

Q:3

Ans//

The theories of International Relations has been divided in terms are approaches and theories. Basically the Epistemology is the study of Methods, approaches will be followed by it and ontology is the study of Knowledge, theories will be followed by it. While these are divided into types

These are divided into two types.

- (i) Narrow view
- (ii) Broader View

(i) Narrow View:

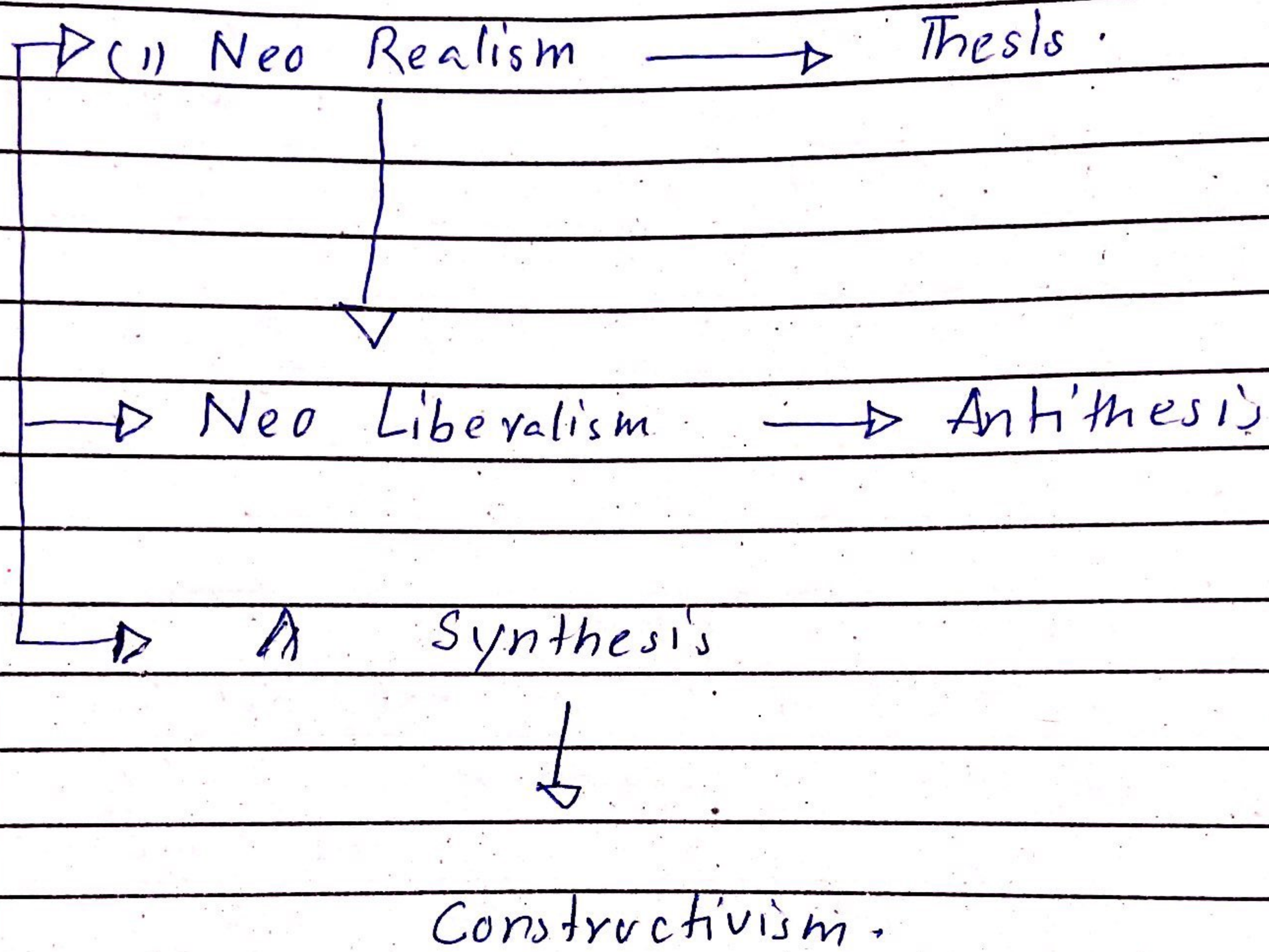
On the level of International Relation there is only one significant Actor that is state. It is the concept relationship among the states. The relationship among the states is called the politics. so Basically the Narrow view app is on state level. Furthermore, it is classified into some theories which are basically on state level.

Classification :-

There are three Paradigm of International Relations.

- (i) Neo-Realism
- (ii) Neo-Liberalism
- (3) Constructivism.

Neo Realism is basically a thesis and Neo Liberalism is the Anti-thesis of Neo Realism. While these both have synthesis that is Constructivism.



This is called the Narrow School which is on state level.

2) Broader view:

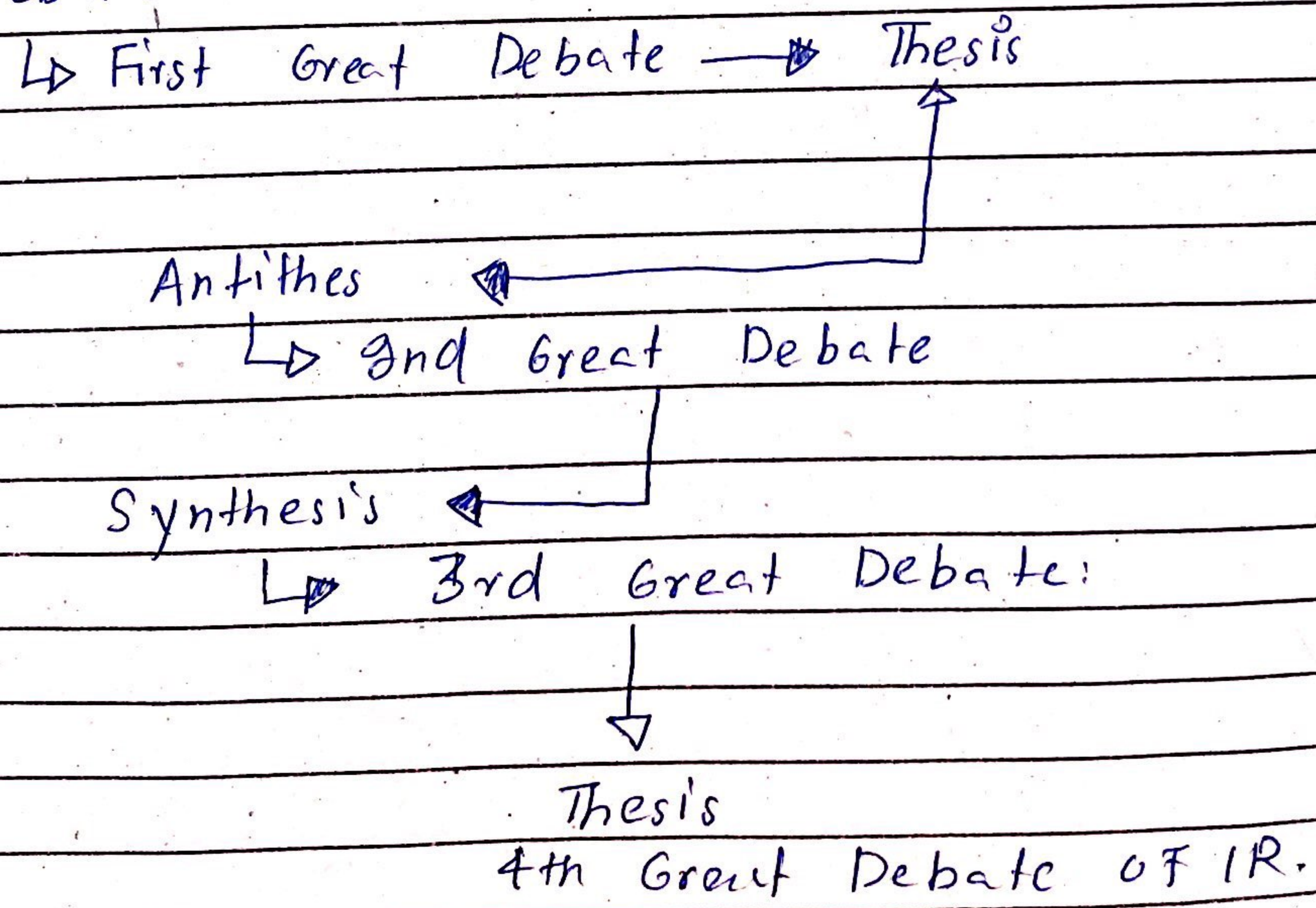
While IR is not only the study of relation between states. It is the study of state and Non state. If have proper theories, proper approaches that may be individual, MNC's

on the level of society with respect to sociological, economical and political dimension etc.

These approaches consist on Debates. There are main 4 debates of IR. Basically these are thesis, antithesis, and synthesis of every approach. these are discussed following:

- (1) First Great Debate IR
- (2) 2nd Great Debate IR
- (3) 3rd Great Debate IR
- (4) 4th Great Debate IR

The Flowchart / diagram is follow:
Debates:



(1) First Great Debate of IR:

The First Great Debate of IR came in 1920-1930. Basically it is based on individual level. On the leaders action, human, specific speeches and argument of leaders that are counted in 1st Great Debate. It is classical Debate. Known as Traditionalism. It is a basically the role of leaders when their role is comparing with the old/previous leaders. The main theory of 1st Debate is Classical Realism and classical Idealism.

(2) 2nd Great Debate:

The 2nd Great Debate came in 1950. It is a basically develop methodology which is used to identify the behaviourism, scientism, scientific and Revolution these are approach of it.

(3) 3rd Great Debate:

The third Great Debate came in 1960 to 1970. It is a basically level. It is basically consist of Positivism, Functionalism, structuralism which is known as Neo Debate; while it have 2 main theories: Neo Realism and Neo Liberalism.

(4) 4th Great Debate:

It is basically came in 1990's onwards.

It is a basically society level means any actor of International of Society.

For examples: Multinational companies, NGO's, Media civil, society, state individual etc.

The main approach of it Post Positivism, post Functionalism and Post Structuralism.

People called it post-truth. Its main theories are Constructivism, Post modernism, Critical theory, and Feminism.

Some theories of 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Debates

Classical Realism! (1st Debate)

Any human's being the power of negative orientation that is called classical Realism.

Classical Idealism (1st Debate):

Any role of leader that is cooperative, and positive that is classical Idealism.

Neo Realism! (3rd Debate)

The military oriented of states, war oriented, power oriented policies of states is Neo-Realism.

(2) Neo Liberalism (3rd Debate)

The cooperation, phase, diplomacy, Int: organization etc called on state level that is called Neo-Liberalism.

Constructivism:

On the level of state & sub state elements, on state any institution. that is Constructivism.

Post Modernism:

The Role of Media is Post Modernism

Critical Theory:

Wherever the criticism on capitalism system discussed the critical theory is followed.

Conclusion:-

So the theories and approaches are divided in broader and narrow view, specifically some theories are applied on international state level and some are non state level, only epistemology and theory is applied in International Relations.

Q: 6

Ans 11

Introduction:

The western world has tried to extend its imperialism influence to central Asia Global center. America is uni-polar, now a days a Russia and china is growing up Fast. While western world has always used interference in the internal issues of other south Asian Region. First the US started a/11 operation about in. WOT (war on terrorism) in Afghanistan. But US has left the Afghanistan in 2022. But US have made relation with India. The west want disturbance and economical development of China. While China is growing up Fast and soon may it enter into unipolar world order,

China's Cooperation: Agreement:

On the 25th April 2019 the agreement was signed between the China and India for the 25 years next, its worth is 400 billion dollars. In this agreement China will give to Iran conventional weapons, missile technology Aerial command and control. Iran will payment in the currency Yuan. while in return Iran will share its 6% fixed interest rate will give crude Oil to China for the next 25 years. while China's cooperation agreement

were signed with Algeria, Egypt and Iran and UAE, and Saudi Arabia.

Trade & Investment in Arab Countries:

In March, 2022 Arab League foreign minister in Cairo praised China's efforts to peacefully resolve conflicts. China and countries made bilateral trade partnership about \$330 billion in 2021.

Making Ports in KSA & UAE:

China is making ports and infrastructure and currently working on BRI. China wants free trade between the Arab countries. If these projects will be mapped China will be more economical powerful.

Restoration of Saudi Arabia - Iran Ties.

China had played big role in this. Now KSA and Iran will build good relation. While China is oil importer of these both countries.

The Agreement will be mapped within two months by reopening and diplomatic mission b/w the KSA & Iran. China's role in this agreement the deal announcement on March 10, 2023

Investments in Gulf Ports:

Chinese investment in Gulf ports countries, ports and infrastructure

were about 877 billion China is building their dominant position in the middle east.

China's Investment in Iraq:

China's working project is Chinese Dragon's Project BRI which is based on 11 pearl and 6 roads. China has invested \$10.5 billion in 2021 BRI Project. and energy project in Iraq.

China's policy vs US:

While China is only focusing on their project it is not focusing on the conflicts like South Asia ^{China sea} region in which US interfereing and doing military exercises there along with the India. China is just ignoring these the burning issues of South Asia China sea, and race force technology. and economic influence. These both countries focus on their internal and development issues. Facing and resolving global warming, Ukraine war pandemic.

Conclusion:

As China is developing day by day working on its BRI projects, working and trade in the Middle East it has raised the economic development for the China. China interaction with the middle east has grown substantially. More than 10 years China's

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trade with ~~USA~~ Middle East surpassed the USA. while China have involved 21 gu Arab countries in the BRI project. More ever their trade and business will be through BRI project with Arab countries.

Q 18

Ans

(1)

Introduction:

(2)

Ukraine Russia - War

(3)

Defining Uni Polar Order

(4)

Economic sanction against Russia.

(5)

US security cooperation with Ukraine.

(6)

Balance of Power: power transition,

a) Friend of enemy is enemy:

b) A/c to Neo Realism

c) Peace and conflict - way forward

(7)

Conclusion:

(15)

Q. 2

An

1) Introduction:-

Level of Analysis:

a) Individual level

ie:-

b) state level

c) society level

d) Global level

2) Russian Invasion Ukraine:

3) Soft imperialism of China

4) South China dispute:

5) Conclusion:-