Global level. |
| | |
| \rightarrow | POLITICIANS YOTE - SELLING: |
| | The vote-selling of representitives |
| | in any democratic system of world is a |
| | threat to the transparency of the democracy. and |
| • | People who are the cultimate selectore in democr- |
| | -atic system participate in elections to select |
| | their representatives, in who will work for their |
| | progression. But unfortunately many third world |
| | |
| | Countries especially Paleistan sees vote-buying |
| | and vote-selling by politicians to undermine |
| | national interest and take their own favours |
| 14 | and advantages. |
| | add examples/referernces to substantiate your arguments. |
| \rightarrow | IMPERIALISM: |
| | The developed countries especially |
| 5/20 | north of west, chains post-colonial countries and |
| | third world states by the ropes of economics |
| | political and social impacts. The world has seen |
| | major political coups supported by imperialists |
| | A to 1 the democratic senten al |
| | |
| | Type text here SALMAN |
| | Type text here global challenges?? |
| | not properly answered/ |

| | $\Omega_{11} = 0$ |
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| | QUESTION # 02 |
| | ANSWER: |
| | |
| | INTRODUCTION: |
| | |
| | Pakistan get its independance |
| <i>y</i> • | on 14 august 1947 after a long struggle |
| | and battle against the bothish and Hinders |
| | of Sub-Confinent. It was established on |
| | the Islamic Ideology that Soveregnity belongs |
| | of Almighly Allah. This stonggle for a |
| | Saperate muslim state started with the |
| | "Two Nation Theory" of SIV Syed Almed Khor |
| | He addressed the cultural religious socia |
| | differences between Mulims and Hindus, w |
| | later results in the saperation of sub-long |
| | n Mulin's state "Pakistan and Hindelnis sto |
| | "India". This two nation theory was later |
| | supported by Allama Gbal and Quaid-e- |
| | in the political battle for the independent |
| | mulin state. |

IDEOLOGY OF PAKISTAN:

Auge Min

baliefs of a community based on combined approach of thoughts is called as Ideology Pakislan's Ideology depends on basic principles of Islam, which states:

"Soverignty Belonge to Alterighty Allah."

This is mentioned in the preamble of the constitution of Pakistan to emphasize the impostance of Islamic beliefs for the establishment of State.

This was provided after a long struggle to get a soverign state for mixtims where they can practice their religion feely and preach Islamic without any harm.

TINO- NATION THEORY

traced long ago at the time of "Al-besuri" who caid that a mailim and Hindus are like superate different rivers, which can sometimes touch but moves morge, each following its own course."

(Al-Hind)

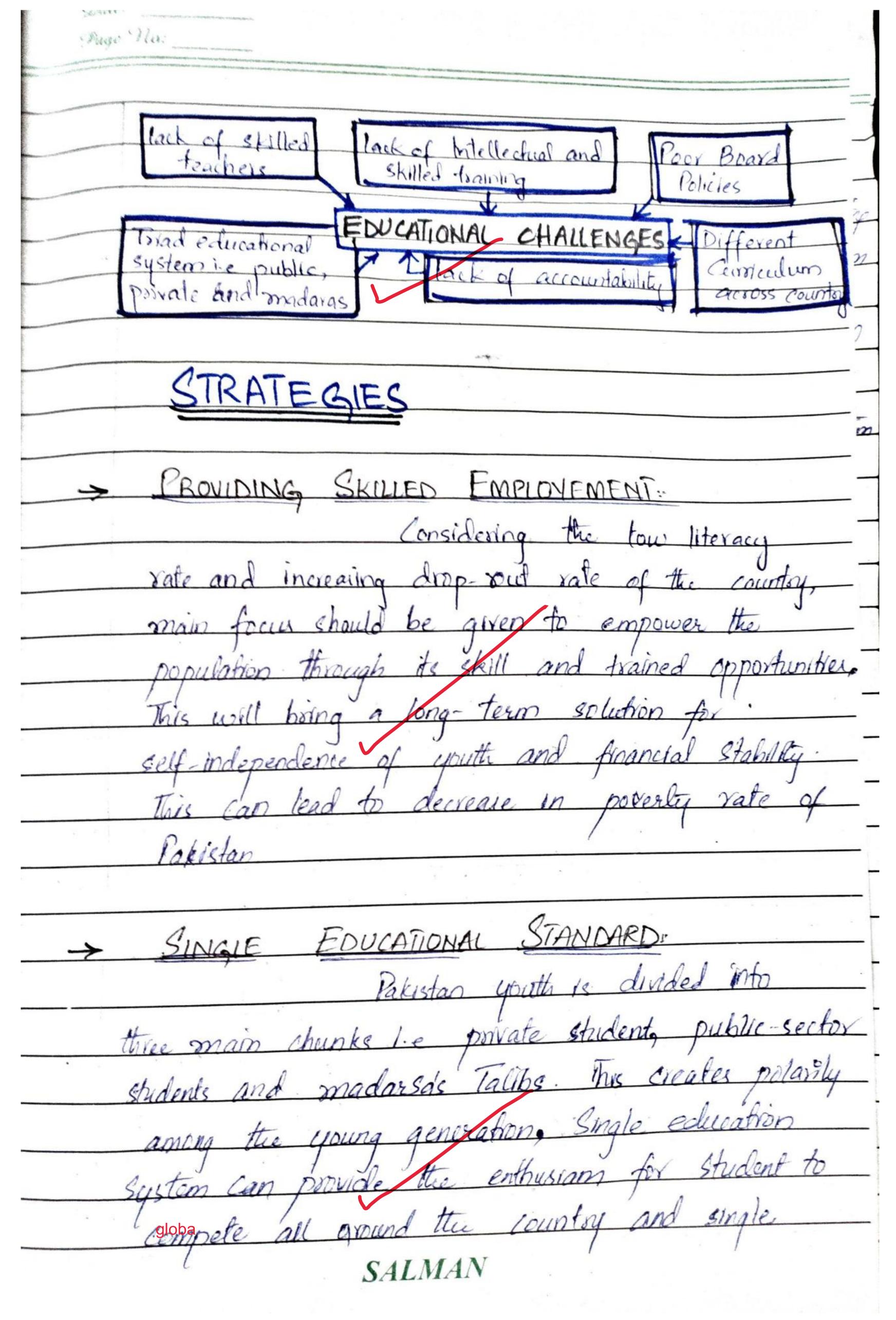
SALMAN

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| | muslim state on one occasion he |
| | emphasized the existance of Indian muslime |
| | as saperate mation. |
| | Mulime and Hondas are religiously, |
| | neither inter mingle inter dine nor inter- |
| | marry and indeed they belong to two |
| | superate different civilizations" |
| | He was among the politicians |
| | who paved path for Paleistan, which |
| | for mulin nation |
| 4/20 | Just marin marion |
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| | QUESTION # 06 |
| | ANSWERS: |
| | MANAGES 1. |
| | INTRODUCTION: |
| | Pakes on a |
| | throughout its hictory, but the poverty and |
| | education are most understated and unfocused. |
| | Due to huge inevening inflation in the country |
| | and riving unemployment, many people are pushed |
| | below the poverty line. The effete and emided. |
| | Educational institution further made Pakistan's |
| | population and economy to the walled walls. |
| | The recent Hatistics of Pakistan Economic foour |
| | 38% of inflation imposes threat to improvished |
| | people. The Educational poor performance can be |
| | Seen by around 60%. literacy rate of the |
| | country. The secent budget announced in June |
| | 2023 by government of Pakistan allocated ANTOWN |
| 27 | and on education against the authorities |
| | Standardized by United Nations - |
| | |

SALMAN

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| | |
| -> | POVERTY: |
| | Pakislan's sising inflation and |
| | unemployment rate is increasing poverty var |
| | in the country day by day. After Pandem |
| | of cond-19, many people lost their jobs. |
| | But Pakidan seems to increase the employment |
| | rates part few years. Despite of this, huge |
| | Nation of Pakistan's population is under Still |
| | under living under poor conditions and facile |
| | They don't have bank facilities to provide |
| | daily commoditives for their families. |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| → | EDUCATION: |
| | The educational system of Pakistan |
| , | is devoid of intellectual & skilled training, This |
| | make educated youth to struggle for job |
| | oppostunities on international platforms. Pakstan |
| | faces many Challenger in the field of educat |
| | such as poor Board policies, tack of Skilled |
| • | teachers, poor curriculum, different education |
| 1 | Standards, lack of accountability in material |
| | and deficient educational facilities available |
| | In Halor Country. |
| | e causes of problems in these two sectors and their impacts. |



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| - Fage 100. | |
| | standard of educational curriculum can enhance the productivity of young lot. |
| · · | PPPOINTMENT OF SKILLED TEACHERS |
| | Allocation of teachers in Pakistan K exoded and sub-standard. They are provided with less facilities, salaries and |
| | veusurds, which is the season the poor and unskilled population prevail in educational system. Itself teachers should be ensiched |
| | with favours and rewards with respect to their assement and progress. Recent instrative taken by Sindh Government for Vicence alox |
| | teachers is appreciatable as this will give opportunity for young, enthusiastic teachers to take care of physical, mental and |
| | them in best possible way. In Turken |
| | parsed few years this can be illustrated |
| | Strong educational policies in the Country. They impose teachers to teach at low- Standarized areas or screen once or hvice in |
| | · ILUSTE III |